

# HISTORIC AND DESIGN REVIEW COMMISSION

February 19, 2025

**HDRC CASE NO:** 2024-379  
**ADDRESS:** 114 DEWBERRY ST  
**LEGAL DESCRIPTION:** NCB 6461 (MISTLETOE ADDITION SUBDIVISION), BLOCK 1 LOT 57  
**ZONING:** R-4, H  
**CITY COUNCIL DIST.:** 1  
**DISTRICT:** River Road Historic District  
**APPLICANT:** Joseph Keresztury/True Stone Custom Homes, LLC  
**OWNER:** Stephanie Pina/PINA DANIEL & STEPHANIE  
**TYPE OF WORK:** New Construction  
**APPLICATION RECEIVED:** January 15, 2025  
**60-DAY REVIEW:** March 16, 2025  
**CASE MANAGER:** Caitlin Brown-Clancy

## REQUEST:

The applicant is requesting a Certificate of Appropriateness to construct a new 2-story, single-family residence totaling approximately a 2,400 sf building footprint with an attached porte cochere.

## APPLICABLE CITATIONS:

*Historic Design Guidelines, Chapter 4, Guidelines for New Construction*

### 1. Building and Entrance Orientation

#### A. FAÇADE ORIENTATION

i. Setbacks—Align front facades of new buildings with front facades of adjacent buildings where a consistent setback has been established along the street frontage. Use the median setback of buildings along the street frontage where a variety of setbacks exist. Refer to UDC Article 3, Division 2. Base Zoning Districts for applicable setback requirements.

ii. Orientation—Orient the front façade of new buildings to be consistent with the predominant orientation of historic buildings along the street frontage.

#### B. ENTRANCES

i. Orientation—Orient primary building entrances, porches, and landings to be consistent with those historically found along the street frontage. Typically, historic building entrances are oriented towards the primary street.

### 2. Building Massing and Form

#### A. SCALE AND MASS

i. Similar height and scale—Design new construction so that its height and overall scale are consistent with nearby historic buildings. In residential districts, the height and scale of new construction should not exceed that of the majority of historic buildings by more than one-story. In commercial districts, building height shall conform to the established pattern. If there is no more than a 50% variation in the scale of buildings on the adjacent block faces, then the height of the new building shall not exceed the tallest building on the adjacent block face by more than 10%.

ii. Transitions—Utilize step-downs in building height, wall-plane offsets, and other variations in building massing to provide a visual transition when the height of new construction exceeds that of adjacent historic buildings by more than one-half story.

iii. Foundation and floor heights—Align foundation and floor-to-floor heights (including porches and balconies) within one foot of floor-to-floor heights on adjacent historic structures.

#### B. ROOF FORM

i. Similar roof forms—Incorporate roof forms—pitch, overhangs, and orientation—that are consistent with those predominantly found on the block. Roof forms on residential building types are typically sloped, while roof forms on non-residential building types are more typically flat and screened by an ornamental parapet wall.

#### C. RELATIONSHIP OF SOLIDS TO VOIDS

i. Window and door openings—Incorporate window and door openings with a similar proportion of wall to window space as typical with nearby historic facades. Windows, doors, porches, entryways, dormers, bays, and pediments shall be considered similar if they are no larger than 25% in size and vary no more than 10% in height to width ratio from adjacent historic facades.

ii. Façade configuration—The primary façade of new commercial buildings should be in keeping with established patterns. Maintaining horizontal elements within adjacent cap, middle, and base precedents will establish a consistent street wall through the alignment of horizontal parts. Avoid blank walls, particularly on elevations visible from the street. No new façade should exceed 40 linear feet without being penetrated by windows, entryways, or other defined bays.

#### D. LOT COVERAGE

i. Building to lot ratio—New construction should be consistent with adjacent historic buildings in terms of the building to lot ratio. Limit the building footprint for new construction to no more than 50 percent of the total lot area, unless adjacent historic buildings establish a precedent with a greater building to lot ratio.

### 3. Materials and Textures

#### A. NEW MATERIALS

i. Complementary materials—Use materials that complement the type, color, and texture of materials traditionally found in the district. Materials should not be so dissimilar as to distract from the historic interpretation of the district. For example, corrugated metal siding would not be appropriate for a new structure in a district comprised of homes with wood siding.

ii. Alternative use of traditional materials—Consider using traditional materials, such as wood siding, in a new way to provide visual interest in new construction while still ensuring compatibility.

iii. Roof materials—Select roof materials that are similar in terms of form, color, and texture to traditionally used in the district.

iv. Metal roofs—Construct new metal roofs in a similar fashion as historic metal roofs. Refer to the Guidelines for Alterations and Maintenance section for additional specifications regarding metal roofs.

v. Imitation or synthetic materials—Do not use vinyl siding, plastic, or corrugated metal sheeting.

Contemporary materials not traditionally used in the district, such as brick or simulated stone veneer and Hardie Board or other fiberboard siding, may be appropriate for new construction in some locations as long as new materials are visually similar to the traditional material in dimension, finish, and texture. EIFS is not recommended as a substitute for actual stucco.

#### B. REUSE OF HISTORIC MATERIALS

Salvaged materials—Incorporate salvaged historic materials where possible within the context of the overall design of the new structure.

### 4. Architectural Details

#### A. GENERAL

i. Historic context—Design new buildings to reflect their time while respecting the historic context. While new construction should not attempt to mirror or replicate historic features, new structures should not be so dissimilar as to distract from or diminish the historic interpretation of the district.

ii. Architectural details—Incorporate architectural details that are in keeping with the predominant architectural style along the block face or within the district when one exists. Details should be simple in design and should complement, but not visually compete with, the character of the adjacent historic structures or other historic structures within the district. Architectural details that are more ornate or elaborate than those found within the district are inappropriate.

iii. Contemporary interpretations—Consider integrating contemporary interpretations of traditional designs and details for new construction. Use of contemporary window moldings and door surroundings, for example, can

provide visual interest while helping to convey the fact that the structure is new. Modern materials should be implemented in a way that does not distract from the historic structure.

## 5. Garages and Outbuildings

### A. DESIGN AND CHARACTER

- i. Massing and form—Design new garages and outbuildings to be visually subordinate to the principal historic structure in terms of their height, massing, and form.
- ii. Building size – New outbuildings should be no larger in plan than 40 percent of the principal historic structure footprint.
- iii. Character—Relate new garages and outbuildings to the period of construction of the principal building on the lot through the use of complementary materials and simplified architectural details.
- iv. Windows and doors—Design window and door openings to be similar to those found on historic garages or outbuildings in the district or on the principle historic structure in terms of their spacing and proportions.
- v. Garage doors—Incorporate garage doors with similar proportions and materials as those traditionally found in the district.

### B. SETBACKS AND ORIENTATION

- i. Orientation—Match the predominant garage orientation found along the block. Do not introduce front-loaded garages or garages attached to the primary structure on blocks where rear or alley-loaded garages were historically used.
- ii. Setbacks—Follow historic setback pattern of similar structures along the streetscape or district for new garages and outbuildings. Historic garages and outbuildings are most typically located at the rear of the lot, behind the principal building. In some instances, historic setbacks are not consistent with UDC requirements and a variance may be required.

## 6. Mechanical Equipment and Roof Appurtenances

### A. LOCATION AND SITING

- i. Visibility—Do not locate utility boxes, air conditioners, rooftop mechanical equipment, skylights, satellite dishes, and other roof appurtenances on primary facades, front-facing roof slopes, in front yards, or in other locations that are clearly visible from the public right-of-way.
- ii. Service Areas—Locate service areas towards the rear of the site to minimize visibility from the public right-of-way.

### B. SCREENING

- i. Building-mounted equipment—Paint devices mounted on secondary facades and other exposed hardware, frames, and piping to match the color scheme of the primary structure or screen them with landscaping.
- ii. Freestanding equipment—Screen service areas, air conditioning units, and other mechanical equipment from public view using a fence, hedge, or other enclosure.
- iii. Roof-mounted equipment—Screen and set back devices mounted on the roof to avoid view from public right-of-way.

## 7. Designing for Energy Efficiency

### A. BUILDING DESIGN

- i. Energy efficiency—Design additions and new construction to maximize energy efficiency.
- ii. Materials—Utilize green building materials, such as recycled, locally-sourced, and low maintenance materials whenever possible.
- iii. Building elements—Incorporate building features that allow for natural environmental control – such as operable windows for cross ventilation.
- iv. Roof slopes—Orient roof slopes to maximize solar access for the installation of future solar collectors where compatible with typical roof slopes and orientations found in the surrounding historic district.

### B. SITE DESIGN

- i. Building orientation—Orient new buildings and additions with consideration for solar and wind exposure in all seasons to the extent possible within the context of the surrounding district.
- ii. Solar access—Avoid or minimize the impact of new construction on solar access for adjoining properties.

## C. SOLAR COLLECTORS

- i. Location—Locate solar collectors on side or rear roof pitch of the primary historic structure to the maximum extent feasible to minimize visibility from the public right-of-way while maximizing solar access. Alternatively, locate solar collectors on a garage or outbuilding or consider a ground-mount system where solar access to the primary structure is limited.
- ii. Mounting (sloped roof surfaces)—Mount solar collectors flush with the surface of a sloped roof. Select collectors that are similar in color to the roof surface to reduce visibility.
- iii. Mounting (flat roof surfaces)—Mount solar collectors flush with the surface of a flat roof to the maximum extent feasible. Where solar access limitations preclude a flush mount, locate panels towards the rear of the roof where visibility from the public right-of-way will be minimized.

### *Standard Specifications for Windows in Additions and New Construction*

- GENERAL: New windows on additions should relate to the windows of the primary historic structure in terms of materiality and overall appearance. Windows used in new construction should be similar in appearance to those commonly found within the district in terms of size, profile, and configuration. While no material is expressly prohibited by the Historic Design Guidelines, a high-quality wood or aluminum-clad wood window product often meets the Guidelines with the stipulations listed below. Whole window systems should match the size of historic windows on property unless otherwise approved.
- SIZE: Windows should feature traditional dimensions and proportions as found within the district.
- SASH: Meeting rails must be no taller than 1.25". Stiles must be no wider than 2.25". Top and bottom sashes must be equal in size unless otherwise approved.
- DEPTH: There should be a minimum of 2" in depth between the front face of the window trim and the front face of the top window sash. This must be accomplished by recessing the window sufficiently within the opening or with the installation of additional window trim to add thickness.
- TRIM: Window trim must feature traditional dimensions and architecturally appropriate casing and sloped sill detail. Window track components such as jamb liners must be painted to match the window trim or concealed by a wood window screen set within the opening.
- GLAZING: Windows should feature clear glass. Low-e or reflective coatings are not recommended for replacements. The glazing should not feature faux divided lights with an interior grille. If approved to match a historic window configuration, the window should feature real exterior muntins.
- COLOR: Wood windows should feature a painted finished. If a clad product is approved, white or metallic manufacturer's color is not allowed, and color selection must be presented to staff.
- INSTALLATION: Wood windows should be supplied in a block frame and exclude nailing fins. Window opening sizes should not be altered to accommodate stock sizes prior to approval.
- FINAL APPROVAL: If the proposed window does not meet the aforementioned stipulations, then the applicant must submit updated window specifications to staff for review, prior to purchase and installation. For more assistance, the applicant may request the window supplier to coordinate with staff directly for verification.

## FINDINGS:

- a. The property at 114 Dewberry is currently void of any structures and is contributing to the River Road Historic District. The applicant is requesting conceptual approval to construct a two-story residential structure on the vacant lot.
- b. DESIGN REVIEW COMMITTEE: The applicant met with the Design Review Committee (DRC) on 11/26/24 and again on 12/10/24 after incorporating several revisions. Commissioners remarked upon the

overall height of the structure and its relationship to adjacent homes. Commissioners also noted the need for all window products to adhere to the standard window specifications for new construction. Notes from both DRC meetings are included in the attached exhibits.

c. CONCEPTUAL APPROVAL – This case was conceptually approved by the HDRC on 12/18/24 with the following stipulations;

1. That a wood or aluminum clad wood window that is consistent with the staff's standards for windows in new construction be installed and that the applicant amends the proposed fenestration profile to incorporate windows that feature true divided lights and a 6" mullion between ganged windows, as noted in the applicable citations and in finding k. Updated window specifications must be submitted to Staff prior to final approval. **THIS STIPULATION HAS BEEN MET**
  2. That the applicant submits a measured site plan communicating the driveway location, design, and curb cuts, a landscaping plan, and exterior door specifications as noted in findings k and n. **THIS STIPULATION HAS BEEN MET**
  3. That all mechanical equipment be screened from view from the public right of way, as noted in finding p. **THIS STIPULATION HAS BEEN MET**
  4. ARCHAEOLOGY – An archaeological investigation is required if excavations are necessary near the rear of the property. Impacts to the Upper Labor Acequia shall be avoided. The project shall comply with all federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations regarding archaeology, as applicable. **THIS STIPULATION HAS BEEN MET**
- d. CONTEXT & DEVELOPMENT PATTERN – This lot is currently void of any structures. This block currently lacks any street-facing buildings. However, staff finds that new construction on this block should follow the development pattern of the rest of the historic district.
- e. SETBACKS & ORIENTATION – According to the Guidelines for New Construction, the front facades of new buildings are to align with front facades of adjacent buildings where a consistent setback has been established along the street frontage. Additionally, the orientation of new construction should be consistent with the historic examples found on the block. The applicant has proposed a setback of approximately 14 feet from the property line. Though there are no other street-facing structures on this block, the rest of the River Road historic district features setbacks roughly 11 to 20 feet from the right-of-way. Staff finds that the proposed setback for this new construction features a setback that is equal to or greater than those found historically on the block, and thus conforms to guidelines.
- f. ENTRANCES – According the Guidelines for New Construction 1.B.i. primary building entrances should be orientated towards the primary street. The proposed entrance orientation is appropriate and consistent with the Guidelines.
- g. SCALE & MASS – Per the Guidelines for New Construction 2.A.i., a height and massing similar to historic structures in the vicinity of the proposed new construction should be used. In residential districts, the height and scale of new construction should not exceed that of the majority of historic buildings by more than one-story. Though there are no other street-facing structures on the block, as noted in finding b, River Road predominately features one-story and one-and-a-half-story residences, with a handful of examples of two full stories. The applicant has proposed a massing and scale that is generally consistent with the massing and scale of historic residential structures found within the River Road historic district. Staff finds reducing the overall height of the structure to be no more than 25'0" most appropriate.
- h. ROOF FORM – The applicant has proposed a roof form comprised of front-gabled and side gabled roofs. This is consistent with the Guidelines for New Construction, as the Guidelines note that roof forms for new construction should be comparable with those found historically within the district.
- i. ROOF (MATERIALS): The applicant has proposed to install a composition shingle roof on all roof forms. Staff finds the proposed roofing material consistent with the guidelines. The standing seam metal roof should comply with metal roof specifications as found in the Guidelines for Exterior Maintenance and Alterations.
- j. LOT COVERAGE – Per the Guidelines, the building footprint for new construction should be no more than fifty (50) percent of the size of the total lot area. The proposed residence has a footprint of 2,438

