ORDINANCE 2022 - 06 - 23 - 0531

AUTHORIZING THE ACCEPTANCE OF TWO U.S. TREASURY EMERGENCY RENTAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS FROM BEXAR COUNTY AND APPROVING AMENDMENTS TO THE INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT WITH BEXAR COUNTY FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF EMERGENCY HOUSING ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.

* * * * *

WHEREAS, on April 23, 2020, City Council approved, through Ordinance 2020-04-23-0277, the creation of the City's COVID-19 Emergency Housing Assistance Program ("EHAP"). The EHAP provides rental, mortgage, and utility assistance to eligible applicants affected by the economic consequences of the COVID-19 pandemic and is administered by the Neighborhood and Housing Services Department ("NHSD"); and

WHEREAS, on June 17, 2021, City Council passed Ordinance 2021-06-17-0446 approving an Interlocal Grant Agreement with Bexar County (ILA) in the amount of \$5,500,000.00 from U.S. Department of the Treasury ("Treasury Department") Emergency Rental Assistance under the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2020 (ERA1) grant funds for the administration of Bexar County's Emergency Rental Assistance Program to issue direct payments to residents living outside the San Antonio city limits, but within Bexar County with emergency rental assistance under the EHAP; and

WHEREAS, on November 18, 2021, City Council passed and approved through Ordinance 2021-11-0873 an amendment to the ILA for an additional \$4,400,000.00 from the Treasury Department's Emergency Rental Assistance grant program under the 2021 American Rescue Plan ERA2) administered by the City to Bexar County residents through the EHAP; and

WHEREAS, on February 17, 2022, City Council passed and approved through Ordinance 2022-02-17-0111 another amendment to the ILA, attached hereto as **Attachment I**, adding \$3,800,000.00 in Treasury Department (ERA2) grant funds for rental assistance from Bexar County for the City's administration of the EHAP; and

WHEREAS, on March 1, 2022, NHSD closed the EHAP application portal, however there remain applications that were pending payment before the portal was closed; and

WHEREAS, on April 29, 2022, the City launched the new Housing Assistance Program ("HAP"), which is intended to continue to provide emergency rental and relocation assistance to residents within the City of San Antonio; and

WHEREAS, Bexar County wishes to provide to the City an additional \$364,102.00 in ERA2 grant funds to provide rental assistance for residents that currently have applications pending under the EHAP who reside within Bexar County but outside the city limits, and up to \$6,000,000.00 to support the HAP, conditioned upon approval by Bexar County's Commissioner's Court, by

JYW 06/23/2022 Item No. 42

providing emergency rental assistance to residents within Bexar County, both within and outside the city limits; and

WHEREAS, City staff recommends amending the existing agreement with Bexar County to add the additional \$364,102.00 in ERA2 funds for emergency rental assistance under the EHAP for residents that live outside the city limits and within Bexar County, and up to \$6,000,000.00 in ERA2 funds, conditioned upon approval by Bexar County, for emergency rental assistance under the HAP for residents that live both inside and outside the city limits and within Bexar County; and

WHEREAS, it is the desire of the City Council to approve staff's recommendation to accept the additional ERA2 funds from Bexar County and to amend the existing agreement with Bexar County to allow the City to provide emergency rental assistance to residents within the City and outside the city limits but within Bexar County. NOW THEREFORE:

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SAN ANTONIO:

SECTION 1. The City Council hereby authorizes the acceptance of Three Hundred Sixty-four Thousand, One Hundred Two Dollars and 00/100 (\$364,102.00) in U.S. Treasury Emergency Rental Assistance ("ERA2") grant funds for emergency rental assistance from Bexar County for the City's administration of the COVID-19 Emergency Housing Assistance Program ("EHAP") to assist residents of Bexar County who reside outside the city limits.

SECTION 2. The City Council hereby authorizes the acceptance of up to Six Million Dollars and 00/100 (\$6,000,000.00) in U.S. Treasury Emergency Rental Assistance ("ERA2") grant funds for emergency rental assistance from Bexar County, conditioned upon approval by Bexar County Commissioner's Court, for the administration of the City's Housing Assistance Program ("HAP") to assist residents of Bexar County who reside both inside and outside the city limits.

SECTION 3. The City Manager or his designee is authorized to execute an amended agreement with Bexar County for the administration of emergency rental assistance as directed in this Ordinance, and to negotiate and execute any and all other necessary documents associated with the City's administration of the EHAP and HAP including contracts, subawards, and contract amendments to implement and administer the programs.

SECTION 4. Upon acceptance of this award, Internal Order 157000009008, Fund 2105700002 entitled "US Dept of Treasury Emergency Rental Assistance", is hereby designated for use in the accounting for the fiscal transaction, upon which the award amount not to exceed \$364,102.00 will be appropriated in said fund. A formal final budget which will include Internal Order numbers and General Ledger numbers will be submitted by the department upon receipt.

SECTION 5. Upon acceptance of this Ordinance, a new fund and internal order number will be created, upon which the award amount up to \$6,000,000.00 will be appropriated from U.S. Treasury. A formal final budget which will include Internal Order numbers and General Ledger numbers will be submitted by the department upon receipt.

JYW 06/23/2022 Item No. 42

SECTION 6. The financial allocations in this Ordinance are subject to approval by the Deputy Chief Financial Officer, City of San Antonio. The Deputy Chief Financial Officer may, subject to concurrence by the City Manager or the City Manager's designee, correct allocations to specific SAP Fund Numbers, SAP Project Definitions, SAP WBS Elements, SAP Internal Orders, SAP Fund Centers, SAP Cost Centers, SAP Functional Areas, SAP Funds Reservation Document Numbers, and SAP GL Accounts as necessary to carry out the purpose of this Ordinance.

SECTION 7. This Ordinance is effective immediately upon the receipt of eight affirmative votes; otherwise, it is effective ten days after passage.

PASSED AND APPROVED this 23rd day of June, 2022.

M A Y O R
Ron Nirenberg

ATTEST:

Debbie Racca-Sittre, City Clerk

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Andrew Segovia, City Attorney

City of San Antonio

City Council A Session Meeting June 23, 2022

42.

2022-06-23-0531

Ordinance authorizing an amendment to the Interlocal Grant Agreement with Bexar County to add two grant amounts including \$364,102.00 and up to \$6,000,000.00 in U.S. Treasury Emergency Rental Assistance (ERA2) grant funds for rental and utility assistance. [Lori Houston, Assistant City Manager; Veronica Garcia, Interim Director, Neighborhood & Housing Services]

Councilmember Rocha Garcia moved to Approve on the Consent Agenda. Councilmember Castillo seconded the motion. The motion carried by the following vote:

Aye:

Nirenberg, Bravo, McKeeRodriguez, Viagran, Rocha Garcia, Castillo, Cabello

Havrda, Pelaez, Courage, Perry

Absent:

Sandoval

JYW 06/23/2022 Item No. 42

ATTACHMENT I

STATE OF TEXAS	§	INTERLOCAL GRANT AGREEMENT FOR
	§	THE DISTRIBUTION OF ERA 2 FUNDS FOR
COUNTY OF BEXAR	§	RENTAL ASSISTANCE

THIS INTERLOCAL GRANT AGREEMENT FOR THE DISTRIBUTION OF ERA 2 FUNDS FOR RENTAL ASSISTANCE (hereinafter referred to as the "Agreement") is made and entered by and between the COUNTY OF BEXAR, a political subdivision of the State of Texas ("County"), and the CITY OF SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, a Texas Home Rule Municipality ("City") Data Universal Number System (DUNS) number 0664284000000 (also, individually, a "Party" or, collectively, the "Parties), pursuant to the authority granted by the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code.

INTRODUCTION

WHEREAS, the COVID-19 public health emergency has continued well past what local leaders anticipated and County residents continue to face the threat of losing their residences and being left homeless which would result in additional strain on these families and impact the local economy and potentially displace a significant portion of the local workforce;

WHEREAS, COUNTY residents have continued to suffer financial losses as a result of COVID-19 and a significant step towards easing the immediate pressure on these residents would be providing rental and utility assistance for those that qualify as a result of the continuation of the public health crisis and the significant and on-going financial hardships faced by these residents as a result;

WHEREAS, CITY operates the Emergency Housing Assistance Program ("EHAP") that provides rent and mortgage assistance to City of San Antonio residents based on the residents' income levels,

WHEREAS, COUNTY has received ERA 2 funds from the U.S. Department of Treasury to provide emergency rental and utility assistance to certain eligible grantees;

WHEREAS, in the interest of expediency and in order to simplify the process for eligible COUNTY residents to access rental and utility assistance funding, COUNTY would like CITY to distribute ERA2 funds to eligible County residents ("Services");

WHEREAS, this Agreement will further the objectives of the COUNTY and benefit the COUNTY and its residents and serve the broader purpose of stimulating and encouraging business and commercial activity in the COUNTY caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, retaining and expanding job opportunities and building the property tax base;

WHEREAS, the CITY shares the interests served by this Agreement because the stability of housing for residents in the COUNTY and the vitality of the COUNTY's economy has an impact on the residents and economy of the CITY; and

NOW THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the mutual promises contained herein, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1 PURPOSE

1.01 The purpose of this Agreement is to set out the terms and conditions under which CITY will distribute funds to eligible County residents ("Rental and Utility Assistance"), as more specifically detailed in **Exhibit A**; and reimbursement of administrative costs for Services.

ARTICLE 2 FUNDING SOURCE/SUBAWARD

- 2.01 Section 3201 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Pub. L. No. 117-2 (March 11, 2021) authorizes the Department of the Treasury ("Treasury") to make payments to certain recipients to be used to provide emergency rental and utility assistance. Treasury has allocated grant funds ("County Funds") to COUNTY to provide assistance to eligible households (as such terms are defined in the Act) to eligible households within COUNTY pursuant to the Act, and COUNTY has agreed to the terms and conditions set forth in the Award Terms attached as **Exhibit B** as a condition to receiving such County Funds.
- 2.02 CITY understands that this Agreement is a subaward of COUNTY's agreement with Treasury and that federal funds will be used to fund this Agreement. CITY will comply with all requirements for subrecipients and subawardees contained in Exhibit B, which is automatically incorporated—and any changes to Exhibit B shall be automatically incorporated into this Agreement without written amendment hereto, and shall become a part hereof as of the effective date of the rule, regulation or law. CITY will also comply with all applicable federal and state laws, regulations, executive orders, policies, procedures, guidance, directives, and FAQs which may be, or after execution become applicable to this Agreement. This includes the guidance for grantees in the FAQs attached as **Exhibit C** (CITY will comply with the guidance for ERA2). Failure to comply with requirements may result in the denial of a reimbursement request.
- 2.03 Should CITY fail to comply or if federal agencies or authorities having jurisdiction over the funding subsequently determine that the funding was used improperly or that a payment was made but later determined to not be actual or allowable costs, CITY warrants that it will return to COUNTY the amount identified as improperly used or not allowable, whether during the Term of this Agreement (as defined below) or after. CITY shall refund any such payment to COUNTY within thirty (30) calendar days of the receipt of the notice from COUNTY.
- 2.04 Following is additional information for pass-through entities pursuant to 2 CFR 200.332:
 - a) Federal Award Identification Number: ERAE0543
 - b) Federal Award Date: March 03, 2021
 - c) Name of Federal Awarding Agency: Department of the Treasury
 - d) Total Amount of Federal Funds Obligated to CITY by COUNTY including the current financial obligation: \$13,500,000
 - e) CFDA Number: 21.023

2.05 CITY will submit monthly reports outlining households assisted, funds expended, client demographic data and verification of grant-funded program expenses. CITY will provide data supporting client eligibility for the services provided. Data shall include, but not be limited to data required under Exhibit C, FAQ 14, and data required for the "ERA 2 Reporting Elements and Definitions" attached in Exhibit D and as discussed in the reporting guidance at https://home.treasury.gov/policy-issues/coronavirus/assistance-for-state-local-and-tribal-governments/emergency-rental-assistance-program/reporting.