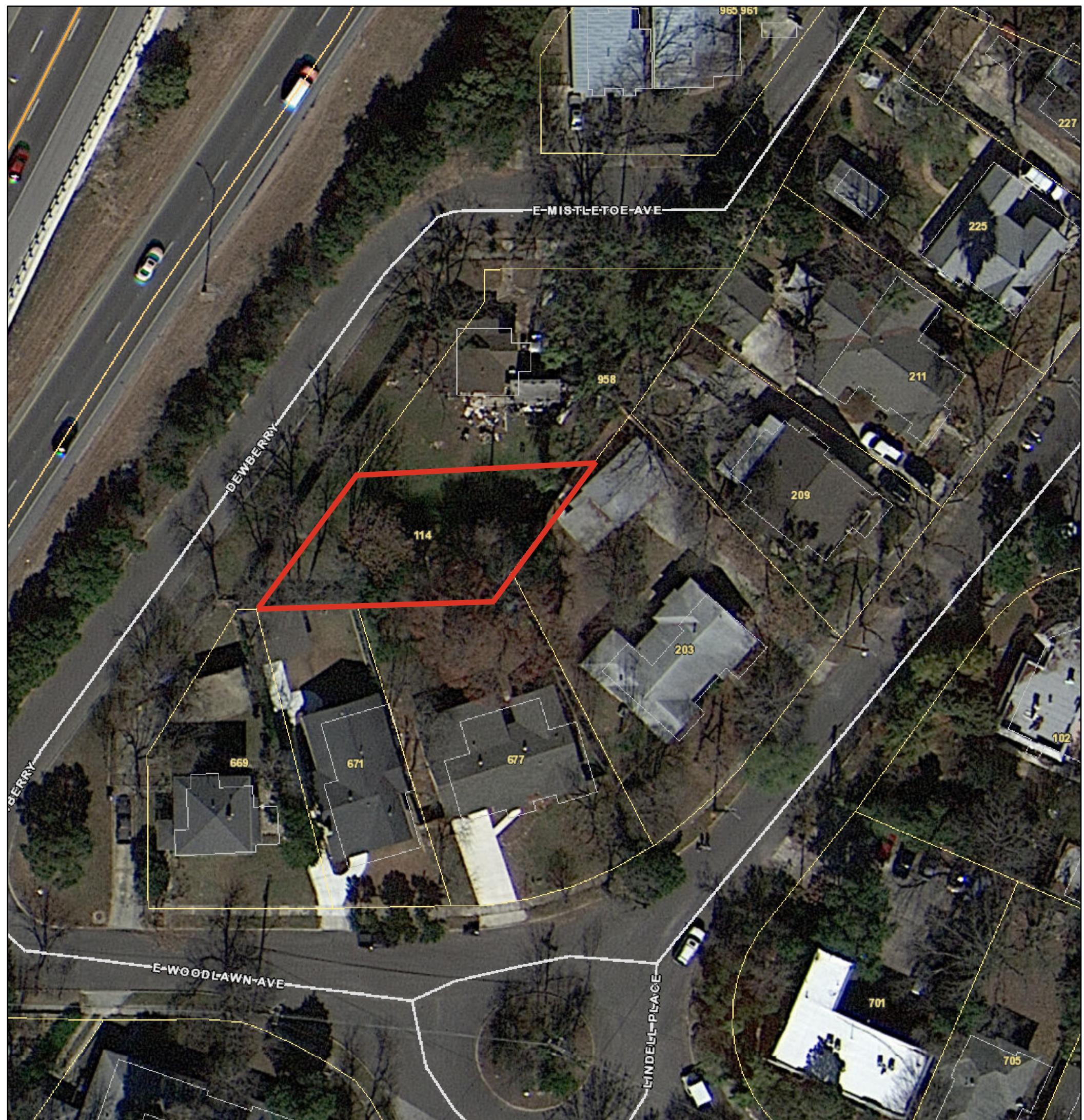
- square feet, which includes the porte cochere and porches. The lot is 6,011 square feet, so the proposed house footprint is 41% of the lot size. Staff finds the lot coverage consistent with the Guidelines.
- k. MATERIALS – The applicant has proposed a structure featuring board & batten siding with wooden porch columns and a brick base. Houses in the River Road historic district are predominately wood-clad. Staff finds the use of board & batten siding and brick detailing to be generally appropriate.
  - l. FENESTRATION MATERIALS & PROFILES – The applicant submitted preliminary window specifications to include a vinyl window product with faux muntins. Faux muntins simulating divided lites do not comply with the Guidelines and staff finds the proposed window product generally inappropriate. Staff finds that a wood or an aluminum-clad wood window that is consistent with the staff's standards for windows in new construction should be installed. Windows should feature traditional sizes and a one-over-one profile. Additionally, true 6" mullions should be featured between ganged windows. The applicant has not submitted any exterior door specifications. Staff finds the applicant should submit exterior door specifications prior to final approval.
  - m. ARCHITECTURAL DETAILS (Porches) – Historic structures within the River Road historic district feature front porches that are a prominent architectural feature of the structure. Historically, porches feature their own massing and roof form. The applicant has proposed an entrance and front porch that are consistent with the Guidelines and generally acceptable.
  - n. ARCHITECTURAL DETAILS (Carports) – The applicant has proposed for the structure to feature a porte cochere on the Northern side of the structure. The Guidelines for New Construction state that garages and outbuildings should relate architecturally to the primary structure. Staff finds the proposed porte cochere consistent with the Guidelines.
  - o. LANDSCAPING – The applicant has not provided a formal landscaping plan as part of conceptual approval. Staff finds that a detailed landscaping plan should be submitted for final approval that is consistent with the Guidelines for Site Elements.
  - p. DRIVEWAYS – The applicant has proposed one driveway but has not submitted a site plan with measurements. Staff finds the applicant should submit a measured site plan indicating driveway location, design, and curb cuts to be submitted to Staff prior to final approval.
  - q. MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT – The applicant has not noted the location of mechanical equipment at this time. All mechanical equipment should be screened from view from the right of way, per the Guidelines.
  - r. ARCHAEOLOGY – The project area is within a River Improvement Overlay District and the River Road Local Historic District. In addition, a review of historical archival documents identified the alignment of the Upper Labor Acequia, a previously recorded archaeological site and designated National Historic Civil Engineering Landmark, likely within or adjacent to the eastern property boundary (rear of the property). Therefore, an archaeological investigation is required if excavations are necessary near the rear of the property. Impacts to the Upper Labor Acequia shall be avoided. The project shall comply with all federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations regarding archaeology, as applicable.

## **RECOMMENDATION:**

Staff recommends approval to construct a 2-story, single-family residence totaling approximately a 2,400 sf building footprint with an attached porte cochere based on the findings with the following stipulation:

- That the board and batten siding features boards that are twelve (12) inches wide with battens that are 1 – ½" wide.

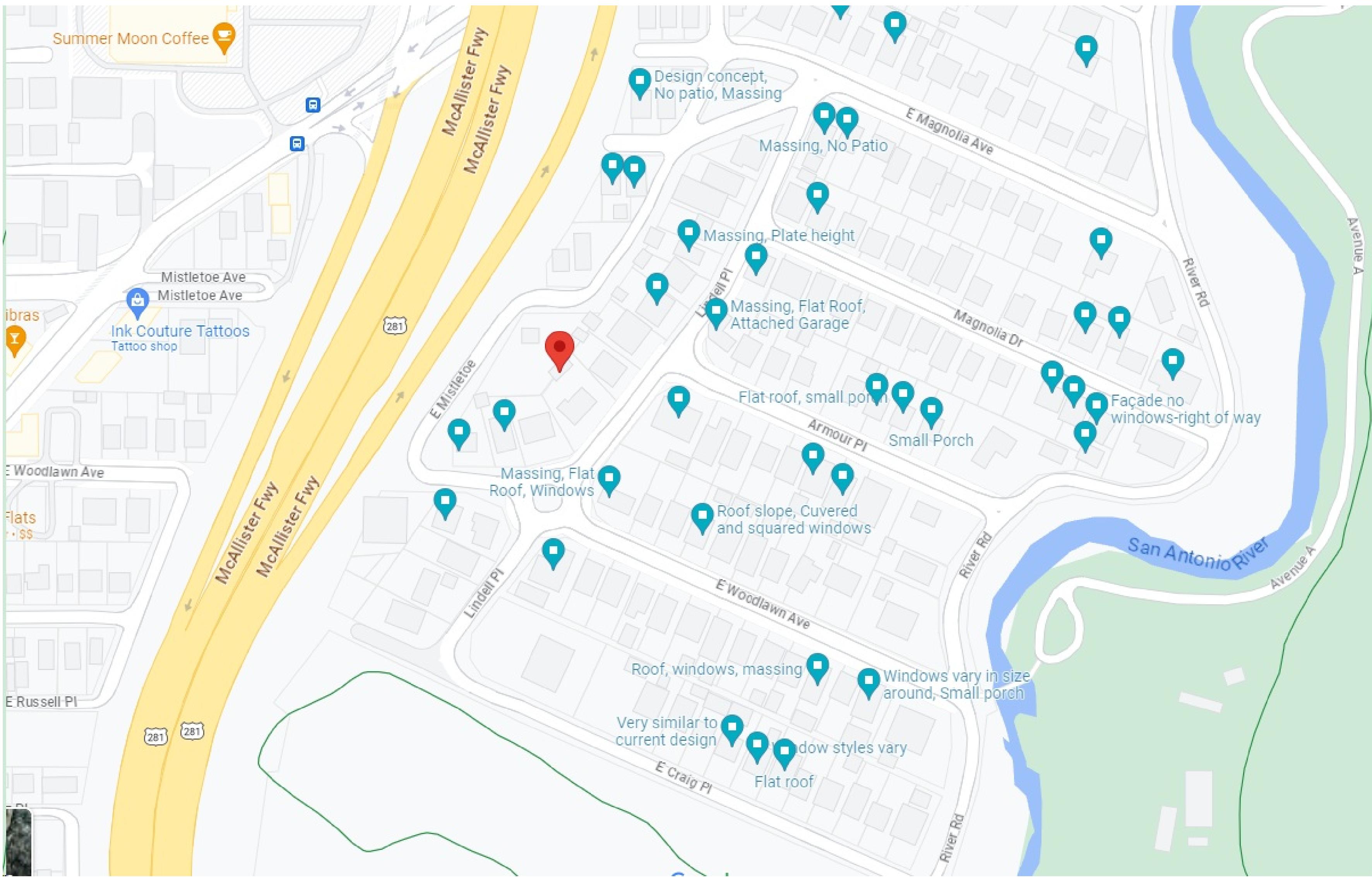
# City of San Antonio One Stop



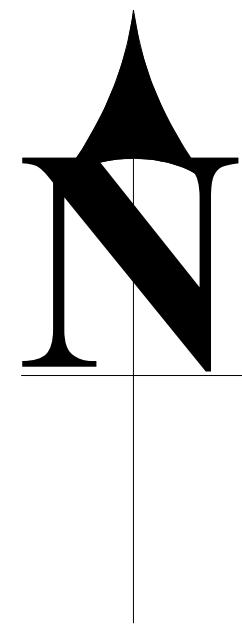
November 25, 2024

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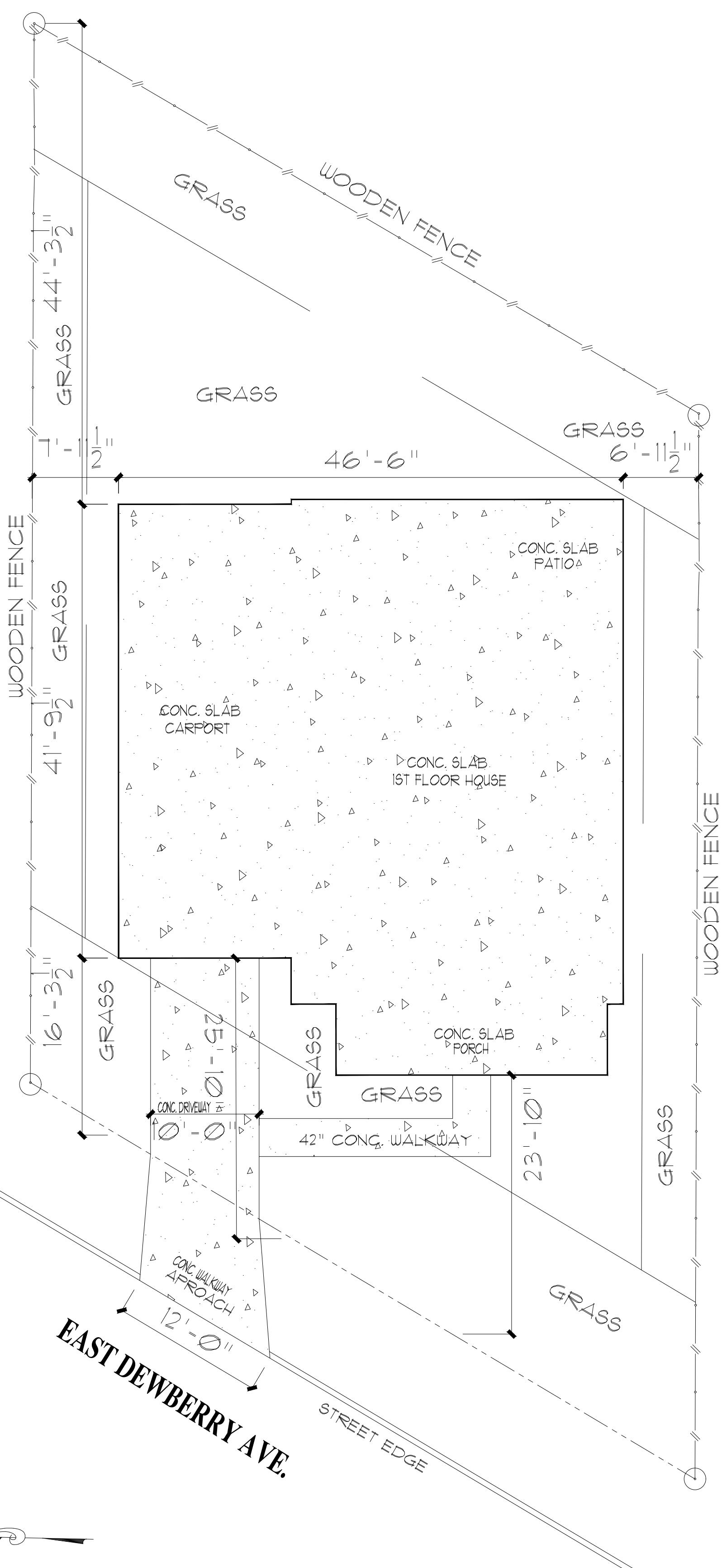
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VICINITY MAP



CURRENT SITE RIGHT OF WAY



## *SITE PLAN*

SCALE: 1" = 20' - 0"

**114 DEWBERRY ESTABLISHING LOT 57,  
BLOCK 1, N.C.B 6461, MISTLETOE ADDITION  
SUBDIVISION, CITY OF SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS**

SQUARE FOOTAGE TABULATIONS:		
FIRST FLR.	1269	#'
SECOND FLR.	667	#'
TOTAL LIVING	1936	#'
COV. PORCH	175	#'
COV. PATIO	109	#'
CARPORT	669	#'
TOTAL UNDER ROOF	2889	#'

SQUARE FOOTAGE TABULATIONS:		
FIRST FLR.	1269	#'
SECOND FLR.	667	#'
<b>TOTAL LIVING</b>	<b>1936</b>	<b>#'</b>
COV. PORCH	175	#'
COV. PATIO	109	#'
CARPORT	669	#'
<b>TOTAL UNDER ROOF</b>	<b>2889</b>	<b>#'</b>

## LAND SURVEY

DATE DRAWN:

SEPTEMBER 18, 2024

DRAWN BY:

DRAWN BY:  
RBA

CHECKED BY:

PBA

RECEIVED  
FEB 19 1988

PLUTONIUM-239

JANUARY 22, 2025

SHEET

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OR  SHEETS

OF | SHEETS

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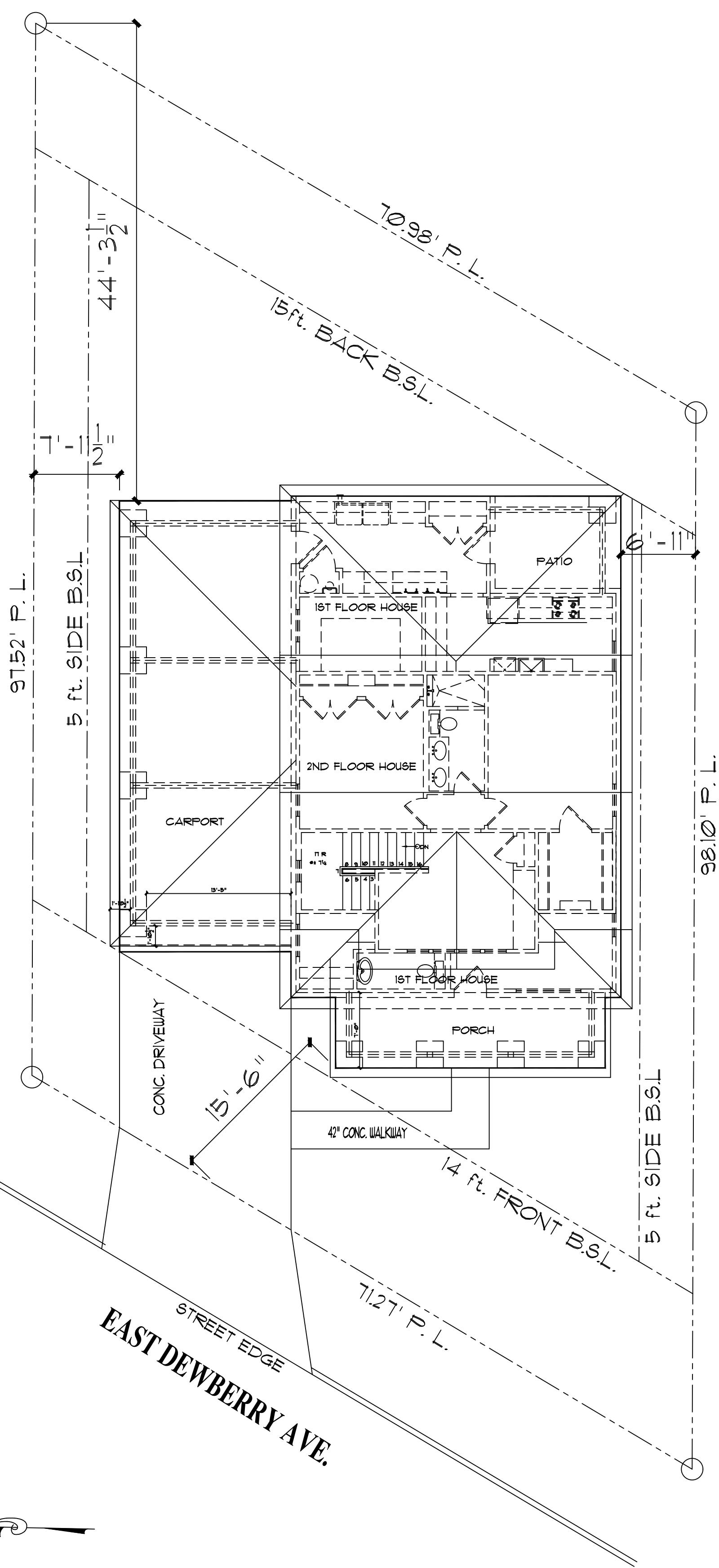
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FD-CD 1006c B

# TBCP-1936-B

SITE-PLAN

FILE:SITE PLAN

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## SITE PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 20'-0"

114 DEWBERRY ESTABLISHING LOT 57,  
BLOCK 1, N.C.B 6461, MISTLETOE ADDITION  
SUBDIVISION, CITY OF SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS  
**BEXAR COUNTY**

THIS PLAN IS THE SOLE PROPERTY OF  
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ANY REPRODUCTION OR OTHER USE OF THIS PLAN OUTSIDE THE EXPRESSED  
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PROPERTY OF RAMIRO B. ALVAREZ. THE PLANS ARE NOT OFFICIALLY  
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**TRUE STONE**  
CUSTOM HOMES

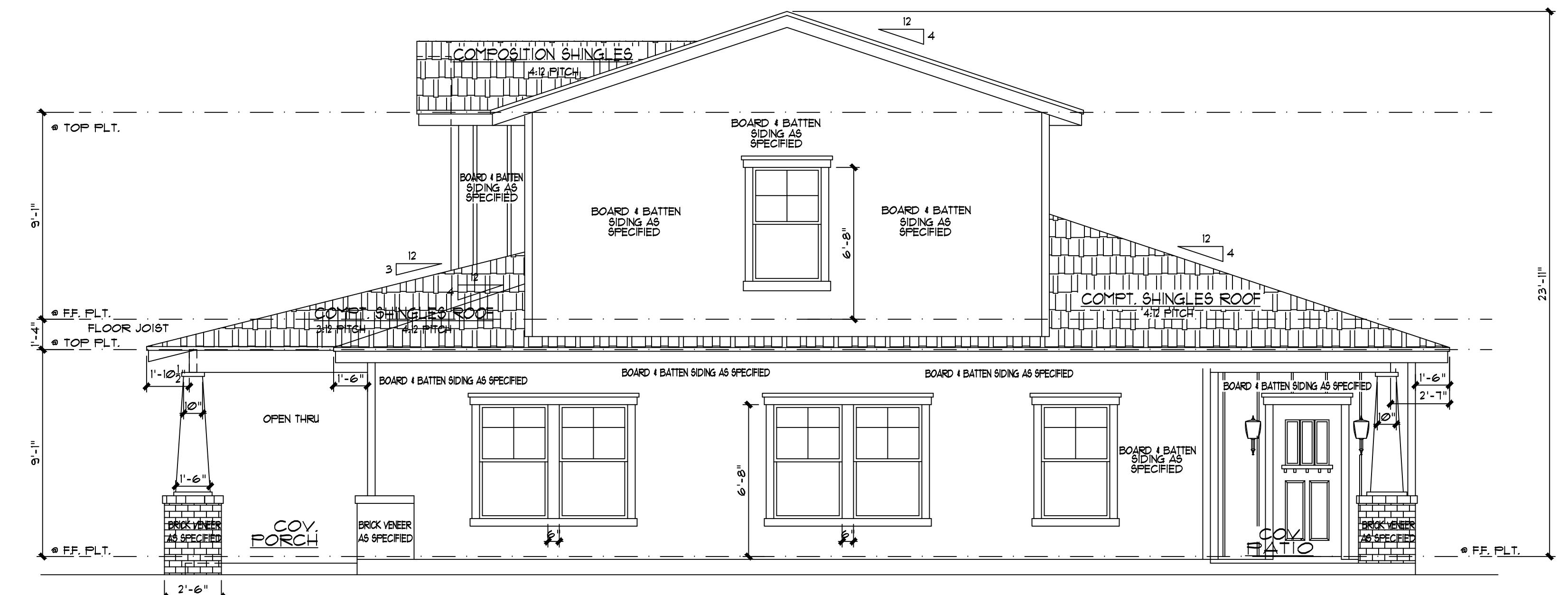
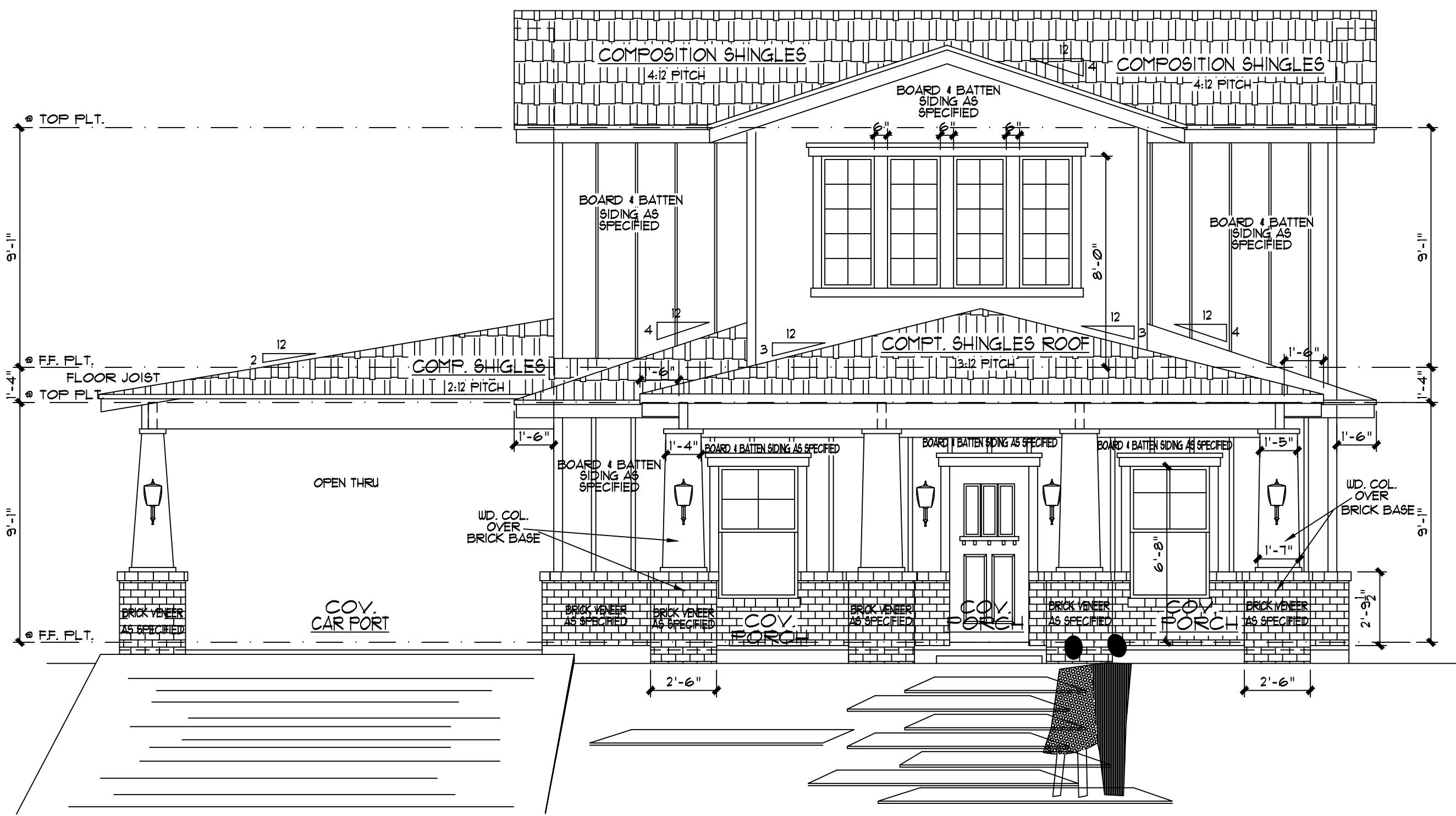
Joseph@TrueStoneHomes.com  
**(210) 560-3825**

**PIN RESIDENCE**

SQUARE FOOTAGE TABULATIONS:	
FIRST FLR.	1269 "
SECOND FLR.	667 "
TOTAL LIVING	1936 "
COV. PORCH	175 "
COV. PATIO	109 "
CARPORT	669 "
TOTAL UNDER ROOF	2889 "

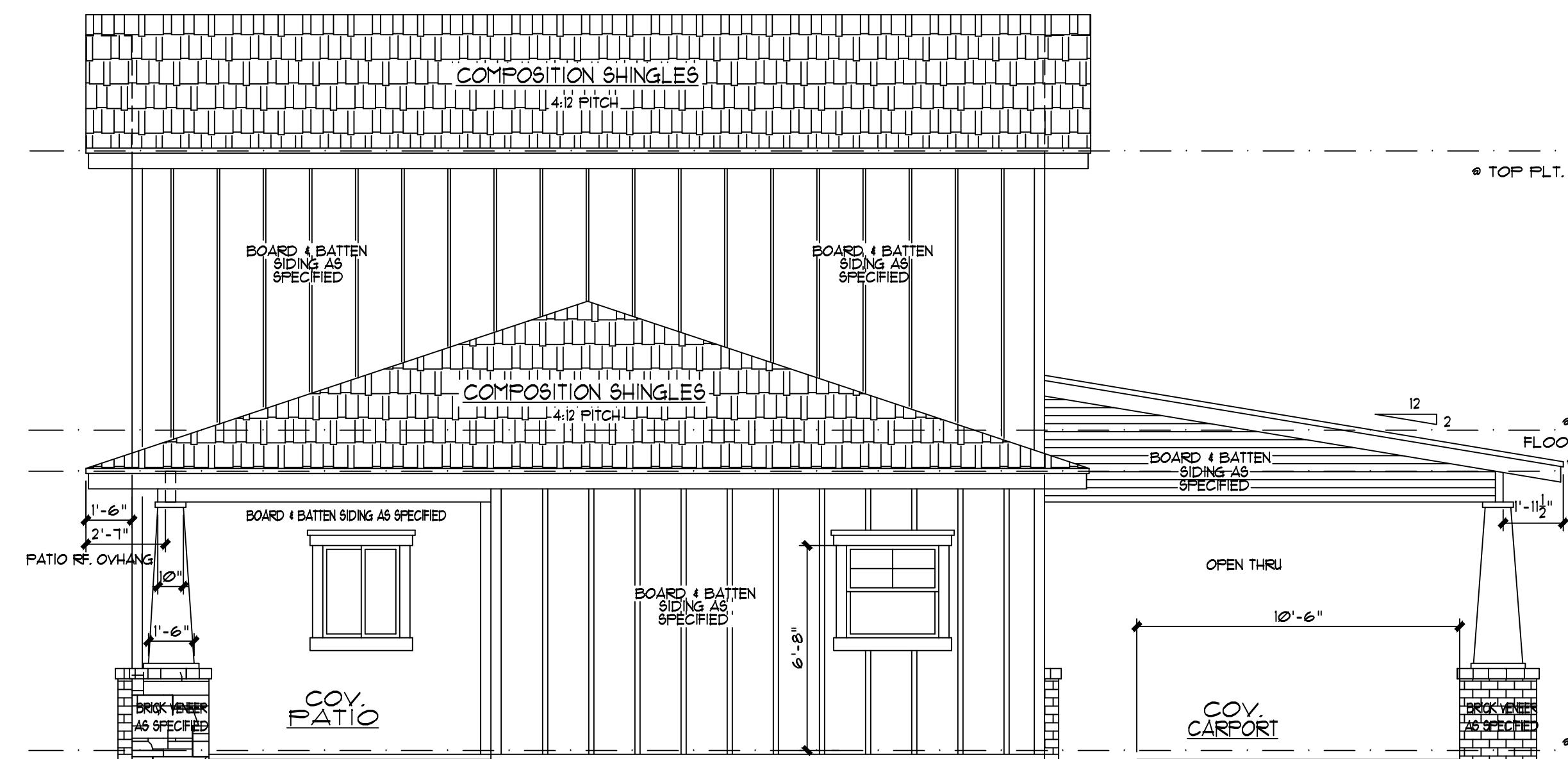
**SITE PLAN**  
DATE DRAWN:  
**SEPTEMBER 18, 2024**  
DRAWN BY:  
**RBA**  
CHECKED BY:  
**RBA**  
PLOT DATE:  
**DECEMBER 16, 2024**  
SHEET  
**1**  
OF **5** SHEETS

PLAN NO.:  
**TBCP-1936-B**  
FILE: SITE-PLAN



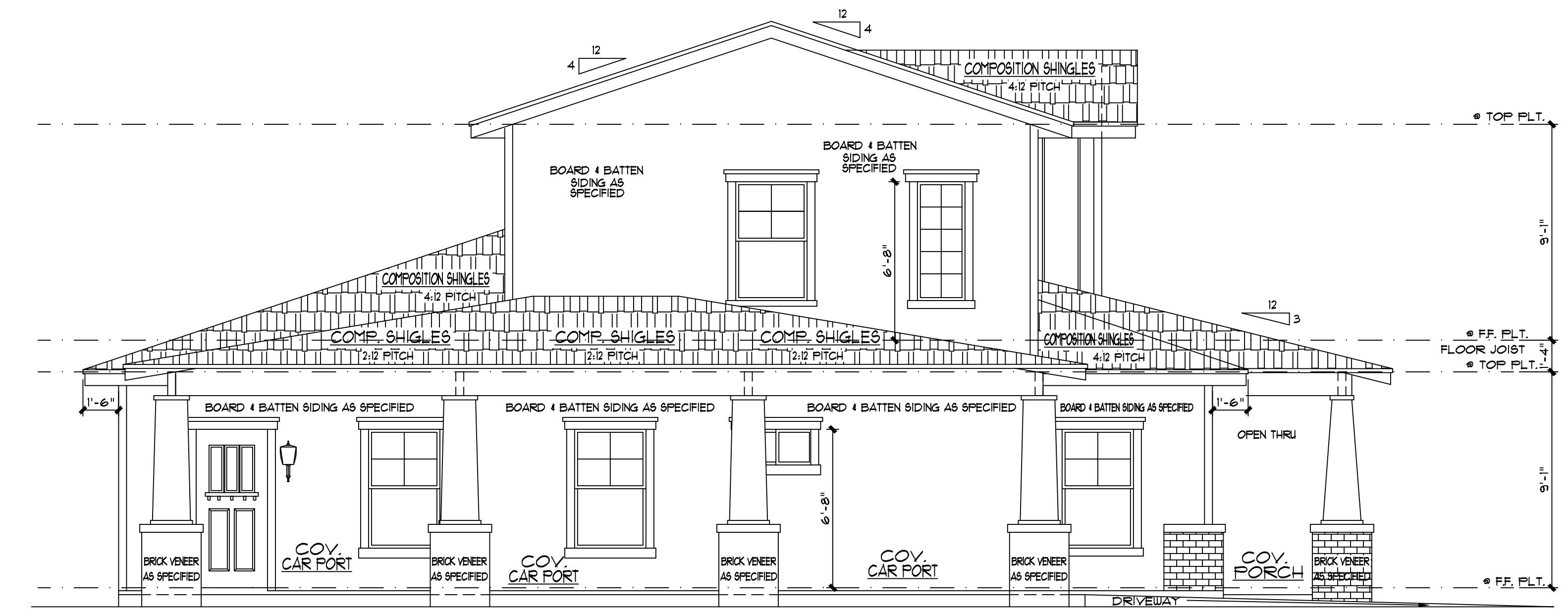
RIGHT ELEVATION

SCALE:  $\frac{1}{4}$ " = 1'-0"