ARTICLE 3 TERM

- 3.01 This Agreement begins on March 1, 2022, and shall expire on the earlier of: (1) September 30, 2024; or (2) funding being expended (the "Term").
- 3.02 Each Party reserves the right to terminate this Agreement with or without cause with thirty (30) days written notice to the other Party. The notice of termination will be in writing and will state the termination date. CITY will be reimbursed for any Rental and Utility Assistance distributed and Administrative Costs incurred prior to the termination date.

ARTICLE 4 REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES

- 4.01 For actual and eligible Rental and Utility Assistance and Administrative Costs (as defined below), COUNTY will reimburse CITY an amount not to exceed THREE MILLION EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS (\$3,800,000).
- 4.02 COUNTY will reimburse administrative costs allowed under Treasury guidelines ("Administrative Costs"). Pursuant to Treasury guidelines, Administrative Costs can include costs attributable to providing financial assistance and housing stability services, including data collection and reporting requirements related to such funds. Treasury Funds provided by the COUNTY shall reimburse CITY only for those costs and expenses directly related to the CITY's provision of the services described in **Exhibit "A"**. Administrative Costs may not exceed ten percent, an amount not to exceed **THREE HUNDRED EIGHTY THOUSAND DOLLARS** (\$380,000).
- 4.03 Pursuant to Texas Local Government Code section 791.011(d)(3), each party paying for the performance of governmental functions or services must make those payments from current revenues available to the paying party.

ARTICLE 5 INVOICING

5.01 CITY shall submit to the COUNTY's Economic and Community Development Department ("Department") a monthly invoice package of incurred costs. For purposes of this Agreement, a cost is "incurred" when CITY has expended funds to cover the cost. The invoice package must be submitted, month after month, by the 5th of the following month, until funding

has been exhausted. The invoice package should include in the form incorporated into this Agreement as <u>Exhibit "D"</u>: (1) an Expenditure Report itemizing Rental and Utility Assistance and Administrative Costs; (2) Participating Household Payment Data; (3) Demographic Information; (4) Zip Code Report; (5) Quarterly Report; and (6) ECD Invoice Cover Sheet.

The invoice package should be submitted to:

By mail:

Bexar County Economic and Community Development

ATTN: Jo Anne Estrada 233 N. Pecos St., Suite 320 San Antonio, Texas 78207

Upon reasonable notice, CITY shall make the documentation supporting its invoices available to COUNTY for inspection or audit.

- 5.02 All Rental and Utility Assistance costs and Administrative Costs must be incurred by September 30, 2024. All invoice packages must be received by COUNTY no later than the close of business on October 14, 2024. COUNTY will not be obligated to consider any invoice packages received after the close of business on October 14, 2024.
- 5.03 Delinquent or unacceptable invoice packages and/or performance reports shall excuse delay of reimbursement by COUNTY. CITY will receive written Notice of delinquent or unacceptable invoicing/performance reporting within seven (7) business days of receipt of the invoice package. CITY will have five (5) business days to resubmit corrected invoices/reporting. Invoice packages that are not re-submitted within five (5) business days will not be considered for reimbursement.
- 5.04 After receipt of and approval by COUNTY of the CITY's billing package, COUNTY will reimburse CITY an amount equal to the total amount of the billing package, subject to deduction for any costs questioned or not allowable, pursuant to the Texas Prompt Payment Act. COUNTY may withhold all or part of any payments to CITY to offset reimbursement for any ineligible expenditures, disallowed costs, or overpayments that CITY has not refunded to COUNTY. COUNTY may take repayment from funds available under this Agreement in amounts necessary to fulfill CITY's repayment obligations.
- 5.05 Within ten (10) business days of COUNTY's written request, CITY shall refund to COUNTY any sum of money paid by COUNTY to CITY that COUNTY has determined:
 - a) Resulted in overpayment to CITY;
 - b) Has not been spent by CITY strictly in accordance with the terms of this Agreement; or
 - c) Is not supported by adequate documentation to fully justify the expenditure.
- 5.06 All funds obligated by each Party to be paid under this Agreement will be paid solely from lawfully available funds that have been duly appropriated by the governing bodies of each Party. Under no circumstances will the Parties' obligations hereunder be deemed to create any debt of either Party within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision. Further, none of the

Parties' obligations under this Agreement shall be pledged or otherwise encumbered in favor of any commercial lender and/or similar financial institution. Further, neither Party shall be obligated to pay any commercial bank, lender or similar institution for any loan or credit agreement made by the other Party.

ARTICLE 6 COOPERATION WITH MONITORING, AUDITS, AND RECORDS REQUIREMENTS

- 6.01 All records and expenditures are subject to, and CITY agrees to comply with, monitoring and/or audits conducted by the United States Department of the Treasury's Inspector General, other federal agencies or offices, or the Auditor or his designee. CITY shall maintain under GAAP or GASB, adequate records that ensure proper accounting for all costs and performances related to this Agreement.
- 6.02 If CITY expends \$750,000 or more in federal funds in a fiscal year, it may be subject to Single Audit Requirements in 2 CFR, Part 200, Subpart F - Audit Requirements, at https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?tpl=/ecfrbrowse/Title02/2cfr200 main 02.tpl, and subject the requirements in the Texas Single Audit Circular, to https://comptroller.texas.gov/purchasing/docs/ugms.pdf. The audit must be completed and the data collection and reporting package described in 2 CFR 200.512 must be submitted to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse (FAC) within 30 calendar days after receipt of the auditor's report(s), or nine months after the end of the audit period, whichever is earlier.
- 6.03 If any audit, monitoring, investigations, review of awards, or other compliance review reveals any discrepancies, inadequacies, or deficiencies which are necessary to correct in order to maintain compliance with this Agreement, the Act, United States Department of the Treasury Guidelines applicable to funding, other applicable laws, regulations, or CITY's obligations hereunder, CITY agrees to correct such discrepancies or inadequacies within thirty (30) calendar days after CITY's receipt of the findings.
- 6.05 CITY shall maintain appropriate records for the periods required by law to provide accountability for all expenditures of grant funds, reporting measures, and funds received from COUNTY under this Agreement. Records maintained by CITY will, at a minimum, identify the supporting documentation prepared by CITY to permit an audit of its accounting systems and payment verification with respect to the expenditure of any funds awarded under this Agreement.

ARTICLE 7 REPRESENTATIONS, WARRANTIES AND COVENANTS

7.01 CITY represents and warrants that:

- a) All information ever provided or to be provided to COUNTY is complete and accurate as of the date shown on the document, and that since that date, CITY has not undergone any significant change without written Notice to COUNTY.
- b) Any supporting financial statements ever provided or to be provided to COUNTY are complete, accurate and fairly reflect the financial condition of CITY on the date

- shown on those statements and during the period covered, and that since that date, except as provided by written Notice to COUNTY, there has been no material change, adverse or otherwise, in the financial condition of CITY.
- c) No litigation or proceedings are presently pending or threatened against CITY relating to the Agreement or Project.
- d) None of the provisions in this Agreement contravene or in any way conflict with the authority under which CITY is doing business or with the provisions of any existing obligation or agreement of CITY.
- e) CITY has the legal authority to enter into this Agreement and accept payments, and has taken all necessary measures to authorize the execution of and the acceptance of payments under this Agreement.

ARTICLE 8 REMEDIES

- 8.01 If COUNTY determines that CITY has failed to comply with any term of this Agreement, whether stated in a federal or state statute or regulation, an assurance, in this Agreement, in guidance issued by federal authorities or subsequently issued by federal authorities, or that a reimbursement or request for reimbursement is not authorized under the Act, COUNTY, in its sole discretion, may pursue any combination of the following remedies:
 - i) withhold payments pending correction of any deficiency;
 - ii) disallow or deny reimbursement of funds for all or part of the cost of an activity or action not in compliance with this Agreement;
 - iii) disallow claims for reimbursement not authorized by the Act;
 - iv) wholly or partially suspend or terminate this Agreement subject to the notice required under Section 3.02; or
 - v) in accordance with Section 2.02 and Article 5, require return or recapture of any funding provided.
- 8.02 The rights and remedies contained in this Article 8 shall not be exclusive, but shall be cumulative of all other rights and remedies now or hereinafter existing, whether by statute, at law, or in equity.

ARTICLE 9 POLITICAL ACTIVITY

9.01 Unless specifically authorized to do so by federal law, CITY is prohibited from using grant funds directly or indirectly for political purposes, including lobbying or advocating for legislative programs or changes; campaigning for, endorsing, contributing to, or otherwise supporting political candidates or parties; and voter registration or get-out-the-vote campaigns.

- 9.02 CITY officials or grant funded employees may not use official authority or influence or permit the use of a program administered by the grantee agency of which the person is an officer or employee to interfere with or affect the result of an election or nomination of a candidate or to achieve any other political purpose.
- 9.03 Grant-funded employees may not coerce, attempt to coerce, command, restrict, attempt to restrict, or prevent the payment, loan, or contribution of anything of value to a person or political organization for a political purpose.
- 9.04 Funding received under this Agreement may not be used to employ, as a regular full-time or part-time or contract employee, a person who is required by Chapter 305 of the Government Code to register as a lobbyist. Furthermore, grant funds may not be used to pay, on behalf of the agency or an officer or employee of the agency, membership dues to an organization that pays part or all of the salary of a person who is required by Chapter 305 of the Government Code to register as a lobbyist.
- 9.05 As applicable, the grantee and each contracting tier will comply with 31 USC § 1352, which provides that none of the funds provided under an award may be expended by the grantee to pay any person to influence, or attempt to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer of employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with any Federal action concerning the award or renewal. Each contracting tier shall also disclose any lobbying with non-federal funds that takes place in connection with obtaining any Federal award. Such disclosures are forwarded from tier to tier up to the recipient.

ARTICLE 10 AMENDMENTS AND CHANGES IN THE LAW

10.01 Any alterations, additions, or deletions to the terms of this Agreement must be documented in writing and signed by both Parties to be binding. Notwithstanding this requirement, it is understood and agreed by Parties hereto, that changes in local, state and federal rules, regulations or laws applicable hereto, may occur during the term of this Agreement and that any such changes shall be automatically incorporated into this Agreement without written amendment hereto, and shall become a part hereof as of the effective date of the rule, regulation or law.