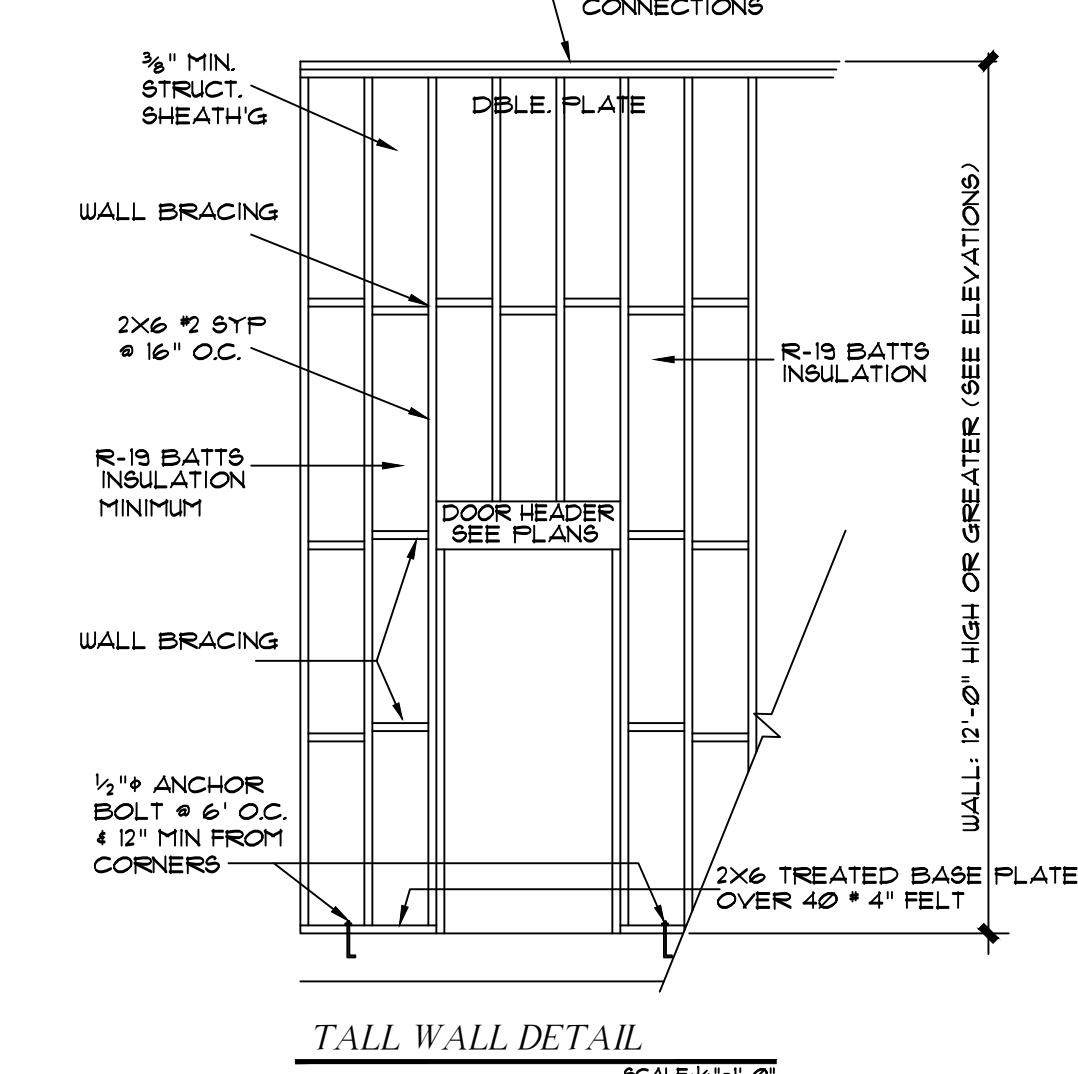
REAR ELEVATION

SCALE:  $\frac{1}{4}$ " = 1'-0"



LEFT ELEVATION

SCALE:  $\frac{1}{4}$ " = 1'-0"



TALL WALL DETAIL

SCALE:  $\frac{1}{4}$ " = 1'-0"

NOTE:  
ALL CONSTRUCTION TO BE DONE  
ACCORDING TO THE 2018 I.R.C.  
(INTERNATIONAL RESIDENTIAL CODE)  
4 TORNADO RESISTANCE

THIS PLAN IS THE PROPERTY OF  
THE BUILDER  
ANY PRACTICING ARCHITECT MAY USE THIS PLAN FOR  
THEIR OWN PURPOSES  
DISCLAIMER: ALL DESIGN CONCEPTS, DRAWINGS, PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS ARE THE PROPERTY OF THE BUILDER.  
DESIGNERS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN OF THE BUILDING.  
CONTRACTORS, TOOLS AND MATERIALS ARE THE PROPERTY OF THE BUILDER.  
THE BUILDER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE WORKING DRAWINGS.  
CONTRACTOR SHALL REPORT ANY DEFECTS OR PROBLEMS FROM THE WORKING DRAWINGS.  
THE BUILDER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL THE PLANS. THIS IS THE PROPERTY OF THE BUILDER.  
IF THE CONTRACTOR CHANGES ANY PLANS, HE MUST NOTIFY THE BUILDER.  
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IF THE CONTRACTOR CHANGES ANY PLANS, HE MUST NOTIFY THE BUILDER.

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OUR DREAM

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PINA  
RESIDENCE

114 DEWBERRY ESTABLISH  
LOT 57, BLOCK 1, N.C.B. 6461,  
MISTLETOE ADDITION SUBDIVISION,  
CITY OF SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS  
BEXAR COUNTY, TX

ELEVATIONS

DATE DRAWN:

SEPTEMBER 18, 2024

DRAWN BY:

RBA

CHECKED BY:

RBA

PLOT DATE:

DECEMBER 16, 2024

SHEET

3

OF 5 SHEETS

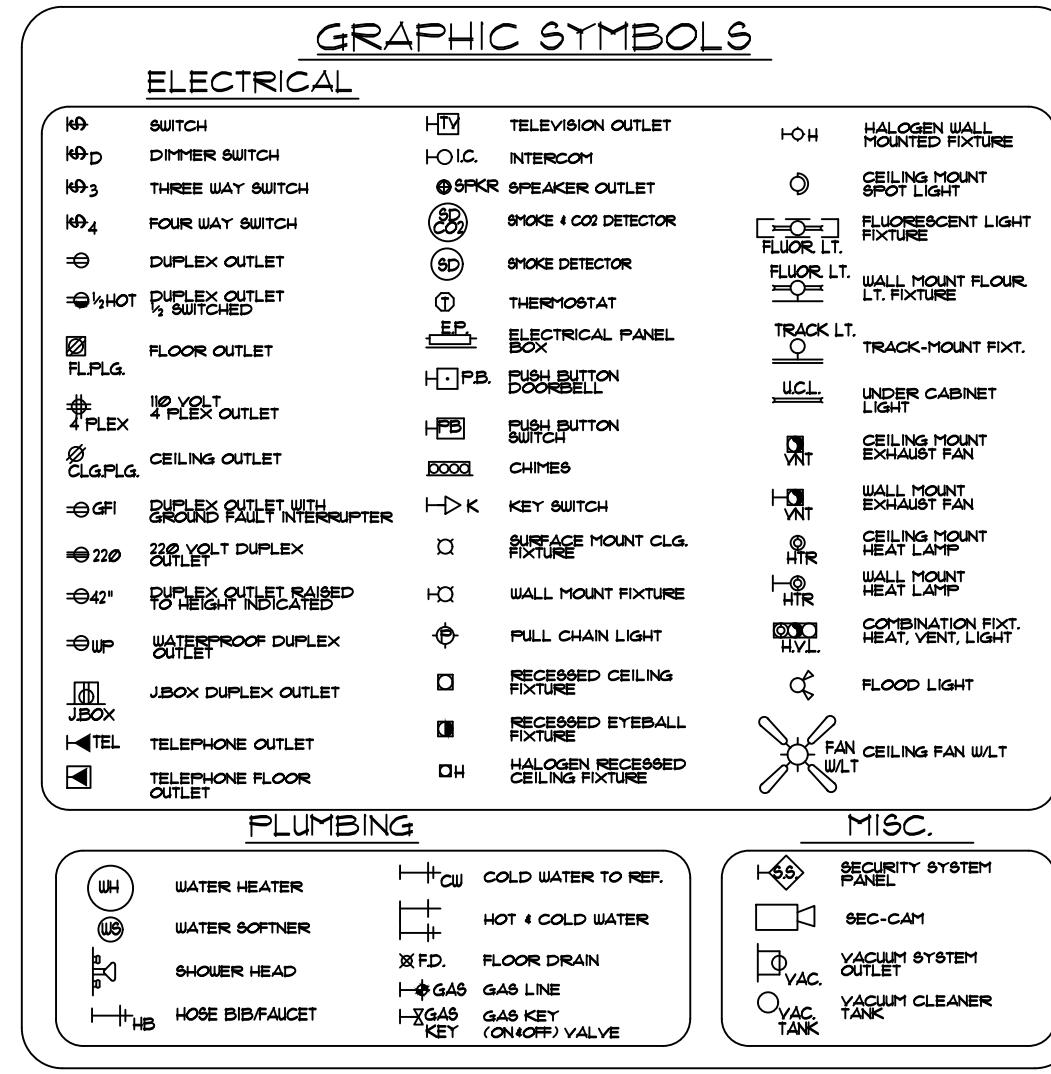
PLAN NO.:

TBCP-1936

FILE:

B





SMOKE & CO-MONOXIDE DETECTORS TO BE: HARD WIRED & 3ft. MIN. FROM AC VENTS.  
PROVIDE A.F.C.I. RECEPTICALS IN ALL BEDROOMS.

IECC: TABLE R403.6.1 WHOLE-HOUSE MECHANICAL VENTILATION SYSTEM FAN EFFICACY			
FAN LOCATION	AIR FLOW RATE MINIMUM (CFM)	MINIMUM EFFICACY <sup>a</sup> (CFM/WATT)	AIR FLOW RATE MAXIMUM (CFM)
Range hoods	Any	2.8 cfm/watt	Any
In-line fan	Any	2.8 cfm/watt	Any
Bathroom, utility rm.	10	1.4 cfm/watt	\$ 90
Bathroom, utility rm.	90	2.8 cfm/watt	Any

NOTE:

1. PROVIDE ALLOWANCE FOR SECURITY SYSTEM
2. PROVIDE ALLOWANCE FOR CENTRAL VACUUM SYSTEM, VERIFY OUTLET LOCATIONS
3. PROVIDE ALLOWANCE FOR ADDITION LANDSCAPE L

TIC, PROVIDE 220V  
LIGHT FIXTURE NEAR  
ATTIC ENTRANCE,  
Drip Pan with  
LINE, PROVIDE  
WAY TO & AROUND  
TO APPLICABLE

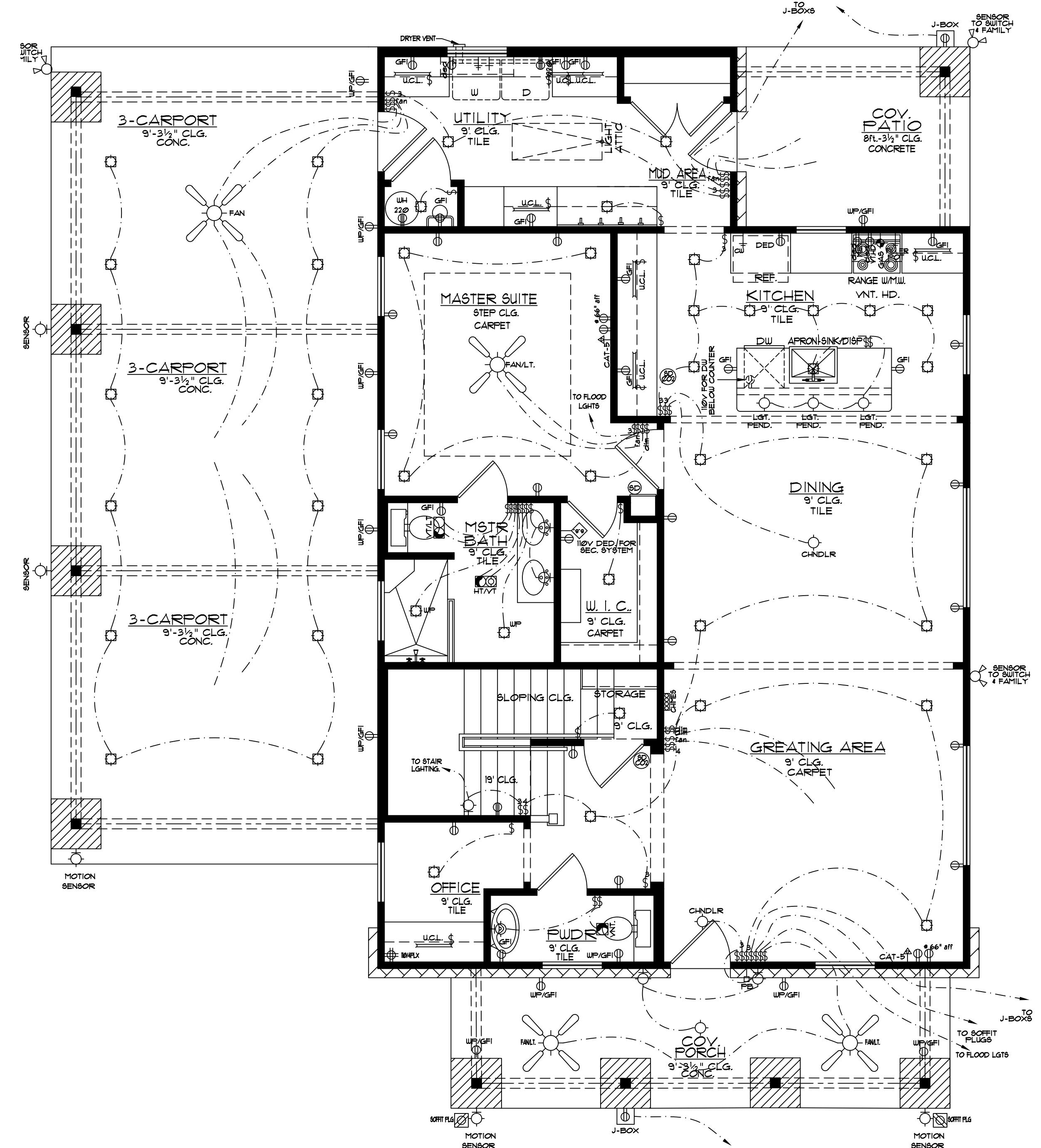
MAY REQUIRE  
TIONAL AREAS  
DUCTWORK  
VERIFY ANY  
PLIER & BUILDER

## ELECTRICAL NOTES:

- CH

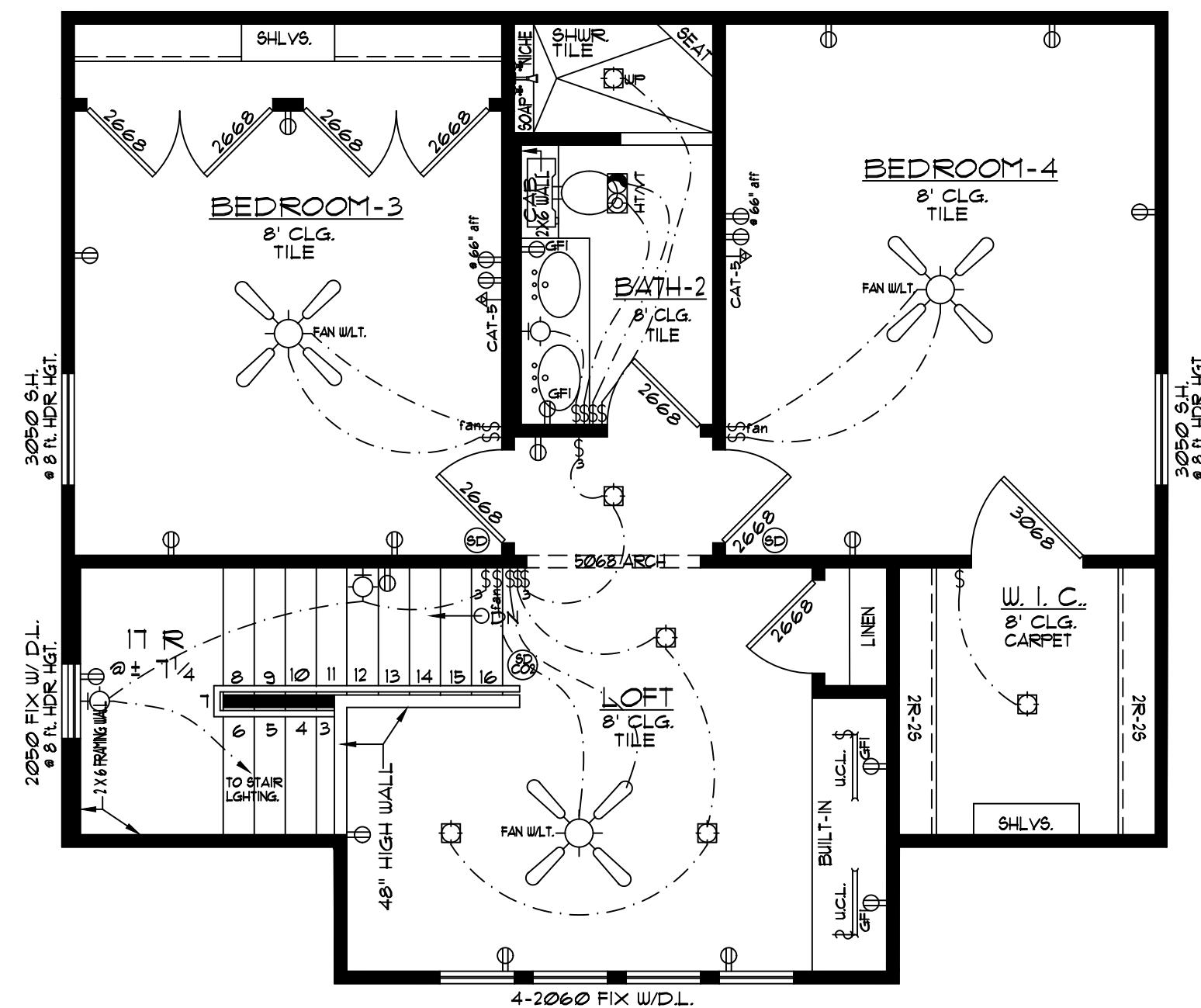
  - 1.0 ALL SWITCHES TO BE @ 4'-0" ABOVE FIN. FLR. TO CENTER LINE OF SWITCH PLATE UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
  - 2.0 PREWIRE FOR SECURITY SYSTEM PER OWNERS REQUEST.
  - 3.0 GANG ALL SWITCHES AND OUTLETS WHERE POSSIBLE.
  - 4.0 VERIFY LOCATION OF POWER TO ALL APPLIANCES.
  - 5.0 OUTLETS WITHIN 3'-0" OF A SINK OR LAVATORY TO BE ON A G.F.I. CIRCUIT.
  - 6.0 NO SWITCHES TO BE WITHIN 5'-0" OF A TUB.
  - 7.0 LOCATION OF ALL FLOOR OUTLETS & PHONE FLOOR OUTLETS TO BE VERIFIED BY OWNER.
  - 8.0 VERIFY PHONE & CATV OUTLETS PER PLAN WITH OWNER.
  - 9.0 NOTE TO ELECTRICIAN: CENTER LIGHT OVER PEDESTAL LAV. WHERE SHOWN.
  - 10.0 SUPPLY 220V&110V OR GAS&110V TO HYAC UNIT(S) IN ATTIC. (REFER TO SPECS.)
  - 11.0 PROVIDE FOR LIGHT NEAR HYAC UNIT(S) IN ATTIC
  - 12.0 WIRE TO N.E.C.

- 13.0 ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE 4 BLANK 15 AMP CIRCUITS FOR FUTURE USE AT MAIN PANEL BOX. ALL BREAKERS SHALL BE LABELED.
- 14.0 INSTALL RHEOSTAT SPEED CONTROL TO ALL FANS.
- 15.0 INSTALL DIMMER SWITCHES TO ALL RECESSED SPOT AND EYEBALL FIXTURES
- 16.0 SMOKE DETECTORS SHALL RECEIVE THEIR PRIMARY POWER FROM THE BUILDING WIRING WHEN SUCH WIRING IS SERVED FROM A COMMERCIAL SOURCE AND SHALL BE EQUIPPED W/ A BATTERY BACKUP.



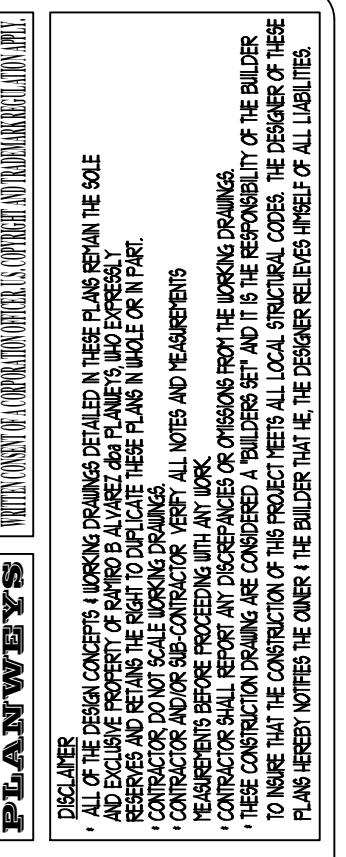
# FIRST FLOOR ELECTRICAL PLAN

SCAL E-14-1-0



# *SECOND FLOOR ELECTRICAL PLAN*

$\cap \Delta \models \perp$



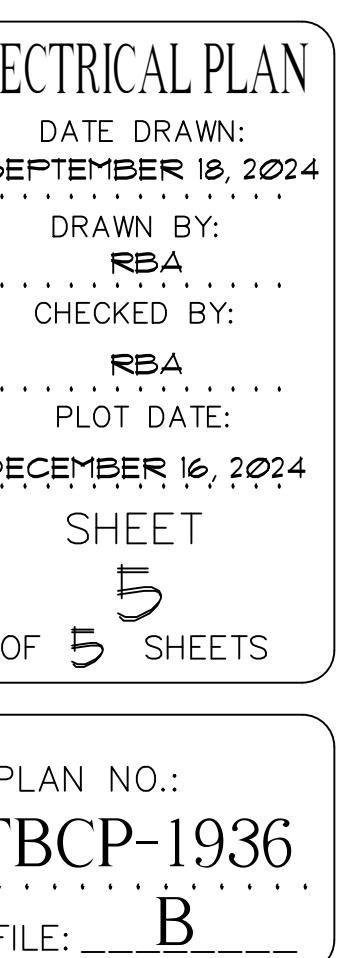
The logo for Planweys consists of a stylized orange icon resembling a house or a building under construction, with a ladder leaning against it. To the right of the icon, the word "PLANWEYS" is written in large, bold, black capital letters. Below "PLANWEYS", the words "OUR DREAM" are written in a smaller, italicized, black serif font.

# TRUE STONE

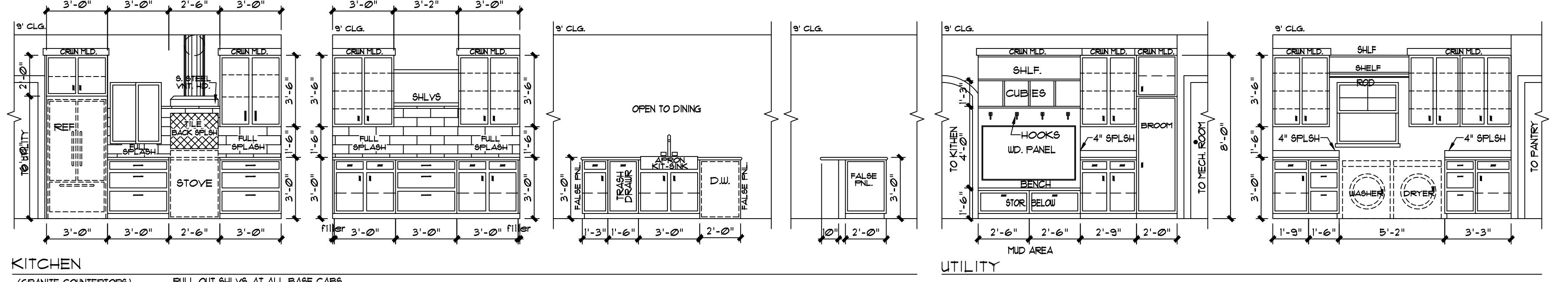
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## CUSTOM HOMES

PINA  
RESIDENCE



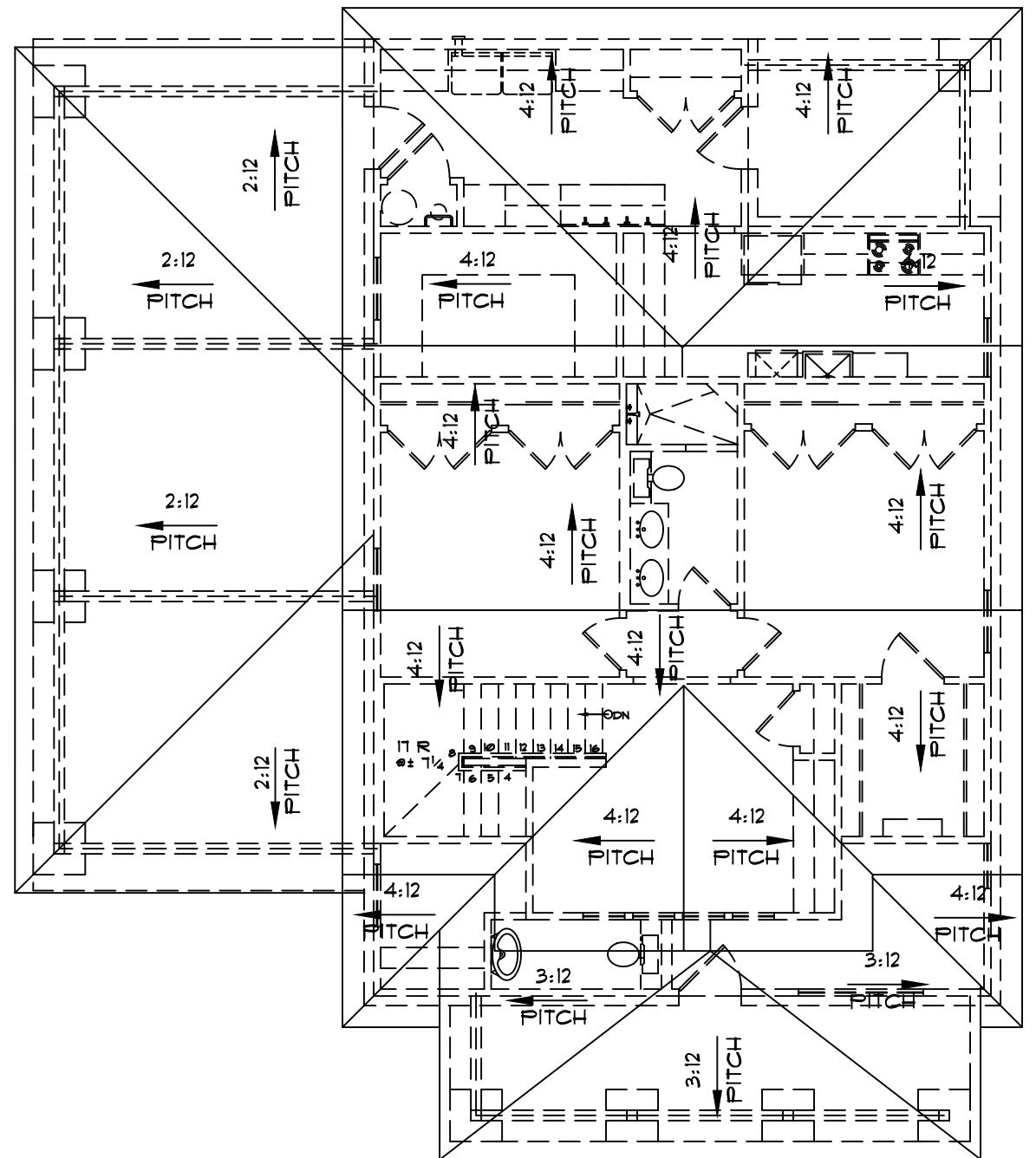
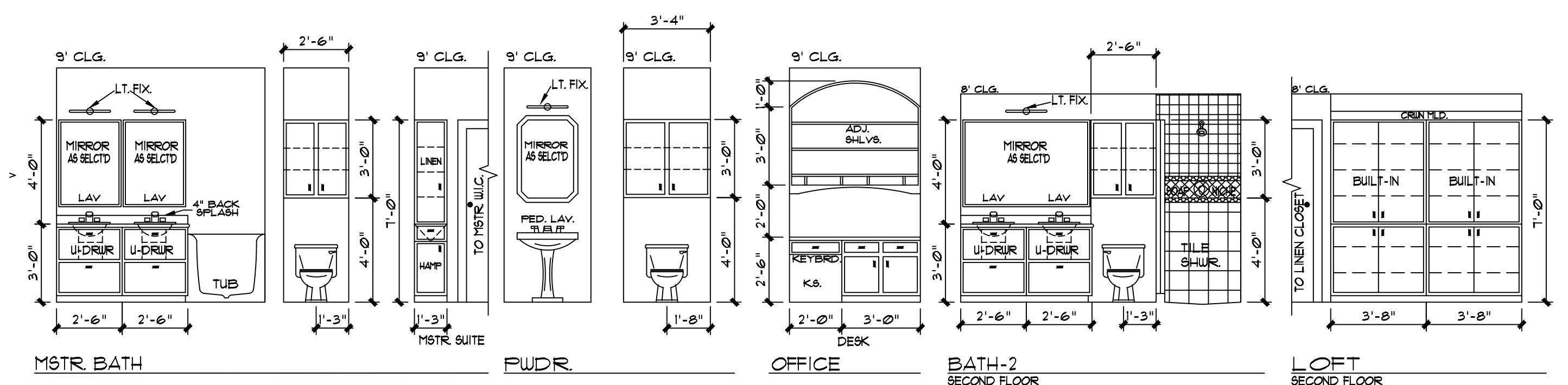
**OTE:  
ALL ELECTRICAL WORK TO BE DONE  
ACCORDING TO THE N.E.C. 2011  
NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE)**



## INTERIOR ELEVATIONS

SCALE:  $\frac{1}{4}'' = 1'-0''$

- CABINETS:
- ALL CABINET MILL WORK-WOOD GRADE SHALL BE AS SELECTED BY THE OWNER (PROVIDE AN ALLOWANCE).
  - ALL CABINET DIMENSIONS MUST BE VERIFIED AT JOB SITE.
  - CABINETURE AND APPLIANCE OPENINGS MUST BE MADE ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS.
  - SLIDE OUT SHELVES @ ALL BASE CABS IN KITCHEN.