ARTICLE 11 DELEGATION AND ASSIGNMENT

11.01 Neither Party may delegate the performance of any contractual obligation to a third party, unless mutually agreed in writing. A Party to this Agreement may not assign its rights, privileges and obligations under this Agreement in whole, or in part, without the prior written consent of the other Party. Any attempt to assign without such approval shall be void.

ARTICLE 12 SURVIVABILITY

12.01 Notwithstanding any expiration or termination of this Agreement, the rights and obligations pertaining to the close-out, cooperation and provision of additional information, return of grant funds, audit rights, records retention, and any other provision implying survivability shall remain in effect after the expiration or termination of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 13 ENTIRE AGREEMENT

13.01 This Agreement constitutes the final and entire agreement between the Parties and contains all of the terms and conditions agreed upon. No other agreement, oral or otherwise, regarding the subject matter of this Agreement will be deemed to exist or to bind the Parties unless it is in writing, dated subsequent to the date of this Agreement, and is duly executed by the Parties.

ARTICLE 14 INTERPRETATION

14.01 To the extent the terms and conditions of this Agreement do not address a particular circumstance or are otherwise unclear or ambiguous, such terms and conditions are to be construed consistent with the general objectives, expectations and purposes of this Agreement and in all cases, according to its fair meaning. The parties acknowledge that each Party and its counsel have reviewed this Agreement and that any rule of construction to the effect that any ambiguities are to be resolved against the drafting Party shall not be employed in the interpretation of this Agreement. Any vague, ambiguous or conflicting terms shall be interpreted and construed in such a manner as to accomplish the purpose of the Agreement.

ARTICLE 15 LEGAL CONSTRUCTION

15.01 If any provision of this Agreement is for any reason held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, then that invalidity, illegality or unenforceability shall not affect any other provision and this Agreement shall be construed as if the invalid, illegal or unenforceable provision had never been a part of the Agreement.

ARTICLE 16 SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY

16.01It is expressly understood and agreed that in the execution of this Agreement, neither of the Parties waives or shall be deemed hereby to waive any immunity or defense that would otherwise be available to it against claims arising in the exercise of governmental powers or functions.

ARTICLE 17 TEXAS LAW TO APPLY

17.01 This Agreement shall be construed under and in accordance with the laws of the United States and the State of Texas, and all obligations of the Parties are performable in Bexar County,

Texas. The Parties agree that venue for any litigation arising from this Agreement shall lie in Bexar County, Texas.

ARTICLE 18 NOTICE

18.01 For purposes of this Agreement, all official communications and notices ("Notice") among the Parties will be sufficient if in writing and mailed, by registered or certified mail with postage prepaid, to the addresses set forth below:

If to COUNTY:

Bexar County Judge

Bexar County Commissioners Court

101 W. Nueva, 10th Floor San Antonio, Texas 78205

With copy to:

Bexar County Economic and Community Development Department

C/O Jo Anne Estrada 233 N. Pecos St. Suite 320 San Antonio, TX 78205

If to CITY:

City of San Antonio

Attn: City Clerk P.O. Box 839966

San Antonio, Texas 78283-3966

With copy to:

City of San Antonio

Neighborhood and Housing Services Department

Attn: Veronica R. Soto, FAICP 100 W. Houston, 6th Floor San Antonio, Texas 78205

ARTICLE 19 INSURANCE

19.01 Both COUNTY and CITY are subject to and comply with the applicable provisions of the Texas Tort Claims Act, as set out in the Civil Practice and Remedies Code, Section 101.001, et. seq., and the remedies authorized therein regarding claims or causes of action that may be asserted by third parties for accident, injury or death. Both Parties maintain adequate insurance to respond to any claims by third-parties or by their respective employees for personal injuries or property damage. Both Parties hereby waive pursuant to this agreement any subrogation rights it may have or acquire as against each other arising in the course of or during the term of this agreement.

ARTICLE 20 INDEMNIFICATION

20.01 COUNTY and CITY acknowledge they are subject to and comply with the applicable provisions of the Texas Tort Claims Act, as set out in the Civil Practice and Remedies Code, Section 101.001, et. seq., and the remedies authorized therein regarding claims or causes of action that may be asserted by third parties for accident, injury or death. Neither Party assumes any indemnification obligation under this agreement.

ARTICLE 21 MULTIPLE COUNTERPARTS

21.01 This Agreement may be executed in separate identical counterparts by the Parties hereto and each counterpart, when so executed and delivered, will constitute an original instrument, and all such separate identical counterparts will constitute but one and the same instrument.

[Signatures to follow.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, THIS AGREEMEN OF February, 2022.	NT IS EXECUTED ON THIS 22 DAY
COUNTY OF BEXAR:	CITY OF SAN ANTONIO:
By: Nelson W. Wolff County Judge	By: R6DT Verónica R. Soto, FAICP Director, Neighborhood and Housing Services Department
APPROVED AS TO LEGAL FORM:	APPROVED AS TO LEGAL FORM:
By: Sue Jana Sue Jana Sue Jana Sue Jana Sue Jana Sue Jana Assistant Criminal District Attorney Civil Division	By: Assistant City Attorney Regulatory Division
APPROVED AS TO FINANCIAL CONTENT:	
By: 2 S. Leo S. Caldera, CIA, CGAP County Auditor	
By: David Smith County Manager	
APPROVED:	
By: David Marquez	
Executive Director of Economic	
and Community Development	

EXHIBIT "A" Work Statement

- AGENCY NAME: City of San Antonio (COSA)
- PROJECT NAME: Emergency Rental Assistance Program (ERA 2)

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

CITY will provide an Emergency Rental Assistance Program ("ERA") designed to assist families in Bexar County impacted by Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("COVID-19"). The program offers up to twelve (12) months of emergency rental and utility assistance for County residents that qualify for unemployment benefits, or has experienced a reduction in household income, incurred significant costs, or experienced a financial hardship due to COVID-19 ("Program Participant").

The program involves the design, implementation, oversight, and reporting of a COSA-administered program designed to assist residents in Bexar County.

- 10% of the funding for this Agreement will be allocated for administrative cost
- The program will be operated on a first-come, first-served basis.
- Payments will be made directly to the utility provider and/or landlord or lessor who
 must provide documentation along with Direct Deposit information for payment
 disbursement, unless part of all of the aforementioned documentation is waived or
 excused by US Treasury in which case it shall not be a requirement under this
 Agreement.
- Landlords will be encouraged to offer rent concessions as a condition to receiving Bexar County funding.
- CITY will establish a written denial of service complaint procedure to address complaints.
- CITY will affirmatively further fair housing, including, but not limited to, marketing the program to those least likely to apply.
- SERVICE AVAILABILITY: March 1, 2022 September 30, 2024 or until funds have been expended, whichever occurs first.
- TARGET POPULATION: Bexar County residents.

ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA:

 one or more individuals within the household has qualified for unemployment benefits or experienced a reduction in household income, incurred significant costs, or experienced other financial hardship due, directly or indirectly, to the COVID-19 outbreak;

- one or more individuals within the household can demonstrate a risk of experiencing homelessness or housing instability; and
- the household is a low-income family (as such term is defined in section 3(b) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437a(b))).

EXHIBIT "B"

Award Terms

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY EMERGENCY RENTAL ASSISTANCE

Eligible	grantee	name	and	address:	DUNS Nur	UNS Number: [Recipient to provide]					
					Taxpayer provide]	Identificati	on Nu	ımber:	[Recip	oient	to
						Listing N Rental Ass				21.0	23-

Section 3201(a) of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Pub. L. No. 117-2 (March 11, 2021), authorizes the Department of the Treasury ("Treasury") to make payments to certain eligible grantees to be used to provide emergency rental assistance.

The eligible grantee hereby agrees, as a condition to receiving such payment from Treasury, to the terms attached hereto.

Authorized Representative Signature [To be signed by chief executive officer	government.]
Authorized Representative Name:	
Authorized Representative Title:	*
Date signed:	
U.S. Department of the Treasury:	
	*
Authorized Representative:	
Title:	
Date:	

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE: The information collected will be used for the U.S. Government to process requests for support. The estimated burden associated with this collection of information is 15 minutes per response. Comments concerning the accuracy of this burden estimate and suggestions for reducing this burden should be directed to the Office of Privacy, Transparency and Records, Department of the Treasury, 1500 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C. 20220. DO NOT send the form to this address. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid control number assigned by OMB.

PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT

AUTHORITY: Solicitation of this information is authorized by the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Title III, Pub. L., No. 117-2, PURPOSE: Treasury is required by the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 to identify eligible grantees/recipients to provide emergency rental assistance to individuals who qualify for relief under the Act. Eligible grantees/recipients are state, local, and territorial governments which identify households requiring relief according to requirements contained in the Act. Treasury maintains contact information for authorized representatives and contact persons for the purpose of communicating with eligible grantees regarding issues related to implementation of the Act. ROUTINE USES: The information you furnish may be shared in accordance with the routine uses outlined in the Treasury's system of records notice, Treasury .017 - Correspondence and Contact Information, which can be found at 81 FR 78266 (Nov. 7, 2016). DISCLOSURE: Disclosure of this information to Treasury is required in order to comply with the requirements the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021. Disclosure of this information is voluntary, however, grantees/recipients that do not disclose contact information will be unable to communicate with Treasury on issues related to their obligations under the Act and this may affect the status of their award.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY EMERGENCY RENTAL ASSISTANCE

Award Terms and Conditions

- Use of Funds. Recipient understands and agrees that the funds disbursed under this award may only be used for the purposes set forth in subsection (d) of section 3201 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Pub. L. No. 117-2 (March 11, 2021) ("Section 3201") and any guidance issued by Treasury regarding the Emergency Rental Assistance program established under Section 3201 (the "Guidance").
- 2. Reallocation of Funds. Recipient understands and agrees that any funds allocated by Treasury to Recipient that are not disbursed to Recipient in accordance with Section 3201(c)(2) as a subsequent payment will be reallocated by Treasury to other eligible recipients under Section 3201(e). Such reallocation of funds shall be made in the manner and by the date, which shall be no sooner than March 31, 2022, as may be set by Treasury. Recipient agrees to obligate at least fifty (50) percent of the total amount of funds allocated by Treasury to Recipient under Section 3201 to be eligible to receive reallocated funds under Section 3201(e).
- 3. Assistance to Eligible Households. Recipient agrees to permit eligible households (as defined in Section 3201(f)(2)) to submit applications for financial assistance directly to Recipient, and to receive financial assistance directly from Recipient, under programs established by Recipient using funds disbursed under this award. Recipient may make payments to a landlord or utility provider on behalf of an eligible household, but if the landlord or utility provider does not agree to accept such payment after Recipient makes reasonable efforts to obtain its cooperation, Recipient must make such payments directly to the eligible household for the purpose of making payments to the landlord or utility provider.
- 4. <u>Period of Performance</u>. The period of performance for this award begins on the date hereof and ends on September 30, 2025. Recipient shall not incur any obligations to be paid with the funding from this award after such period of performance ends.