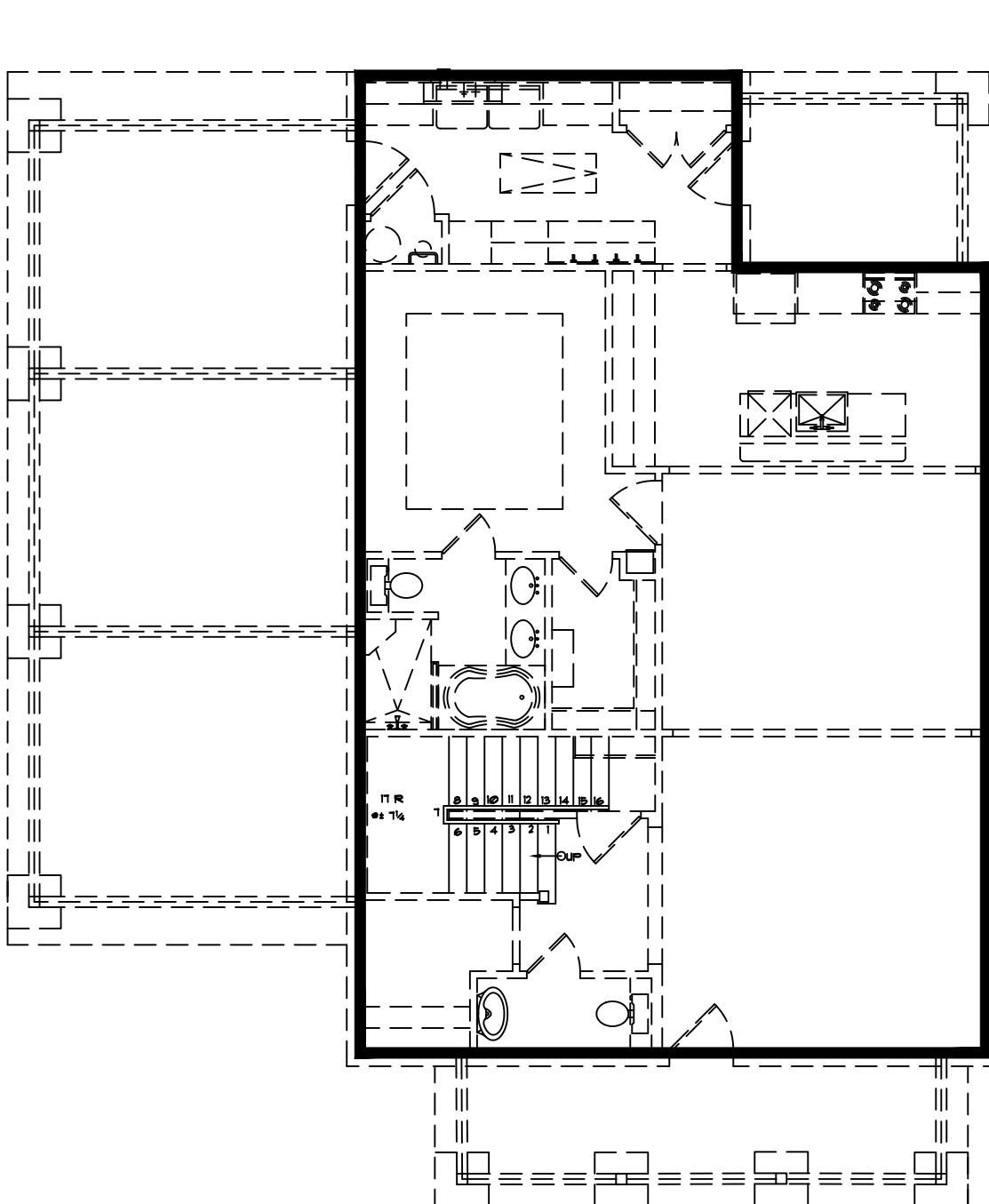


## ROOF PLAN

SCALE:  $\frac{1}{8}'' = 1'-0''$

NOTE:  
ALL ROOF OVERHANGS TO BE 18" FROM FRAME,  
UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE

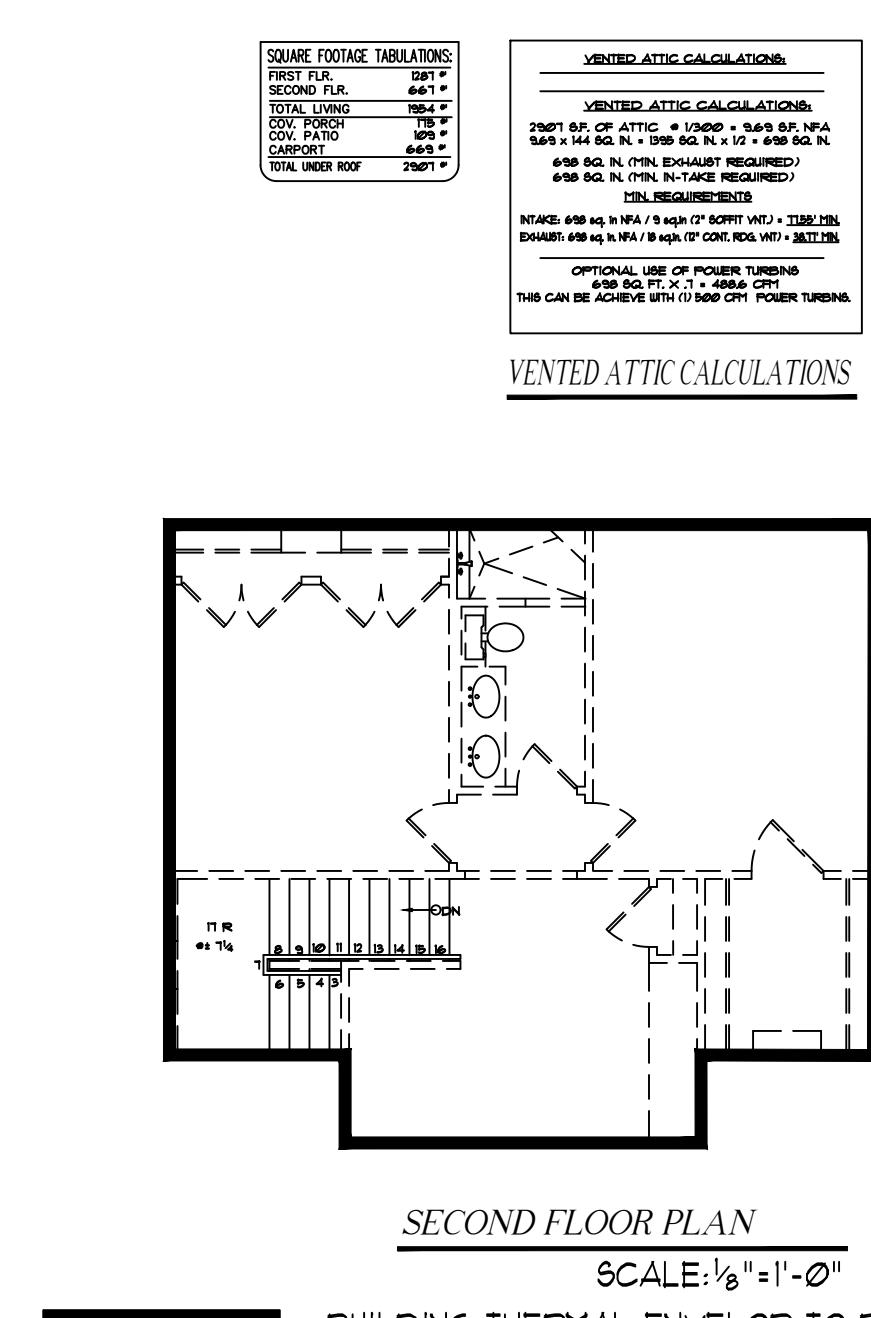
- NAILS FOR SECURING TILES SHALL  
BE CORROSION RESISTANT.
- METAL FLASHING SHALL BE PROVIDED AT THE  
INTERSECTION OF ROOFS & ADJOINING WALLS AND  
PROJECTIONS THRU ROOF SUCH AS CHIMNEYS & STACK VENTS.



### FIRST FLOOR PLAN

SCALE:  $\frac{1}{8}'' = 1'-0''$

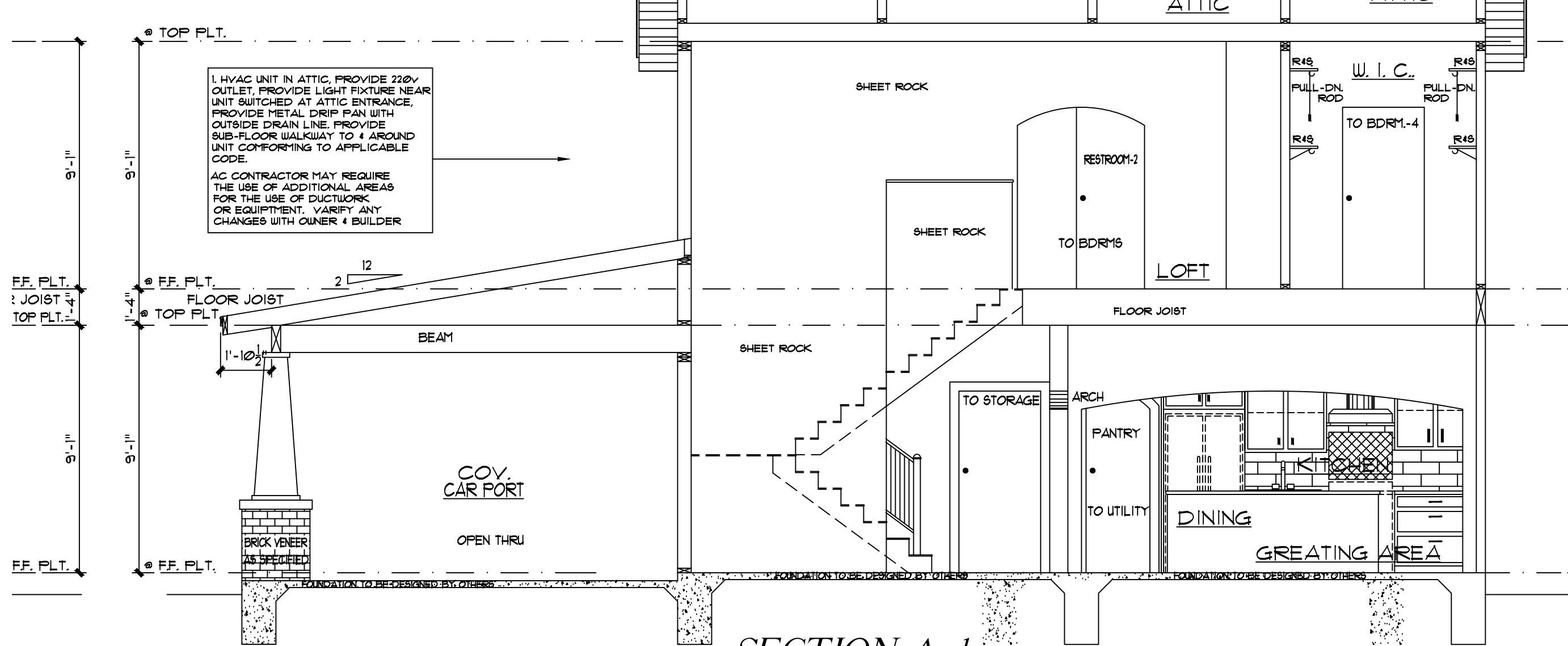
BUILDING THERMAL ENVELOP TO BE ACCOMPLISHED  
BY TYVEK WRAP, SEALED AT ALL EDGES.



### SECOND FLOOR PLAN

SCALE:  $\frac{1}{8}'' = 1'-0''$

BUILDING THERMAL ENVELOP TO BE ACCOMPLISHED  
BY TYVEK WRAP, SEALED AT ALL EDGES.



ALL WINDOWS TO BE:  
1. INSULATED LOU "E" GLASS.  
2. VINYL FRAME.  
3. WITH SOLAR HEAT GAIN (SHG)  
OF 25 MINIMUM

THIS PLAN IS THE PROPERTY OF  
**PLANWEYS**  
OUR DREAM

DISCLAIMER:  
THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS THE PROPERTY OF THE BUILDER  
AND IS FOR THE USE OF THE BUILDER ONLY. IT IS NOT TO BE COPIED OR  
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DISCREPANCIES OR ERRORS THAT MAY EXIST IN THIS PLAN. THE DESIGN OF THE BUILDER  
IS FOR THE BUILDER'S USE ONLY. THE BUILDER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY  
CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS THAT MAY EXIST IN THIS PLAN. THE BUILDER IS NOT  
RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY CONSTRUCTION OR BUILDING PERMIT ISSUED BASED ON THIS PLAN.  
THE BUILDER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY EXPENSES INCURRED BY THE BUILDER  
DUE TO THE USE OF THIS PLAN. THE BUILDER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY  
LOSS OR DAMAGE THAT MAY OCCUR DUE TO THE USE OF THIS PLAN.

DESIGNS BY:  
**RAMIRO B ALVAREZ**  
planweys2019@yahoo.com  
920 BROADWAY ST, UNIT 1718  
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS 78217  
(726) 300 1398

**TRUE STONE**  
CUSTOM HOMES

Joseph@TrueStoneHomes.com

(210) 560-3825

**PIN A**  
RESIDENCE

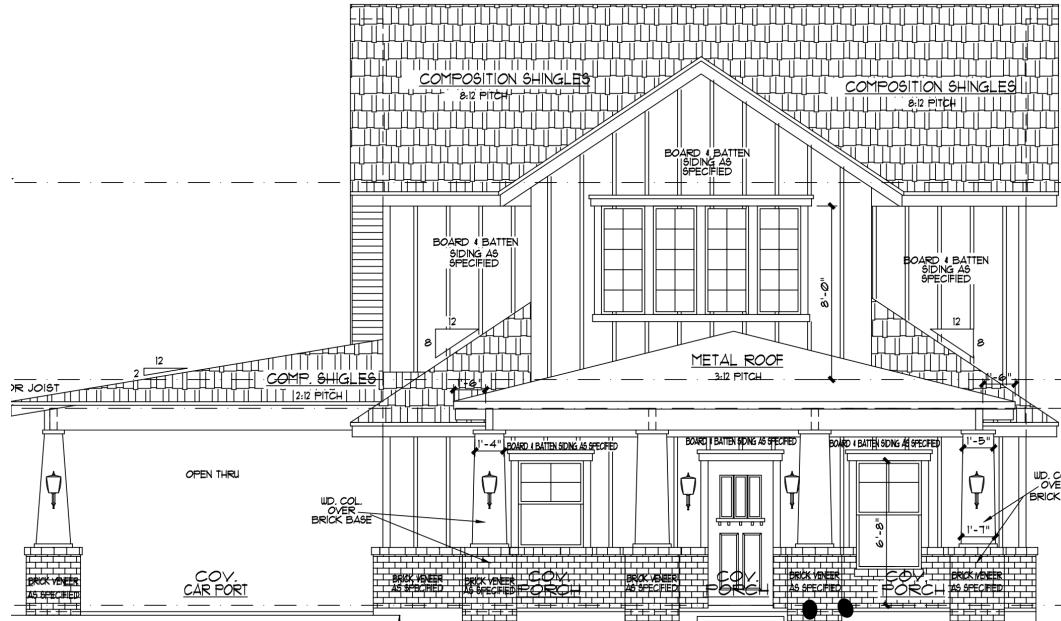
114 DEWBERRY ESTABLISHING  
LOT 57, BLOCK 1, N.C.B. 6461,  
MISTLETOE ADDITION SUBDIVISION,  
CITY OF SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS  
BEXAR COUNTY, TX

CABINETS, SECTION & ROOF PLAN  
DATE DRAWN:  
SEPTEMBER 18, 2024  
DRAWN BY:  
RBA  
CHECKED BY:  
RBA  
PLOT DATE:  
DECEMBER 16, 2024  
SHEET  
4  
OF 5 SHEETS

PLAN NO.:  
TBCP-1936  
FILE: B

PROJECT ADDRESS:

114 Dewberry



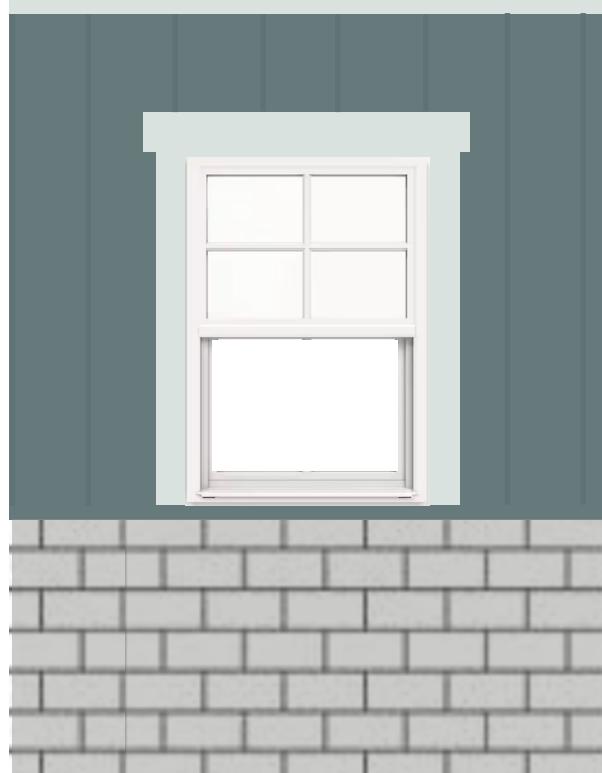
**Roof:** Tamko Heritage Asphalt shingles Oxford Grey  
**Siding throughout:** Board & Batten, color: Riverway SW

**Windows:** Jeld-Wen W-5500™ Clad-Wood Window bone white exterior, colonial top-sash

**Painted Brick:** Tinsmith SW

**Sofit/facia/window trim:** Topsail SW

**Front door:** Glasscraft Mahogany door



SW 6217

Topsail

SW 7657

Tinsmith

SW 9163

Tin Lizzie

SW 6222

Riverway



**4-Lite 3 Panel**

36" wide Mahogany door shown with:

- Forest Grey Traditional finish
- Dentil Shelf option
- Clear glass
- Savoy Black handle



CITY OF SAN ANTONIO  
**OFFICE OF HISTORIC  
PRESERVATION**

**Historic and Design Review Commission  
Design Review Committee Report**

DATE: 12/10/24

HDRC Case #: 2024-379

Address: 114 Dewberry

Meeting Location: WebEX

APPLICANT: Joseph Keresztury

DRC Members present: Jimmy Cervantes, Jeffrey Fetzer, Roland Mazuca

Staff Present: Caitlin Brown-Clancy

Others present: N/A

**REQUEST:** The applicant is requesting conceptual approval to construct a new 2-story, single-family residence totaling approximately a 2,400 square foot building footprint with an attached porte cochere.

**COMMENTS/CONCERNS:**

Jeffrey Fetzer – Suggested revising window placement on right and left elevations to be centered on gable vent. Consider window type/placement of 10 light window on left elevation to read more subordinate. Reduce ceiling heights/incorporate vaulted ceiling to bring overall height of structure down even further as second story is “top-heavy”. Incorporate 6” mullions on all “ganged” windows. Utilize taller window proportion for all sashed windows.

Jimmy Cervantes - Add additional fenestration to gable on right elevation

Roland Mazuca – Center windows on side gables and utilize taller window proportion for all sashed windows.

**OVERALL COMMENTS:**

- ***Reduce height of second story gable***
- ***Refine window placement on second story gables***
- ***Utilize taller window proportion on all sashed windows***



CITY OF SAN ANTONIO  
**OFFICE OF HISTORIC  
PRESERVATION**

**Historic and Design Review Commission  
*Design Review Committee Report***

DATE: 11/26/24

HDRC Case #: 2024-379

Address: 114 Dewberry

Meeting Location: WebEX

APPLICANT: Joseph Keresztury

DRC Members present: Monica Savino, Jeffrey Fetzer, Roland Mazuca

Staff Present: Caitlin Brown-Clancy, Cory Edwards

Others present: N/A

**REQUEST:** The applicant is requesting conceptual approval to construct a new 2-story, single-family residence totaling approximately a 2,400 square foot building footprint with an attached porte cochere.

**COMMENTS/CONCERNS:**

- Monica Savino – expressed concern over general massing specifically of the rear roof form.  
Suggested re-thinking the 2<sup>nd</sup> floor window array above front porch.  
Mentioned simplifying roofing materials. Has major concerns over window type(s). Suggested re-considering the head heights of all windows to be higher as well as floor plate heights.
- Jeffrey Fetzer - Agreed with Monica's comments. Had additional concerns re: the symmetry of the front porch and its relationship to the central gable of front façade. Suggested reducing ceiling heights to bring overall massing down to a more appropriate scale.
- Roland Mazuca – Agreed with all comments made.

**OVERALL COMMENTS:**

- ***Overall massing and scale feel a bit inappropriate to neighbors; especially rear roof***
- ***Concerns over overall window product***
- ***Simplify materials***



**Subject:** BOA-24-10300094 - 114

Dewberry Street

Good morning,

I have reviewed your Board of Adjustment application for 114 Dewberry Street.

Sec. 35-516(e) of the Unified Development Code permits irregular shaped lots to have a reduced setback, so long as the mean horizontal rear setback is at least 15 feet.

I believe this is the case per the Site Plan you provided and if that is the case, you do not require this variance.

If this is accurate, please let me know and we will withdraw your application and provide a full refund.



# CITY OF SAN ANTONIO OFFICE OF HISTORIC PRESERVATION

## HISTORIC AND DESIGN REVIEW COMMISSION COMMISSION ACTION

This is not a Certificate of Appropriateness and cannot be used to acquire permits

December 18, 2024

**HDRC CASE NO:** 2024-379  
**ADDRESS:** 114 DEWBERRY ST  
**LEGAL DESCRIPTION:** NCB 6461 (MISTLETOE ADDITION SUBDIVISION), BLOCK 1 LOT 57  
**HISTORIC DISTRICT:** River Road  
**APPLICANT:** Joseph Keresztury/True Stone Custom Homes, LLC - 26254 Ih-10 West  
**OWNER:** Stephanie Pina/PINA DANIEL & STEPHANIE - PO BOX 654 PO BOX 654  
**TYPE OF WORK:** New construction

**REQUEST:**

The applicant is requesting conceptual approval to construct a new 2-story, single-family residence totaling approximately a 2,400 sf building footprint with an attached porte cochere.

**RECOMMENDATION:**

Staff recommends conceptual approval of the request to construct a two-story residential structure, based on findings a through q, with the following stipulations:

- a. That a wood or aluminum clad wood window that is consistent with the staff's standards for windows in new construction be installed and that the applicant amends the proposed fenestration profile to incorporate windows that feature true divided lights and a 6" mullion between ganged windows, as noted in the applicable citations and in finding k. Updated window specifications must be submitted to Staff prior to final approval.
- b. That the applicant submits a measured site plan communicating the driveway location, design, and curb cuts, a landscaping plan, and exterior door specifications as noted in findings k and n.
- c. That all mechanical equipment be screened from view from the public right of way, as noted in finding p.
- d. ARCHAEOLOGY – An archaeological investigation is required if excavations are necessary near the rear of the property. Impacts to the Upper Labor Acequia shall be avoided. The project shall comply with all federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations regarding archaeology, as applicable.

**COMMISSION ACTION:**

Approved with stipulations:

- a. That a wood or aluminum clad wood window that is consistent with the staff's standards for windows in new construction be installed and that the applicant amends the proposed fenestration profile to incorporate windows that feature true divided lights and a 6" mullion between ganged windows, as noted in the applicable citations and in finding k. Updated window specifications must be submitted to Staff prior to final approval.
- b. That the applicant submits a measured site plan communicating the driveway location, design, and curb cuts, a landscaping plan, and exterior door specifications as noted in findings k and n.
- c. That all mechanical equipment be screened from view from the public right of way, as noted in finding p.
- d. ARCHAEOLOGY – An archaeological investigation is required if excavations are necessary near the rear of the property. Impacts to the Upper Labor Acequia shall be avoided. The project shall comply with all federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations regarding archaeology, as applicable.



W-5500™ CLAD-WOOD  
DOUBLE-HUNG

Architectural Design Manual  
January 2025



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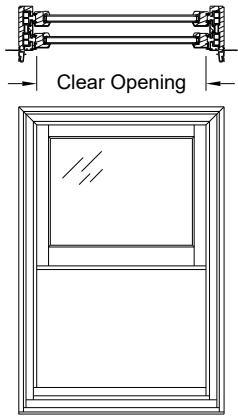
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**SIZING DETAILS**

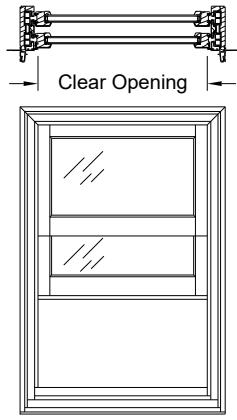
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### CLEAR OPENING LAYOUTS

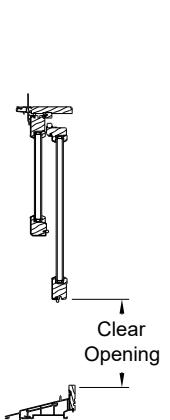
#### Clear Opening Options



Double-Hung (Even Divide)  
Width = Frame Width - 3 3/4"  
Height = (Frame Height / 2) - 3 5/8"

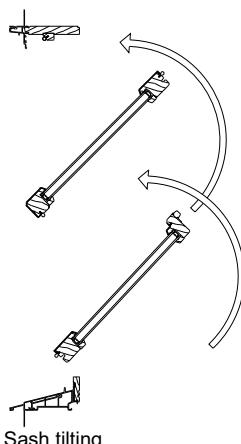
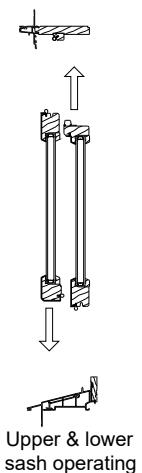
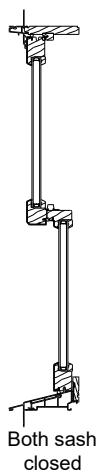


Cottage Double-Hung  
Width = Frame Width - 3 3/4"  
Height = (Frame Height / 2) - 8 5/32"



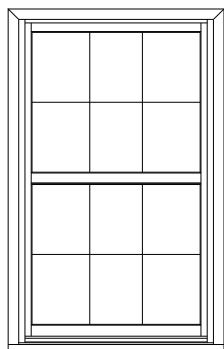
Reverse Cottage Double-Hung  
Width = Frame Width - 3 3/4"  
Height = (Frame Height / 2) - 7 29/32"

W-5500™ Clad-Wood Double-Hung windows feature fully operating upper and lower sash which can be tilted or removed for easy cleaning.

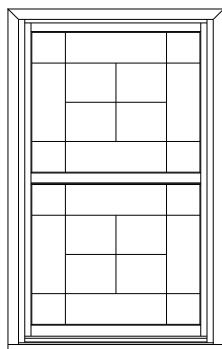


### GRID, BOTTOM RAIL & GLASS STOP OPTIONS

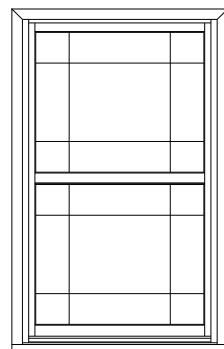
#### Grid Options



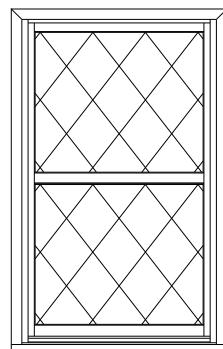
Colonial



Uneven



Prairie

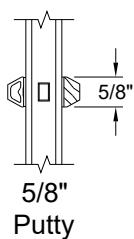


Diamond

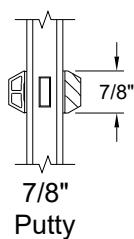
Exterior

#### SDL Options

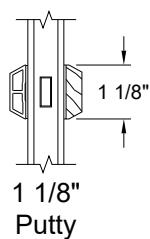
Interior



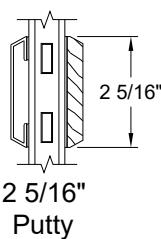
5/8"  
Putty



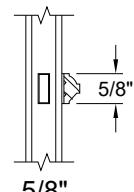
7/8"  
Putty



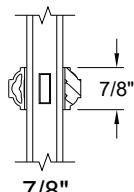
1 1/8"  
Putty



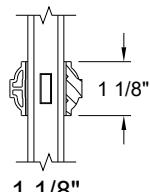
2 5/16"  
Putty



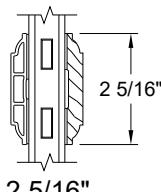
5/8"  
Bead  
(Interior only)



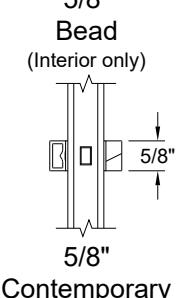
7/8"  
Bead



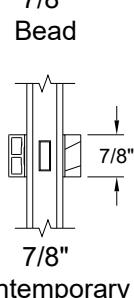
1 1/8"  
Bead



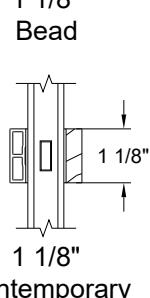
2 5/16"  
Bead



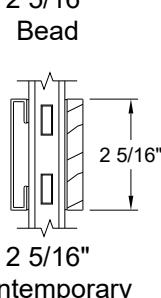
Contemporary



Contemporary



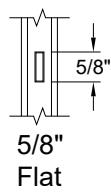
Contemporary



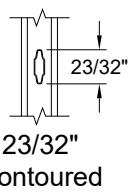
Contemporary

Note: Various Combinations of the SDL Bars Shown are Available

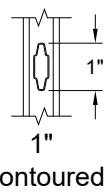
#### GBG Options



5/8"  
Flat

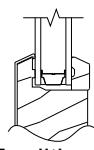


23/32"  
Contoured

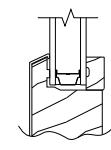


1"  
Contoured

#### Glass Stop Options



Traditional



Contemporary

### UNIT SIZING

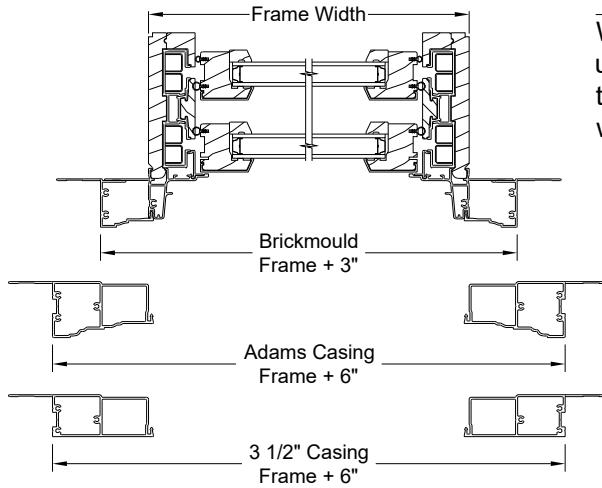
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#### Rough Opening:

The frame size of the window plus 3/4".

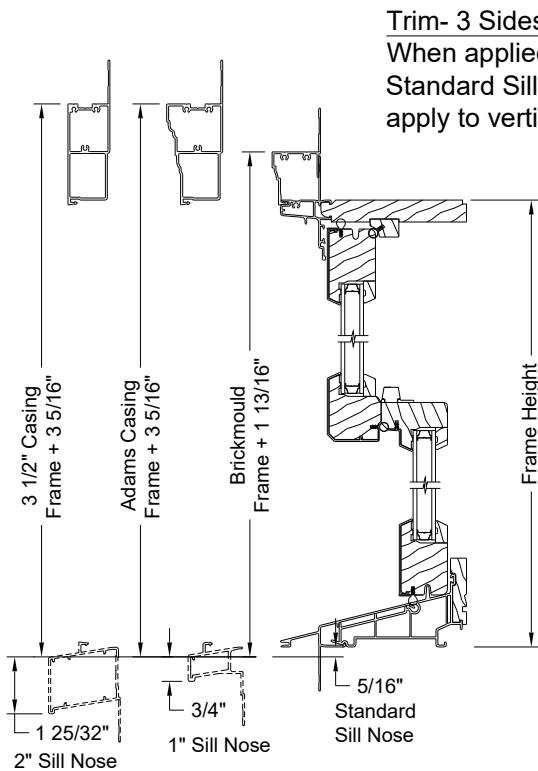
#### Masonry Opening:

The overall size of the window, including trim, plus 1/2"



#### Trim- 4 Sides Of Unit

When applied to 4 sides of unit, these dimensions apply to both vertical and horizontal window sections.