5. Administrative costs.

- a. Recipient may use funds provided to the Recipient to cover both direct and indirect costs.
- b. The total of all administrative costs, whether direct or indirect costs, may not exceed 15 percent of the total amount of the total award.
- 6. Reporting. Recipient agrees to comply with any reporting obligations established by Treasury as related to this award. Recipient acknowledges that any such information required to be reported pursuant to this section may be publicly disclosed.

7. Maintenance of and Access to Records.

- a. Recipient shall maintain records and financial documents sufficient to support compliance with Section 3201 and the Guidance.
- b. The Treasury Office of Inspector General and the Government Accountability Office, or their authorized representatives, shall have the right of access to records (electronic and otherwise) of Recipient in order to conduct audits or other investigations.
- c. Records shall be maintained by Recipient for a period of five (5) years after the period of

performance.

- 8. Cost Sharing. Cost sharing or matching funds are not required to be provided by Recipient.
- 9. Compliance with Applicable Law and Regulations.
 - a. Recipient agrees to comply with the requirements of Section 3201 and the Guidance. Recipient also agrees to comply with all other applicable federal statutes, regulations, and executive orders, and Recipient shall provide for such compliance in any agreements it enters into with other parties relating to this award.
 - b. Federal regulations applicable to this award include, without limitation, the following:
 - Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, 2 C.F.R. Part 200, other than such provisions as Treasury may determine are inapplicable to this award and subject to such exceptions as may be otherwise provided by Treasury. Subpart F - Audit Requirements of the Uniform Guidance, implementing the Single Audit Act, shall apply to this award.
 - ii. Universal Identifier and System for Award Management (SAM), 2 C.F.R. Part 25 and pursuant to which the award term set forth in Appendix A to 2 C.F.R. Part 25 is hereby incorporated by reference.
 - iii. Reporting Subaward and Executive Compensation Information, 2 C.F.R. Part 170, pursuant to which the award term set forth in Appendix A to 2 C.F.R. Part 170 is hereby incorporated by reference.
 - iv. OMB Guidelines to Agencies on Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement), 2 C.F.R. Part 180 including the requirement to include a term or condition in all lower tier covered transactions (contracts and subcontracts described in 2 C.F.R. Part 180, subpart B) that the award is subject to 2 C.F.R. Part 180 and Treasury's implementing regulation at 31 C.F.R. Part 19.
 - v. Recipient Integrity and Performance Matters, pursuant to which the award term set forth in 2 C.F.R. Part 200, Appendix XII to Part 200 is hereby incorporated by reference.
 - vi. Governmentwide Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace, 31 C.F.R. Part 20.
 - vii. New Restrictions on Lobbying, 31 C.F.R. Part 21.
 - c. Statutes and regulations prohibiting discrimination applicable to this award include, without limitation, the following:
 - i. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. §§ 2000d et seq.) and Treasury's implementing regulations at 31 C.F.R. Part 22, which prohibit discrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin under programs or activities receiving federal financial assistance;
 - ii. The Fair Housing Act, Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. §§ 3601 et seq.), which prohibits discrimination in housing on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, familial status, or disability;
 - iii. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. § 794), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability under any program or activity receiving

or benefitting from federal assistance;

- iv. The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§ 6101 et seq.) and Treasury's implementing regulations at 31 C.F.R. Part 23, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of age in programs or activities receiving federal financial assistance; and
- v. Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 et seq.), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability under programs, activities, and services provided or made available by state and local governments or instrumentalities or agencies thereto.
- 10. <u>False Statements</u>. Recipient understands that false statements or claims made in connection with this award is a violation of federal criminal law and may result in fines, imprisonment, debarment from participating in federal awards or contracts, and/or any other remedy available by law.
- 11. Conflict of Interest. Recipient understands and agrees it must maintain a conflict of interest policy consistent with 2 C.F.R. § 200.318(c), and that such conflict of interest policy is applicable to each activity funded under this award. Recipients and subrecipients must disclose in writing to Treasury or the pass-through agency, as appropriate, any potential conflict of interest affecting the awarded funds in accordance with 2 C.F.R. § 200.112.
- 12. <u>Publications</u>. Any publications produced with funds from this award must display the following language: "This project [is being] [was] supported, in whole or in part, by federal award number [enter project FAIN] awarded to [name of Recipient] by the U.S. Department of the Treasury."

13. Debts Owed the Federal Government.

- a. Any funds paid to Recipient (1) in excess of the amount to which Recipient is finally determined to be authorized to retain under the terms of this award; or (2) that are determined by the Treasury Office of Inspector General to have been misused shall constitute a debt to the federal government.
- b. Any debts determined to be owed the federal government must be paid promptly by Recipient. A debt is delinquent if it has not been paid by the date specified in Treasury's initial written demand for payment, unless other satisfactory arrangements have been made. Interest, penalties, and administrative charges shall be charged on delinquent debts in accordance with 31 U.S.C. § 3717 and 31 C.F.R. § 901.9. Treasury will refer any debt that is more than 180 days delinquent to Treasury's Bureau of the Fiscal Service for debt collection services.
- c. Penalties on any debts shall accrue at a rate of not more than 6 percent per year or such other higher rate as authorized by law. Administrative charges, that is, the costs of processing and handling a delinquent debt, shall be determined by Treasury.

14. Disclaimer.

a. The United States expressly disclaims any and all responsibility or liability to Recipient or third persons for the actions of Recipient or third persons resulting in death, bodily injury, property damages, or any other losses resulting in any way from the performance of this award or any other losses resulting in any way from the performance of this award or any

contract, or subcontract under this award.

b. The acceptance of this award by Recipient does not in any way constitute an agency relationship between the United States and Recipient.

15. Protections for Whistleblowers.

- a. In accordance with 41 U.S.C. § 4712, Recipient may not discharge, demote, or otherwise discriminate against an employee as a reprisal for disclosing information to any of the list of persons or entities provided below that the employee reasonably believes is evidence of gross mismanagement of a federal contract or grant, a gross waste of federal funds, an abuse of authority relating to a federal contract or grant, a substantial and specific danger to public health or safety, or a violation of law, rule, or regulation related to a federal contract (including the competition for or negotiation of a contract) or grant.
- b. The list of persons and entities referenced in the paragraph above includes the following:
 - i. A member of Congress or a representative of a committee of Congress;
 - ii. An Inspector General;
 - iii. The Government Accountability Office;
 - iv. A Treasury employee responsible for contract or grant oversight or management;
 - v. An authorized official of the Department of Justice or other law enforcement agency;
 - vi. A court or grand jury; and/or
 - vii. A management official or other employee of Recipient, contractor, or subcontractor who has the responsibility to investigate, discover, or address misconduct.
- c. Recipient shall inform its employees in writing of the rights and remedies provided under this section, in the predominant native language of the workforce.
- 16. Increasing Seat Belt Use in the United States. Pursuant to Executive Order 13043, 62 FR 19217 (Apr. 8, 1997), Recipient should and should encourage its contractors to adopt and enforce on-the-job seat belt policies and programs for their employees when operating companyowned, rented or personally owned vehicles.
- 17. Reducing Text Messaging While Driving. Pursuant to Executive Order 13513, 74 FR 51225 (Oct. 1, 2009), Recipient should encourage its employees, subrecipients, and contractors to adopt and enforce policies that ban text messaging while driving, and Recipient should establish workplace safety policies to decrease accidents caused by distracted drivers.

EXHIBIT C Frequently Asked Questions

U.S. Department of the Treasury Emergency Rental Assistance Frequently Asked Questions

Revised August 25, 2021

The Department of the Treasury (Treasury) is providing these frequently asked questions (FAQs) as guidance regarding the requirements of the Emergency Rental Assistance program (ERA1) established by section 501 of Division N of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, Pub. L. No. 116-260 (Dec. 27, 2020) and the Emergency Rental Assistance program (ERA2) established by section 3201 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Pub. L. No. 117-2 (March 11, 2021).

These FAQs apply to both ERA1 and ERA2, except where differences are specifically noted. References in these FAQs to "the ERA" apply to both ERA1 and ERA2. These FAQs will be supplemented by additional guidance. Grantees must establish policies and procedures to govern the implementation of their ERA programs consistent with the statutes and these FAQs. To the extent that these FAQs do not provide specific guidance on a particular issue, a grantee should establish its own policy or procedure that is consistent with the statutes and follow it consistently.

1. Who is eligible to receive assistance in the ERA and how should a grantee document the eligibility of a household?

A grantee may only use the funds provided in the ERA to provide financial assistance and housing stability services to eligible households. To be eligible, a household must be obligated to pay rent on a residential dwelling and the grantee must determine that:

i. for ERA1:

- a. one or more individuals within the household has qualified for unemployment benefits or experienced a reduction in household income, incurred significant costs, or experienced other financial hardship due, directly or indirectly, to the COVID-19 outbreak;
- b. one or more individuals within the household can demonstrate a risk of experiencing homelessness or housing instability; and

¹ On January 19, 2021, initial FAQs were released for ERA1. On February 22, 2021, the initial FAQs were revised to, among other things, clarify program requirements and provide additional flexibility with respect to documenting the eligibility of households. On March 16, 2021, FAQ 7 was revised to add rental security deposits as a permissible relocation expense and clarify that application or screening fees are permissible rental fees and FAQs 26–28 were added. On March 25, 2021, FAQ 29 was added. On May 7, 2021, these FAQs were revised to provide initial guidance for ERA2, to clarify differences between ERA1 and ERA2, and to clarify how ERA should be used to promote housing stability for eligible households. On June 24, 2021, these FAQs were revised to further clarify how to promote housing stability for eligible households; specifically, FAQs 14, 23, 31, 33, and 35 were revised and FAQs 36–39 were added, in addition to other non-substantive changes. On August 25, 2021, these FAQs were revised to provide further clarification on the use of self-attestation and to describe methods of speeding payments to eligible households. Specifically, substantive revisions were made to FAQs 3, 4, 7, 11, and 38; FAQs 40-42 were added; and additional edits were made for clarity.

c. the household has a household income at or below 80 percent of area median income.

ii. for ERA2:

- a. one or more individuals within the household has qualified for unemployment benefits or experienced a reduction in household income, incurred significant costs, or experienced other financial hardship during or due, directly or indirectly, to the coronavirus pandemic;
- b. one or more individuals within the household can demonstrate a risk of experiencing homelessness or housing instability; and
- c. the household is a low-income family (as such term is defined in section 3(b) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437a(b))).2

While there are some differences in eligibility between ERA1 and ERA2, the eligibility requirements are very similar, and Treasury is seeking to implement ERA2 consistently with ERA1, to the extent possible, to reduce administrative burdens for grantees.

The FAQs below describe the documentation requirements for each of these conditions of eligibility. These requirements provide for various means of documentation so that grantees may extend this emergency assistance to vulnerable populations without imposing undue documentation burdens. As described below, given the challenges presented by the COVID-19 pandemic, grantees may be flexible as to the particular form of documentation they require, including by permitting photocopies or digital photographs of documents, e-mails, or attestations from employers, landlords, caseworkers, or others with knowledge of the household's circumstances. Treasury strongly encourages grantees to avoid establishing documentation requirements that are likely to be barriers to participation for eligible households, including those with irregular incomes such as those operating small business or gig workers whose income is reported on Internal Revenue Service Form 1099. However, grantees must require all applications for assistance to include an attestation from the applicant that all information included is correct and complete.

In all cases, grantees must document their policies and procedures for determining a household's eligibility to include policies and procedures for determining the prioritization of households in compliance with the statute and maintain records of their determinations. Grantees must also have controls in place to ensure compliance with their policies and procedures and prevent fraud. Grantees must specify in their policies and procedures under what circumstances they will accept written attestations from the applicant without further documentation to determine any aspect of

² As of the date of these FAQs, the definition of "low-income families" in 42 U.S.C. 1437a(b) is "those families whose incomes do not exceed 80 per centum of the median income for the area, as determined by the Secretary [of Housing and Urban Development] with adjustments for smaller and larger families, except that the Secretary may establish income ceilings higher or lower than 80 per centum of the median for the area on the basis of the Secretary's findings that such variations are necessary because of prevailing levels of construction costs or unusually high or low family incomes."

eligibility or the amount of assistance, and in such cases, grantees must have in place reasonable validation or fraud-prevention procedures to prevent abuse.

2. How should applicants document that a member of the household has qualified for unemployment benefits, experienced a reduction in income, incurred significant costs, or experienced other financial hardship during or due to the COVID-19 outbreak?

A grantee must document that one or more members of the applicant's household either (i) qualified for unemployment benefits; or (ii) (a) for ERA1, experienced a reduction in household income, incurred significant costs, or experienced other financial hardship due, directly or indirectly, to the COVID-19 outbreak or (b) for ERA2, experienced a reduction in household income, incurred significant costs, or experienced other financial hardship during or due, directly or indirectly, to the coronavirus pandemic.³ If the grantee is relying on clause (i) for this determination, or if the grantee is relying on clause (ii) in ERA2, the grantee is permitted to rely on either a written attestation signed by the applicant or other relevant documentation regarding the household member's qualification for unemployment benefits. If the grantee is relying on clause (ii) for this determination in ERA1, the statute requires the grantee to obtain a written attestation signed by the applicant that one or more members of the household meets this condition. While grantees relying on clause (ii) in ERA1 must show financial hardship "due, directly or indirectly, to" COVID-19, grantees in ERA2 are also permitted to rely on financial hardship "during" the pandemic.

It may be difficult for some grantees to establish whether a financial hardship experienced during the pandemic is due to the COVID-19 outbreak. Therefore, Treasury strongly encourages grantees to rely on the self-certification of applicants with regard to whether their financial hardship meets these statutory eligibility requirements. Further, because the standard in ERA2 is broader than the standard in ERA1, any applicant that self-certifies that it meets the standard in ERA1 should be considered to meet the standard for purposes of ERA2.

3. How should a grantee determine that an individual within a household is at risk of experiencing homelessness or housing instability?

The statutes establishing ERA1 and ERA2 both require that one or more individuals within the household can demonstrate a risk of experiencing homelessness or housing instability. Such a demonstration may include (i) a past due utility or rent notice or eviction notice, (ii) unsafe or unhealthy living conditions (which may include overcrowding), or (iii) any other evidence of risk, as determined by the grantee. Grantees may establish alternative criteria for determining whether a household satisfies this requirement, and should adopt policies and procedures addressing how they will determine the presence of unsafe or unhealthy living conditions and what evidence of risk to accept in order to support their determination that a household satisfies this requirement. A grantee may rely on an applicant's self-certification identifying the applicable risk factor or factors, without further documentation, if other documentation is not immediately available.

4. The statutes establishing ERA1 and ERA2 limit eligibility to households based on certain income criteria. How is household income defined for purposes of the ERA? How will income

³ Treasury is interpreting the two different statutory terms ("the COVID-19 outbreak" and "the coronavirus pandemic") as having the same meaning.

be documented and verified?

Definition of Income: With respect to each household applying for assistance, grantees may choose between using the Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) definition of "annual income" in 24 CFR 5.609⁴ and using adjusted gross income as defined for purposes of reporting under Internal Revenue Service Form 1040 series for individual federal annual income tax purposes.

Definition of Area Median Income: For purposes of ERA1, the area median income for a household is the same as the income limits for families published by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) in accordance with 42 U.S.C. 1437a(b)(2), available under the heading for "Access Individual Income Limits Areas" at https://www.huduser.gov/portal/datasets/il.html. When determining area median income with respect to Tribal members, Tribal governments and TDHEs may rely on the methodology authorized by HUD for the Indian Housing Block Grant Program as it pertains to households residing in an Indian area comprising multiple counties (see HUD Office of Native American Programs, Program Guidance No. 2021-01, June 22, 2021).

Methods for Income Determination: The statute establishing ERA1 provides that grantees may determine income eligibility based on either (i) the household's total income for calendar year 2020, or (ii) sufficient confirmation of the household's monthly income at the time of application, as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury (Secretary).

If a grantee in ERA1 uses a household's monthly income to determine eligibility, the grantee should review the monthly income information provided at the time of application and extrapolate over a 12-month period to determine whether household income exceeds 80 percent of area median income. For example, if the applicant provides income information for two months, the grantee should multiply it by six to determine the annual amount. If a household qualifies based on monthly income, the grantee must redetermine the household income eligibility every three months for the duration of assistance.

For ERA2, if a grantee uses the same income determination methodology that it used in ERA1, it is presumed to be in compliance with relevant program requirements; if a grantee chooses to use a different methodology for ERA2 than it used for ERA1, the methodology should be reasonable and consistent with all applicable ERA2 requirements. In addition, if a household is a single family that the grantee determined met the income requirement for eligibility under ERA1, the grantee may consider the household to be eligible under ERA2, unless the grantee becomes aware of any reason the household does not meet the requirements for ERA2. Finally, if multiple families from the same household receive funding under an ERA2 program, the grantee should ensure that there is no duplication of the assistance provided.

Documentation of Income Determination: Grantees in ERA1 and ERA2 must have a reasonable basis under the circumstances for determining income. A grantee may support its determination

⁴ See https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?rgn=div5&node=24:1.1.1.1.5#se24.1.5 1609.

⁵ Specifically, 80 percent of area median income is the same as the "low income limit" as published by HUD. For purposes of prioritizing rental assistance as described in FAQ 22 below, 50 percent of area median income for the household is the same as the "very low-income limit" for the relevant area.

with both a written attestation from the applicant as to household income and also documentation available to the applicant, such as paystubs, W-2s or other wage statements, tax filings, bank statements demonstrating regular income, or an attestation from an employer. In appropriate cases, grantees may rely on an attestation from a caseworker or other professional with knowledge of a household's circumstances to certify that an applicant's household income qualifies for assistance.

Alternatively, a grantee may rely on a written attestation without further documentation of household income from the applicant under three approaches:

- Self-attestation Alone In order to provide assistance rapidly, during the public health emergency related to COVID-19 the grantee may rely on a self-attestation of household income without further verification if the applicant confirms in their application or other document that they are unable to provide documentation of their income. If a written attestation without further verification is relied on to document the majority of the applicant's income, the grantee must reassess the household's income every three months, by obtaining appropriate documentation or a new self-attestation. Income attestations should specify the monthly or annual income claimed by the household to ensure that the household meets the applicable ERA requirements and to enable appropriate reporting. Under this approach, grantees are encouraged to incorporate self-attestation to demonstrate income eligibility into their application form. Similarly, grantees may rely on selfattestations to demonstrate applicants' financial hardship and risk of homelessness or housing instability as described above in FAOs 2 and 3 above. Thus, grantees are encouraged to simplify applications to allow for self-attestation for income eligibility during the public health emergency, as well as to allow self-attestation to demonstrate applicants' financial hardship and risk of homelessness or housing instability as described above in FAOs 2 and 3.
- Categorical Eligibility If an applicant's household income has been verified to be at or below 80 percent of the area median income (for ERA1) or if an applicant's household has been verified as a low-income family as defined in section 3(b) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437a(b)) (for ERA2) in connection with another local, state, or federal government assistance program, grantees are permitted to rely on a determination letter from the government agency that verified the applicant's household income or status as a low-income family, provided that the determination for such program was made on or after January 1, 2020.
- Fact-specific proxy A grantee may rely on a written attestation from the applicant as to household income if the grantee also uses any reasonable fact-specific proxy for household income, such as reliance on data regarding average incomes in the household's geographic area.

Grantees also have discretion to provide waivers or exceptions to this documentation requirement to accommodate disabilities, extenuating circumstances related to the pandemic, or a lack of technological access. In these cases, the grantee is still responsible for making the required determination regarding the applicant's household income and documenting that determination. Treasury encourages grantees to partner with state unemployment departments or entities that administer federal benefits with income requirements to assist with the verification process,

consistent with applicable law.

5. ERA funds may be used for rent and rental arrears. How should a grantee document where an applicant resides and the amount of rent or rental arrears owed?

Grantees must obtain, if available, a current lease, signed by the applicant and the landlord or sublessor, that identifies the unit where the applicant resides and establishes the rental payment amount. If a household does not have a signed lease, documentation of residence may include evidence of paying utilities for the residential unit, an attestation by a landlord who can be identified as the verified owner or management agent of the unit, or other reasonable documentation as determined by the grantee. In the absence of a signed lease, evidence of the amount of a rental payment may include bank statements, check stubs, or other documentation that reasonably establishes a pattern of paying rent, a written attestation by a landlord who can be verified as the legitimate owner or management agent of the unit, or other reasonable documentation as defined by the grantee in its policies and procedures.

Written Attestation: If an applicant is able to provide satisfactory evidence of residence but is unable to present adequate documentation of the amount of the rental obligation, grantees may accept a written attestation from the applicant to support the payment of assistance up to a monthly maximum of 100 percent of the greater of the Fair Market Rent or the Small Area Fair Market Rent for the area in which the applicant resides, as most recently determined by HUD and made available at https://www.huduser.gov/portal/datasets/fmr.html. In this case, the applicant must also attest that the household has not received, and does not anticipate receiving, another source of public or private subsidy or assistance for the rental costs that are the subject of the attestation. This limited payment is intended to provide the most vulnerable households the opportunity to gather additional documentation of the amount of the rental obligation or to negotiate with landlords in order to avoid eviction. The assistance described in this paragraph may only be provided for three months at a time, and a grantee must obtain evidence of rent owed consistent with the above after three months in order to provide further assistance to such a household; Treasury expects that in most cases the household would be able to provide documentation of the amount of the rental obligation in any applications for further assistance.

6. ERA funds may be used for "utilities and home energy costs" and "utilities and home energy costs arrears." How are those terms defined and how should those costs be documented?

Utilities and home energy costs are separately stated charges related to the occupancy of rental property. Accordingly, utilities and home energy costs include separately stated electricity, gas, water and sewer, trash removal, and energy costs, such as fuel oil. Payments to public utilities are permitted.

All payments for utilities and home energy costs should be supported by a bill, invoice, or evidence of payment to the provider of the utility or home energy service.

Utilities and home energy costs that are covered by the landlord will be treated as rent.

7. The statutes establishing ERA1 and ERA2 allow the funds to be used for certain "other

expenses," as defined by the Secretary. What are some examples of these "other expenses"?

Under the statute establishing ERA1, funds used for "other expenses" must be related to housing and "incurred due, directly or indirectly, to the novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) outbreak." In contrast, the statute establishing ERA2 requires that "other expenses" be "related to housing" but does not require that they be incurred due to the COVID-19 outbreak.

For both ERA1 and ERA2, other expenses related to housing include relocation expenses (including prospective relocation expenses), such as rental security deposits, and rental fees, which may include application or screening fees. It can also include reasonable accrued late fees (if not included in rental or utility arrears), and Internet service provided to the rental unit. Internet service provided to a residence is related to housing and is in many cases a vital service that allows renters to engage in distance learning, telework, and telemedicine and obtain government services. However, given that coverage of Internet would reduce the amount of funds available for rental assistance, grantees should adopt policies that govern in what circumstances that they will determine that covering this cost would be appropriate. In addition, rent or rental bonds, where a tenant posts a bond with a court as a condition to obtaining a hearing, reopening an eviction action, appealing an order of eviction, reinstating a lease, or otherwise avoiding an eviction order, may also be considered an eligible expense.

All payments for housing-related expenses must be supported by documentary evidence such as a bill, invoice, or evidence of payment to the provider of the service. If a housing-related expense is included in a bundle or an invoice that is not itemized (for example, internet services bundled together with telephone and cable television services) and obtaining an itemized invoice would be unduly burdensome, grantees may establish and apply reasonable procedures for determining the portion of the expense that is appropriate to be covered by ERA. As discussed in FAQ 26 below, under certain circumstances, the cost of a hotel stay may also be covered as an "other expense."

8. Must a beneficiary of the rental assistance program have rental arrears?

No. The statutes establishing ERA1 and ERA2 permit the enrollment of households for only prospective benefits. For ERA1, if an applicant has rental arrears, the grantee may not make commitments for prospective rent payments unless it has also provided assistance to reduce the rental arrears; this requirement does not apply to ERA2.

9. May a grantee provide assistance for arrears that have accrued before the date of enactment of the statute?

Yes, but not for arrears accrued before March 13, 2020, the date of the emergency declaration pursuant to section 501(b) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5191(b).

10. Is there a limit on how many months of financial assistance a tenant can receive?

Yes. In ERA1, an eligible household may receive up to twelve (12) months of assistance (plus an additional three (3) months if necessary to ensure housing stability for the household, subject to the availability of funds). The aggregate amount of financial assistance an eligible household may

receive under ERA2, when combined with financial assistance under ERA1, must not exceed 18 months.

In ERA1, financial assistance for prospective rent payments is limited to three months based on any application by or on behalf of the household, except that the household may receive assistance for prospective rent payments for additional months (i) subject to the availability of remaining funds currently allocated to the grantee, and (ii) based on a subsequent application for additional assistance. In no case may an eligible household receive more than 18 months of assistance under ERA1 and ERA2, combined.

11. Must a grantee pay for all of a household's rental or utility arrears?

No. The full payment of arrears is allowed up to the limits established by the statutes, as described in FAQ 10 above. A grantee may structure a program to provide less than full coverage of arrears. Grantees are encouraged to consider whether payments of less than the full amount of arrears may result in a significant disincentive for landlord participation in the ERA program. Moreover, consistent with FAQ 32, grantees should consider methods for avoiding evictions for nonpayment or utility cutoffs in cases where arrearages are paid only in part.

12. What outreach should be made by a grantee to a landlord or utility provider before determining that the landlord or utility provider will not accept direct payment from the grantee?

Treasury expects that in general, rental and utility assistance can be provided most effectively and efficiently when the landlord or utility provider participates in the program. However, in cases where a landlord or utility provider does not participate in the program, the only way to achieve the statutory purpose is to provide assistance directly to the eligible household.

In ERA1, grantees must make reasonable efforts to obtain the cooperation of landlords and utility providers to accept payments from the ERA program. Outreach will be considered complete if (i) a request for participation is sent in writing, by mail, to the landlord or utility provider, and the addressee does not respond to the request within seven calendar days after mailing; (ii) the grantee has made at least three attempts by phone, text, or e-mail over a five calendar-day period to request the landlord or utility provider's participation; or (iii) a landlord confirms in writing that the landlord does not wish to participate. The final outreach attempt or notice to the landlord must be documented. The cost of contacting landlords would be an eligible administrative cost.

ERA2 does not require grantees to seek the cooperation of the landlord or utility provider before providing assistance directly to the tenant. However, if an ERA2 grantee chooses to seek the cooperation of landlords or utility providers before providing assistance directly to tenants, Treasury strongly encourages the grantee to apply the same ERA1 requirements as described above.

13. Is there a requirement that the eligible household have been in its current rental home when the public health emergency with respect to COVID-19 was declared?

No. There is no requirement regarding the length of tenure in the current unit.

14. What data should a grantee collect regarding households to which it provides rental assistance in order to comply with Treasury's reporting and recordkeeping requirements?

Treasury provided interim guidance to ERA1 grantees regarding reporting requirements covering the period January through May 2021. The interim guidance required grantees to report limited data elements for the first quarter of 2021, as well as monthly for April to August. A grantee's failure to submit required reports to Treasury on a timely basis may constitute a violation of the ERA award terms.

Treasury has provided grantees with additional guidance regarding quarterly reporting requirements. Grantees are required to submit reports in accordance with the additional guidance beginning with the first quarter of 2021 for ERA1 and the second quarter of 2021 for ERA2, with the first reports under the additional guidance being due in October 2021.

ERA1 grantees will be required to submit monthly reports from September to December 2021, which will be consistent with monthly reports that were previously required for April to August.

Treasury's Office of Inspector General may require the collection of additional information in order to fulfill its oversight and monitoring requirements.⁶ Grantees under ERA1 must comply with the requirement in section 501(g)(4) of Division N of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, to establish data privacy and security requirements for information they collect; grantees under ERA2 are also encouraged to comply with those requirements.⁷

The assistance listing number assigned to the ERA is 21.023.

15. The statute establishing ERA1 requires that payments not be duplicative of any other federally funded rental assistance provided to an eligible household. Are tenants of federally subsidized housing, e.g., Low Income Housing Credit, Public Housing, or Indian Housing Block Grant-assisted properties, eligible for the ERA?

An eligible household that occupies a federally subsidized residential or mixed-use property or receives federal rental assistance may receive assistance in the ERA, provided that ERA1 funds are not applied to costs that have been or will be reimbursed under any other federal assistance. Grantees are required to comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act (which prohibits discrimination on the ground of race, color, or national origin in programs or activities receiving federal financial assistance) and should evaluate whether their policies and practices regarding assistance to households that occupy federally subsidized residential or mixed-use properties or receive federal rental assistance comply with Title VI. In addition, grantees are required to comply

⁶ Note that this FAQ is not intended to address all reporting requirements that will apply to the ERA but rather to note for grantees information that they should anticipate needing to collect from households with respect to the provision of rental assistance.

⁷ Specifically, the statute establishing ERA1 requires grantees to establish data privacy and security requirements for certain information regarding applicants that (i) include appropriate measures to ensure that the privacy of the individuals and households is protected; (ii) provide that the information, including any personally identifiable information, is collected and used only for the purpose of submitting reports to Treasury; and (iii) provide confidentiality protections for data collected about any individuals who are survivors of intimate partner violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

with the Fair Housing Act. With respect to ERA2, grantees must not refuse to provide assistance to households on the basis that they occupy such properties or receive such assistance, due to the disproportionate effect such a refusal could have on populations intended to receive assistance under the ERA and the potential for such a practice to violate applicable law, including Title VI and the Fair Housing Act.

If an eligible household participates in a HUD-assisted rental program or lives in certain federally assisted properties (e.g., using a Housing Choice Voucher, Public Housing, or Project-Based Rental Assistance) and the tenant rent is adjusted according to changes in income, the renter household may receive ERA1 assistance for the tenant-owed portion of rent or utilities that is not subsidized. Grantees are encouraged to confirm that the participant has already reported any income loss or financial hardship to the Public Housing Authority or property manager and completed an interim re-examination before assistance is provided.

Treasury encourages grantees to enter into partnerships with owners of federally subsidized housing to implement methods of meeting the statutory requirement to prioritize assistance to households with income that does not exceed 50 percent of the area median income for the household, or where one or more individuals within the household are unemployed as of the date of the application for assistance and have not been employed for the 90-day period preceding such date.

Pursuant to section 501(k)(3)(B) of Division N of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, and 2 CFR 200.403, when providing ERA1 assistance, the grantee must review the household's income and sources of assistance to confirm that the ERA1 assistance does not duplicate any other assistance, including federal, state, or local assistance provided for the same costs.

Grantees may rely on an attestation from the applicant regarding non-duplication with other government assistance in providing assistance to a household. Grantees with overlapping or contiguous jurisdictions are particularly encouraged to coordinate and participate in joint administrative solutions to meet this requirement. The requirement described in this paragraph does not apply to ERA2; however, to maximize program efficacy, Treasury encourages grantees to minimize the provision of duplicative assistance.

16. In ERA1, may a Tribe or Tribally Designated Housing Entity (TDHE) provide assistance to Tribal members living outside Tribal lands?

Yes. Tribal members living outside Tribal lands may receive ERA1 funds from their Tribe or TDHE, provided they are not already receiving ERA assistance from another Tribe or TDHE, state, or local government.

17. In ERA1, may a Tribe or TDHE provide assistance to non-Tribal members living on Tribal lands?

Yes. A Tribe or TDHE may provide ERA1 funds to non-Tribal members living on Tribal lands, provided these individuals are not already receiving ERA assistance from another Tribe or TDHE, state, or local government.

18. May a grantee provide assistance to households for which the grantee is the landlord?

Yes. A grantee may provide assistance to households for which the grantee is the landlord, provided that the grantee complies with the all provisions of the statute establishing ERA1 or ERA2, as applicable, the award terms, and applicable ERA guidance issued by Treasury, and that no preferences (beyond the prioritization described in FAQ 22) are given to households that reside in the grantee's own properties.

19. May a grantee provide assistance to a renter household with respect to utility or energy costs without also covering rent?

Yes. A grantee is not required to provide assistance with respect to rent in order to provide assistance with respect to utility or energy costs. For ERA1, the limitations in section 501(c)(2)(B) of Division N of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, limiting assistance for prospective rent payments do not apply to the provision of utilities or home energy costs.

20. May a grantee provide ERA assistance to homeowners to cover their mortgage, utility, or energy costs?

No. ERA assistance may be provided only to eligible households, which is defined by statute to include only households that are obligated to pay rent on a residential dwelling. However, homeowners may be eligible for assistance under programs using funds under the Homeowner Assistance Fund, which was established by Treasury under the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.

21. May grantees administer ERA programs by using contractors, subrecipients, or intergovernmental cooperation agreements?

Yes. Grantees may use ERA payments to make subawards to other entities, including non-profit organizations and local governments, to administer ERA programs on behalf of the grantees.

The subrecipient monitoring and management requirements set forth in 2 CFR 200.331–333 will apply to such entities. Grantees may also enter into contracts using ERA payments for goods or services to implement ERA programs. Grantees must comply with the procurement standards set forth in 2 CFR 200.317–327 in entering into such contracts. Grantees are encouraged to achieve administrative efficiency and fiduciary responsibility by collaborating with other grantees in joint administrative solutions to deploying ERA resources.

22. ERA requires a prioritization of assistance for households with incomes less than 50 percent of area median income or households with one or more individuals that have not been employed for the 90-day period preceding the date of application. How should grantees prioritize assistance?

Grantees should establish a preference system for assistance that prioritizes assistance to households with incomes less than 50 percent area median income⁸ and to households with one or more members that have been unemployed for at least 90 days. Grantees should document the

⁸ For the definition of area median income, see FAQ 4 above.

preference system they plan to use and should inform all applicants about available preferences.

Treasury will require grantees to report to Treasury on the methods they have established to implement this prioritization of assistance and to publicly post a description of their prioritization methods, including on their program web page if one exists, by July 15, 2021.

23. ERA1 and ERA2 both allow for up to 10 percent of the funds received by a grantee to be used for certain housing stability services. What are some examples of these services?

ERA1 and ERA2 have different requirements for housing stability services.

Under ERA1, these funds may be used to provide eligible households with case management and other services related to the COVID-19 outbreak, as defined by the Secretary, intended to help keep households stably housed.

Under ERA2, these services do not have to be related to the COVID-19 outbreak.

For purposes of ERA1 and ERA2, housing stability services include those that enable eligible households to maintain or obtain housing. Such services may include, among other things, eviction prevention and eviction diversion programs; mediation between landlords and tenants; housing counseling; fair housing counseling; housing navigators or *promotoras* that help households access ERA programs or find housing; case management related to housing stability; housing-related services for survivors of domestic abuse or human trafficking; legal services or attorney's fees related to eviction proceedings and maintaining housing stability; and specialized services for individuals with disabilities or seniors that support their ability to access or maintain housing. Grantees using ERA funds for housing stability services must maintain records regarding such services and the amount of funds provided to them.

24. Are grantees required to remit interest earned on ERA payments made by Treasury?

No. ERA payments made by Treasury to states, territories, and the District of Columbia are not subject to the requirement of the Cash Management Improvement Act and Treasury's implementing regulations at 31 CFR part 205 to remit interest to Treasury. ERA payments made by Treasury to local governments, Tribes, and TDHEs are not subject to the requirement of 2 CFR 200.305(b)(8)–(9) to maintain balances in an interest-bearing account and remit payments to Treasury.

25. When may Treasury recoup ERA funds from a grantee?

Treasury may recoup ERA funds from a grantee if the grantee does not comply with the applicable limitations on the use of those funds.

26. May rental assistance be provided to temporarily displaced households living in hotels or motels?

Yes. The cost of a hotel or motel room occupied by an eligible household may be covered using ERA assistance within the category of certain "other expenses related to housing" (as described in

FAQ 7) provided that:

- i. the household has been temporarily or permanently displaced from its primary residence or does not have a permanent residence elsewhere;
- ii. the total months of assistance provided to the household do not exceed the applicable time limit described in FAQ 10; and
- iii. documentation of the hotel or motel stay is provided and the other applicable requirements provided in the statute and these FAQs are met.

The cost of the hotel or motel stay would not include expenses incidental to the charge for the room.

Grantees covering the cost of such stays must develop policies and procedures detailing under what circumstances they would provide assistance to cover such stays. In doing so, grantees should consider the cost effectiveness of offering assistance for this purpose as compared to other uses. If a household is eligible for an existing program with narrower eligibility criteria that can provide similar assistance for hotel or motel stays, such as the HUD Emergency Solutions Grant program or FEMA Public Assistance, grantees should utilize such programs prior to providing similar assistance under the ERA program.

27. May a renter subject to a "rent-to-own" agreement with a landlord be eligible for ERA assistance?

A grantee may provide financial assistance to households that are renting their residence under a "rent-to-own" agreement, under which the renter has the option (or obligation) to purchase the property at the end of the lease term, provided that a member of his or her household:

- i. is not a signor or co-signor to the mortgage on the property;
- ii. does not hold the deed or title to the property; and
- iii. has not exercised the option to purchase.

Homeowners may be eligible for assistance under programs using funds under the Homeowner Assistance Fund, which was established by Treasury under the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.

28. Under what circumstances may households living in manufactured housing (mobile homes) receive assistance?

Rental payments for either the manufactured home or the parcel of land the manufactured home occupies are eligible for financial assistance under ERA programs. Households renting manufactured housing or the parcel of land the manufactured home occupies may also receive assistance for utilities and other expenses related to housing, as detailed in FAQ 7 above. This principle also applies to mooring fees for water-based dwellings (houseboats).

29. What are the applicable limitations on administrative expenses?

Under ERA1, not more than 10 percent of the amount paid to a grantee may be used for administrative costs attributable to providing financial assistance and housing stability services to eligible households. Under ERA2, not more than 15 percent of the amount paid to a grantee may be used for administrative costs attributable to providing financial assistance, housing stability services, and other affordable rental housing and eviction prevention activities.

The revised award term for ERA1 issued by Treasury permits recipients to use funds provided to cover both direct and indirect costs. A grantee may permit a subrecipient to incur more than 10 or 15 percent, as applicable, of the amount of the subaward issued to that subrecipient as long as the total of all administrative costs incurred by the grantee and all subrecipients, whether as direct or indirect costs, does not exceed 10 or 15 percent, as applicable, of the total amount of the award provided to the grantee from Treasury.)

Further, the revised award term for ERA1 no longer requires grantees to deduct administrative costs charged to the award from the amount available for housing stability services. Rather, any direct and indirect administrative costs in ERA1 or ERA2 must be allocated by the grantee to either the provision of financial assistance or the provision of housing stability services. As required by the applicable statutes, not more than 10 percent of funds received by a grantee may be used to provide eligible households with housing stability services (discussed in FAQ 23). To the extent administrative costs are not readily allocable to one or the other of these categories, the grantee may assume an allocation of the relevant costs of 90 percent to financial assistance and 10 percent to housing stability services.

Grantees may apply their negotiated indirect cost rate to the award, but only to the extent that the total of the amount charged pursuant to that rate and the amount of direct costs charged to the award does not exceed 10 percent of the amount of the award.

30. Should grantees provide tenants the option to apply directly for ERA assistance, rather than only accepting applications for assistance from landlords and owners of dwellings?

For ERA1, Treasury strongly encourages grantees to provide an option for tenants to apply directly for funding, rather than only accepting applications for assistance from landlords and owners of dwellings. For ERA2, grantees are required to allow tenants to apply directly for assistance, even if the landlord or owner chooses not to participate, consistent with the statutory requirement for the funds to be used to provide financial assistance to eligible households.

See FAQ 12 for additional information on grantees providing assistance to landlords and tenants.

31. How should grantees ensure that recipients use ERA funds only for permissible purposes?

Grantees should require recipients of funds under ERA programs, including tenants and landlords, to commit in writing to use ERA assistance only for the intended purpose before issuing a payment. Grantees are not required to obtain documentation evidencing the use of ERA program

funds by tenants and landlords. Grantees are expected to apply reasonable fraud-prevention procedures and to investigate and address potential instances of fraud or the misuse of funds that they become aware of.

There may be instances when a landlord refuses to accept a payment from a tenant who has received assistance directly from a grantee for the purpose of paying the landlord. In these cases, the grantee may allow the tenant to use the assistance for other eligible costs in accordance with the terms of the grantee's ERA programs.

32. Can grantees prohibit landlords from pursuing eviction for nonpayment of rent for some period after receiving ERA assistance?

With respect to landlords that receive funds under an ERA program for prospective rent or for rental arrearages, the grantee must prohibit the landlord from evicting the tenant for nonpayment of rent with respect to the period covered by the assistance.

In addition, with respect to landlords that receive funds for rental arrears, to promote the purpose of the program the grantee is encouraged to prohibit the landlord from evicting the tenant for nonpayment of rent for some period of time, consistent with applicable law.

In all cases, Treasury strongly encourages grantees to require landlords that receive funds under the ERA, as a condition of receiving the funds, not to evict tenants for nonpayment of rent for 30 to 90 days longer than the period covered by the rental assistance.

33. How can grantees work with other grantees to make their ERA programs consistent?

Treasury encourages grantees with overlapping or contiguous jurisdictions to collaborate to develop consistent or complementary terms of their ERA programs and to coordinate in their communications with the public, to minimize potential confusion among tenants and landlords regarding assistance. Treasury also encourages grantees to reduce burdens for entities seeking assistance from multiple grantees across different jurisdictions, including utility providers and landlords with properties in multiple jurisdictions.

34. Should a grantee require that a landlord initiate an eviction proceeding in order to apply for assistance under an ERA program?

No.

35. How can ERA assistance be used to support an eligible household moving to a new home?

ERA funds may be used to provide assistance to eligible households to cover prospective relocation assistance, rent, and utility or home energy costs, including after an eviction. Treasury encourages grantees to provide prospective support to help ensure housing stability. See FAQ 7 (regarding qualifying relocation expenses) and FAQ 10 (regarding time limits on assistance).

Before moving into a new residence, a tenant may not yet have a rental obligation, as required by

the statutes establishing ERA1 and ERA2. In those cases, Treasury encourages grantees to provide otherwise eligible households with an official document specifying the amount of financial assistance under ERA programs that the grantee will pay a landlord on behalf of the household (such as for a security deposit or rent) if the landlord and the household enter into a qualifying lease of at least six months. Such documentation may expire after a certain period, such as 60 to 120 days after the issuance date. Treasury encourages grantees to work with providers of housing stability services to help these households identify housing that meets their needs. For purposes of reporting to Treasury, grantees may consider these commitments to be an obligation of funding until their expiration.

36. What steps can ERA grantees take to prevent evictions for nonpayment of rent?

Treasury strongly encourages grantees to develop partnerships with courts in their jurisdiction that adjudicate evictions for nonpayment of rent to help prevent evictions and develop eviction diversion programs. For example, grantees should consider: (1) providing information to judges, magistrates, court clerks, and other relevant court officials about the availability of assistance under ERA programs and housing stability services; (2) working with eviction courts to provide information about assistance under ERA programs to tenants and landlords as early in the adjudication process as possible; and (3) engaging providers of legal services and other housing stability services to assist households against which an eviction action for nonpayment of rent has been filed.

37. How can grantees promote access to assistance for all eligible households?

Grantees should address barriers that potentially eligible households may experience in accessing ERA programs, including by providing program documents in multiple languages, by enabling persons with disabilities to access the programs, and by conducting targeted outreach to populations with disproportionately high levels of unemployment or housing instability or that are low income.

Grantees should also provide, either directly or through partner organizations, culturally and linguistically relevant outreach and housing stability services to ensure access to assistance for all eligible households.

38. May grantees obtain information in bulk from utility providers and landlords with multiple units regarding the eligibility of multiple tenants, or bundle assistance payments for the benefit of multiple tenants in a single payment to a utility provider or landlord?

Data-sharing agreements between grantees and utility providers or landlords with multiple units may reduce administrative burdens and enhance program integrity by providing information to validate tenant-provided information. Therefore, grantees may establish prudent information-sharing arrangements with utility providers and landlords for determining household eligibility. Grantees may also establish reasonable procedures for combining the assistance provided for multiple households into a single "bulk" payment made to a utility or landlord. Grantees should ensure that any such arrangements (1) comply with applicable privacy requirements; (2) include appropriate safeguards to ensure payments are made only for eligible households; and (3) are documented in records satisfying the grantee's reporting requirements, including, for example, the amount of assistance paid for each household."

In addition, to speed the delivery of assistance, grantees may adopt policies and procedures enabling landlords and utility providers to receive assistance based on reasonable estimates of arrears owed by multiple households, before their application and documentation requirements are satisfied. Specifically, a grantee may provide for payments based on such estimates if (1) the landlord or utility provider certifies that its estimate is reasonable based on information available to it at the time, (2) the grantee requires the landlord or utility provider to receive all required documentation within six months, and (3) the landlord or utility provider agrees in writing to return to the grantee any assistance the landlord or utility provider receives that the household was ineligible for or for which the required documentation is not received within six months. Grantees are encouraged to limit such payments to a portion of the landlord's or utility provider's estimate (for example, 50 or 75 percent of the estimated amount) to limit the risk of providing funds that are used for an ineligible purpose and subsequently must be returned. If an estimated payment is subsequently found to have been used for an ineligible household or an ineligible expense, or if the required documentation is not timely submitted, the payment will be considered an ineligible use of ERA funds by the grantee.

39. If ERA program funds are used for a security deposit for a lease, to whom should the landlord return the security deposit at the end of the lease?

Grantees should establish a policy with regard to the payment and disposition of security deposits, which should include a reasonable limit on the amount of a security deposit to be paid using ERA program funds. The amount of a security deposit should not exceed one month's rent, except in cases where a higher amount is reasonable and customary in the local housing market. The treatment of security deposits is generally subject to applicable law and the rental agreement. In order to mitigate risks associated with the use of ERA program funds for security deposits, grantees should establish a minimum rental period, not less than four months, before a tenant is entitled to receive a returned security deposit that was paid for with ERA funds. To the extent that the security deposit is not returned to the tenant, it should be returned to the grantee.

40. May ERA assistance be used for rental or utility arrears after the tenant no longer resides in the unit?

In order to remove barriers a household may face in accessing new housing, a grantee may, at the tenant's request, provide assistance for rental or utility arrears after an otherwise eligible tenant has vacated a unit. In addition to not engaging in further collection efforts regarding the arrears that are paid or related fees or expenses, as a condition to receiving payment, Treasury strongly encourages grantees to require the landlord or utility provider to agree not to pursue any further collection efforts against the household and ensure that any reports to credit agencies will confirm the matter's resolution. In addition, grantees may consider requiring the landlord or utility provider to notify the tenant that payment has been received and that there will be no further collection efforts.

41. May a grantee provide additional payments to landlords that enter into leases with eligible households experiencing circumstances that make it more difficult to secure rental housing?

Grantees may use ERA funds to pay for an additional rental payment required by a landlord as a

condition to entering into a lease with a "hard-to-house" household that would not qualify under the landlord's previously established, non-discriminatory, and lawful screening or occupancy policies. "Hard-to-house" applicants are those who, during the preceding 12 months, suffered an eviction; aged out of foster care or similar arrangements; were convicted of a criminal offense or released from incarceration; or experienced homelessness. The additional payment must be documented in the written lease agreement as additional rent and may not, in the aggregate, exceed one month's rent (excluding the additional payment). Grantees should establish reasonable safeguards to ensure these additional rental payments do not incentivize landlords to adopt more stringent leasing policies and are otherwise compliant with any rent or security deposit restrictions imposed by state or local law.

42. May a grantee provide ERA funds to another entity for the purpose of making payments more rapidly?

To speed the delivery of assistance, grantees may enter into a written agreement with a nonprofit organization to establish a payment fund for the sole purpose of delivering assistance using ERA funds while a household's application remains in process. A grantee may use such a process if:

- The process is reserved for situations in which an expedited payment could reasonably be viewed as necessary to prevent an eviction or loss of utility services that precludes employing the grantee's standard application and payment procedures on a timely basis.
- The nonprofit organization has the requisite financial capacity to manage the ERA funds, such as being a certified community development financial institution.
- The nonprofit organization deposits and maintains the ERA funds in a separate account that is not commingled with other funds.
- The grantee receives all required application and eligibility documentation within six
- The nonprofit organization agrees in writing to return to the grantee any assistance that the household was ineligible for or for which the required documentation is not received within six months.
- Any funds not used by the nonprofit organization are ultimately returned to the grantee.

If a payment made by the nonprofit organization is subsequently found to have been used for an ineligible household or an ineligible expense, or if the required application and eligibility documentation are not timely submitted, the payment will be considered an ineligible use of ERA funds by the grantee. Any administrative expenses attributable to a payment fund should be considered in accordance with FAQ 29.

EXHIBIT D Invoice Package

- 1. Monthly Expenditure Report
- 2. Monthly Client Data Report
- 3. Monthly and Quarterly Reporting Elements

EXPENDITURE REPORT

AGENCY NAME: City of San Antonio	Invoice No:	
PROJECT NAME:		
ADDRESS: 106 S. St. Mary's, 7th Floor, San		
PERIOD COVERED:		
Certified Correct:	County Approval:	
Title:	Date:	

ERA 2 REPORTING ELEMENTS AND DEFINITIONS

Zip Code Report

Zip Code	Total Assistance	Households
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Demographic Information

Please provide the following disaggregated demographic information for the data element below. For any data fields that do not apply, please enter '0'.

Number of unique households that completed and submitted an application for ERA assistance:

	Disaggregated Categories	#
Race	American Indian or Alaska	
	Asian	
	Black or African American	
	Native Hawaiian or Other	
	White	
,	Mixed-Race	
	Declined to Answer	

F	Activities and a second a second and a second a second and a second and a second and a second and a second an	
	Data not Collected	
Ethnicity	Hispanic or Latino	
	Not Hispanic or Latino	
	Declined to Answer	
	Data Not Collected	
Gender	Male	
	Female	
,	Non-Binary	
	Declined to Answer	
	Data Not Collected	

Participant Household Payment Data

Address Line	Record the first line of physical address for the Participant Household receiving assistance. *P.O. Boxes cannot be accepted
City Name	Name of the city in which the Payee address is located.
State Code	Report the United States Postal Service (USPS) two-letter abbreviation for the state or territory in which the address of the tenant receiving assistance is located. Valid Responses: (AL, AK, AS, AZ, AR, CA, CO, CT, DE, DC, FM, FL, GA, GU, HI, ID, IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, LA, ME, MH, MD, MA, MI, MN, MS, MO, MT, NE, NV, NH, NJ, NM, NY, NC, ND, MP, OH, OK, OR, PW, PA, PR, RI, SC, SD, TN, TX, UT, VT, VI, VA, WA, WV, WI, WY)
Zip5	Report the United States ZIP code (five digits) concatenated with the additional +4 digits associated with the physical address of the tenant receiving assistance. Format XXXXXX, 5 numeric characters.
Payee Type	Here you will identify the type of entity/individual who was paid the ERA assistance. Please copy and paste ONE of the following choices as appropriate:
	- Landlord or Owner - Utility / Home Energy Service Provider - Other Housing Services and Eligible Expenses Provider

Amount of Payment	Report the total amount dispersed to the Payee (entity or individual). DO NOT INCLUDE \$ sign when entering amount.
Date of Payment	Report the date which payment was processed to Payee (entity or individual). Format MM/DD/YYYY
Type of Assistance Covered by the payment	Here you will identify the predominant type of ERA assistance covered by the payment to Payee (entity or individual). Please enter copy and paste ONE of the following choices as appropriate: - Financial Assistance: Rent; - Financial Assistance: Rental Arrears; - Financial Assistance: Utility/Home Energy Costs; - Financial Assistance: Utility/Home Energy Costs Arrears; - Financial Assistance: Other Housing Costs Incurred due to Covid-19;
Start Date Covered by the Payment	Report the start date indicating the time period covered by the assistance. Format MM/DD/YYYY

ECD Invoice Cover Sheet

		invoice Date:	
		Invoice Number:	
	City of San Antonio Neighborhood & Housing Services	Community Impact Division Department	
1	The Britain and a troubing services a	o c p ai ciri ciric	
Monthly	y Invoice for Emergency Rental Assista	ance (Administrative Cost)	
,			
	Information above has been verified and Household	Report attached for review.	
Prepared by:			
Approved by:	City of San Antonio Representative	Date	
3			

Community Impact Representative	Date

City of San Antonio Neighborhood & Housing Services Department Monthly Invoice for Emergency Rental Assistance (COSA-ERA II)
Community Impact Division City of San Antonio Neighborhood & Housing Services Department
City of San Antonio Neighborhood & Housing Services Department
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Monthly Invoice for Emergency Rental Assistance (COSA-ERA II)
Monthly Invoice for Emergency Rental Assistance (COSA-ERA II)
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Information above has been verified and Household Report attached for review.
Prepared by:
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City of San Antonio Representative Date
Approved by:
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	Community Impact Representative	Date
	Invoice Date:	
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	Community Imp	pact Division
	City of San Antonio	
	Neighborhood & Housing Services Department	
	Monthly Invoice for Emergency Rental Assistance (COSA-ER	A II)

Prepared by:		
	City of San Antonio Representative	Date
Approved by:		
	Community Impact Representative	Date

Quarterly report

San Antonio, Texas - QX Month Year- Month Year

	Month Year- Month Year
	HOUSEHOLDS ASSISTED
	Number of unique households that completed and submitted an application for ERA assistance
	Total number of unique households that received assistance of any kind under the ERA program
	Number of unique households that received ERA assistance of any kind for the first time
E	ERA ASSISTANCE PROVIDED
	Number of unique households that received ERA assistance by type
а	Rent
b	Rental arrears
С	Utilities/home energy bills
d	Utilities/home energy cost arrears
е	Other expenses related to housing
f	Housing stability services
ROTEC	TING VULNERABLE COMMUNITIES
	Number of unique households at certain income levels:
	less than 30% of the Area Median Income
	Between 30% and 50% of the Area Median Income

	Between 50% and 80% of the Area Median Income	***************************************
	Total number of households that were deemed categorically eligible to receive	
	ERA assistance based on prior enrollment in other income-based federal benefit	
	programs	
	programs	(i)
	Total number of recipient households whose income eligibility was determined	
	with a fact-based proxy	
1570->	Total amount of ERA award paid to or for participating households	***************************************
	Average Number of Months of Rent or <u>Utility/Home Energy Payments</u> Covered for	
	Each Participant Household	
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	TOTAL OBLIGATIONS AND EXPENDITURES	
****************	TOTAL OBLIGATIONS AND EXPENDITURES	december and the second
a-1446), 411 sa 110 sa 241		
Miles and the second second	Total Dollar Amount of ERA Award Funds Approved (Obligated) to or for	
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