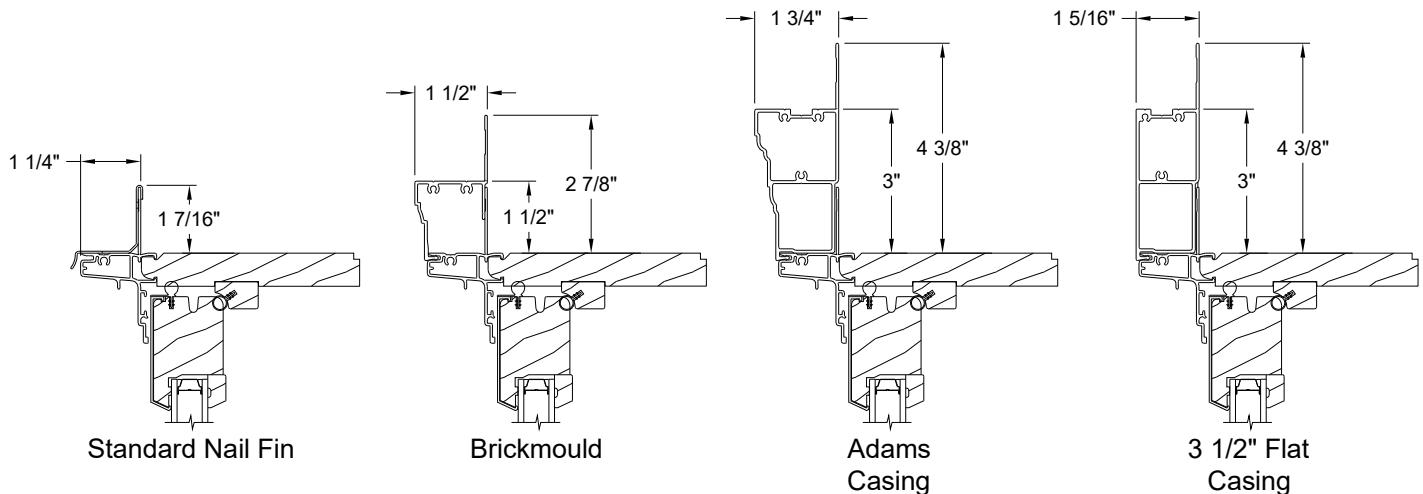


#### Trim- 3 Sides Of Unit

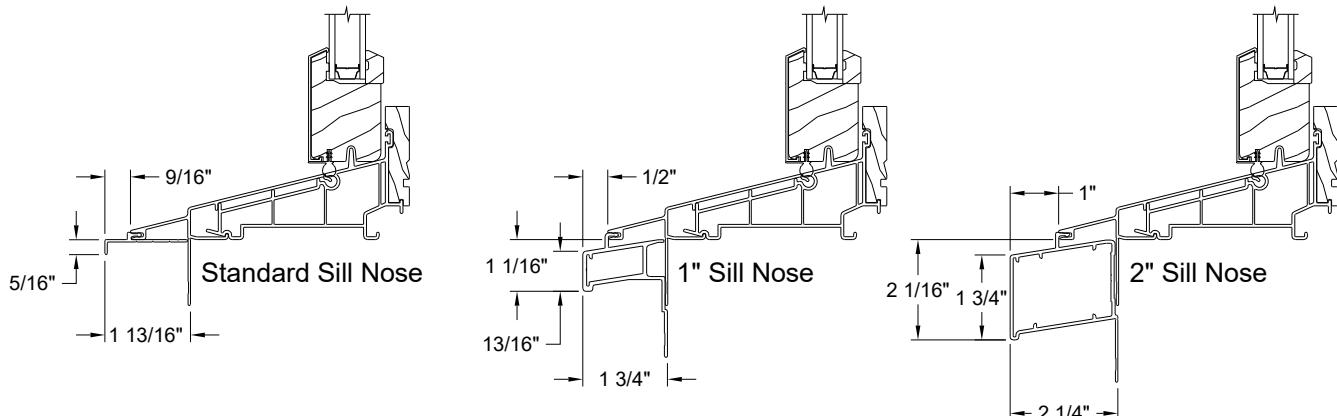
When applied to 3 sides of unit, with Standard Sill Nose, these dimensions apply to vertical window sections only.

## TRIM, SILL NOSE & FRAME EXPANDER OPTIONS

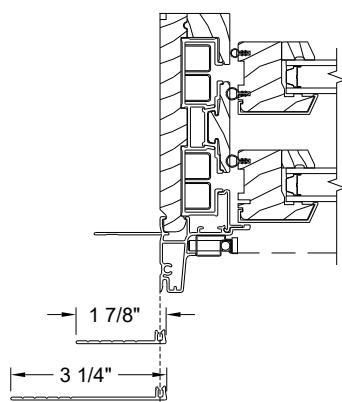
### Trim Options



### Sill Nose Options

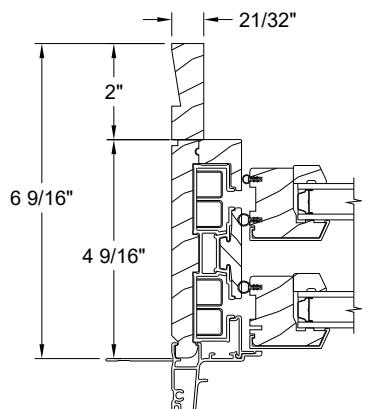


### Frame Expander Options

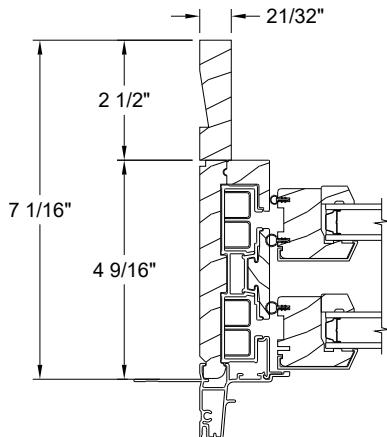


### JAMB EXTENDER, RETURN KERF & PREP FOR STOOL OPTIONS

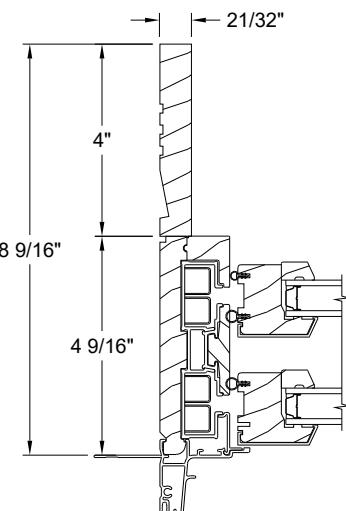
#### Interior Extenders



6 9/16" Jamb Width  
4/4 Jamb Thickness



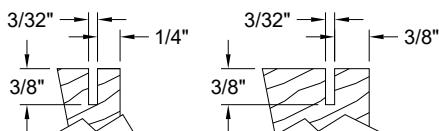
7 1/16" Jamb Width  
4/4 Jamb Thickness



8 9/16" Jamb Width  
4/4 Jamb Thickness

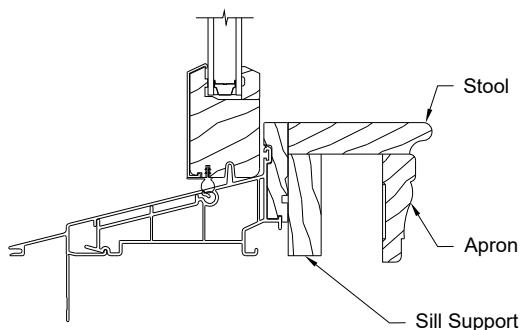
#### Return Kerf:

Generally located from first visible interior frame line. Kerfed option available on all jamb extender sizes.



4/4 Jamb Typ.      5/4 Jamb Typ.

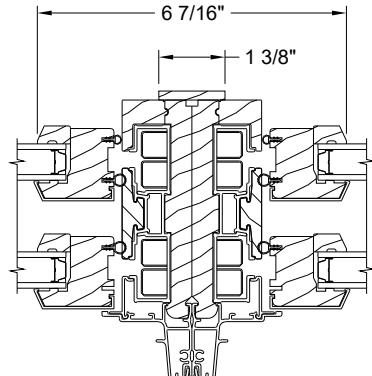
#### Prep for Stool



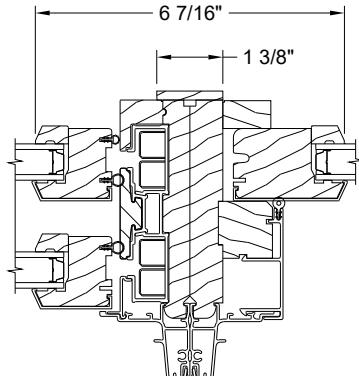
Stool, apron, and sill support are applied by trim carpenter after window is installed and are not provided by JELD-WEN. Unit is shipped without sill jamb extenders.

Exterior jamb extenders may only be applied to windows with jambs 6 9/16" or greater.

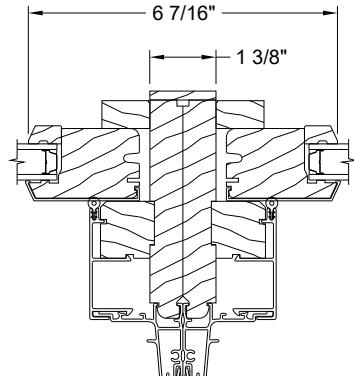
### MULLION OPTIONS



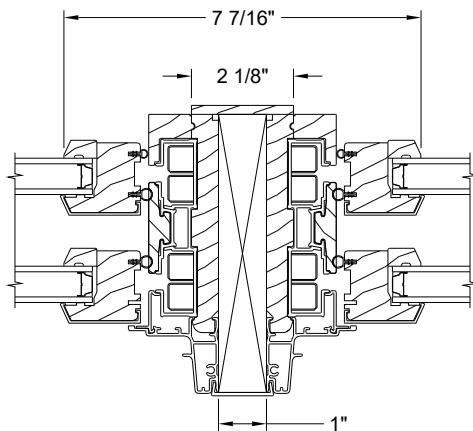
Operator | Operator



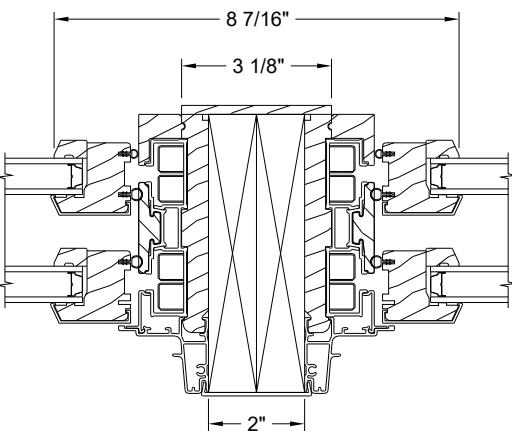
Operator | Fixed



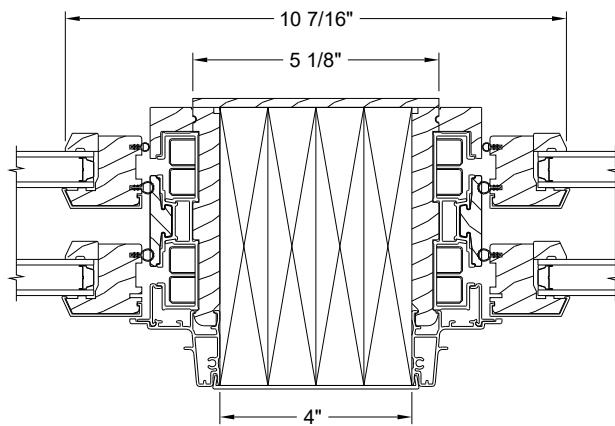
Fixed | Fixed



Operator | Operator  
with 1" Solid Spread Mull

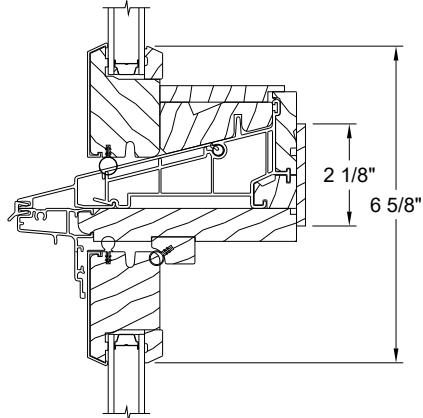


Operator | Operator  
with 2" Solid Spread Mull

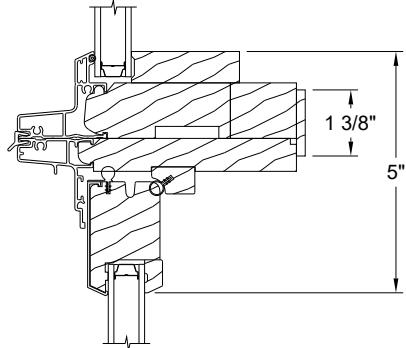


Operator | Operator  
with 4" Solid Spread Mull

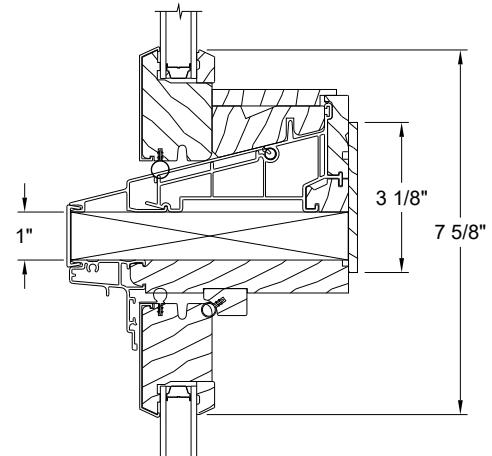
## MULLION OPTIONS



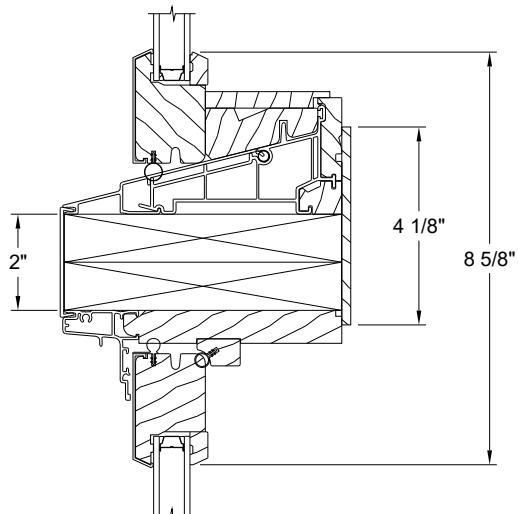
**Transom  
Operator**



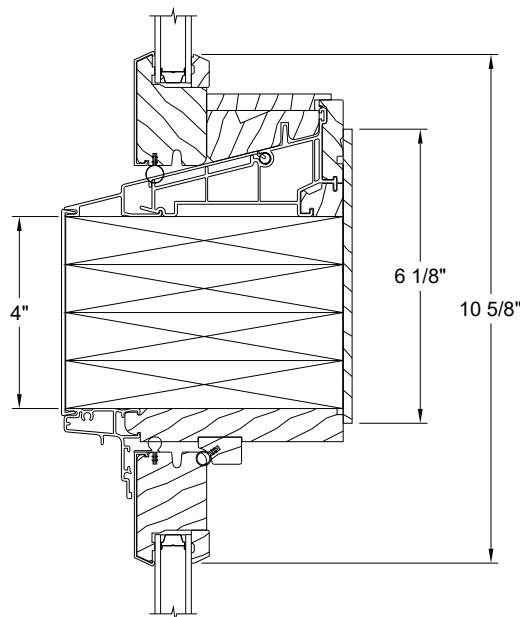
**Direct Set  
Operator**



**Transom  
Operator  
with 1" Solid Spread Mull**

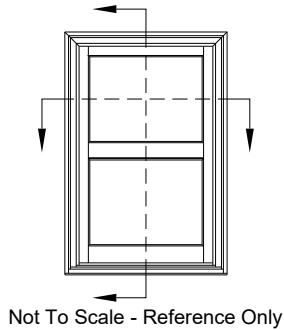


**Transom  
Operator  
with 2" Solid Spread Mull**

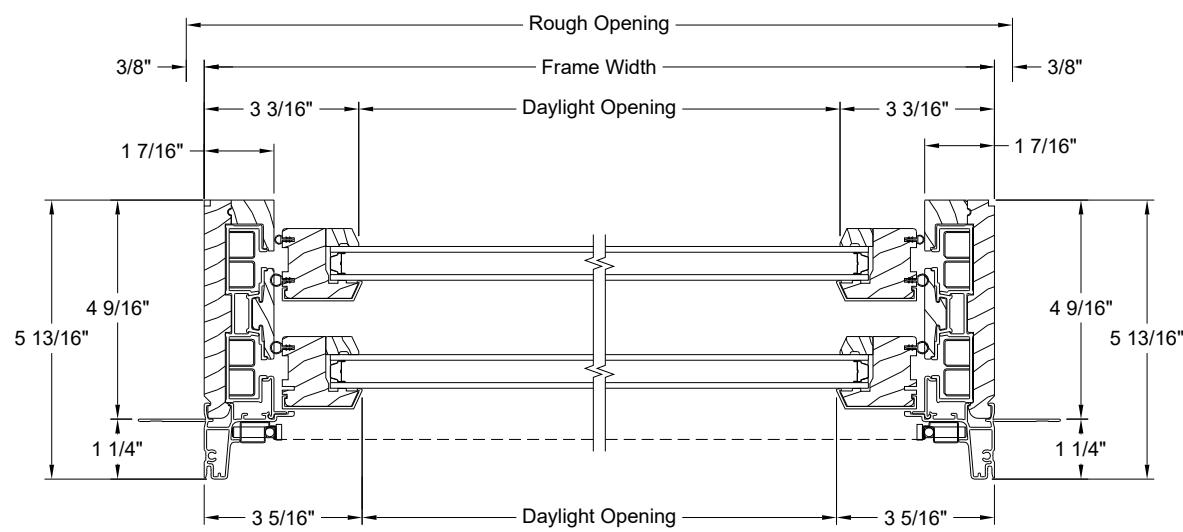
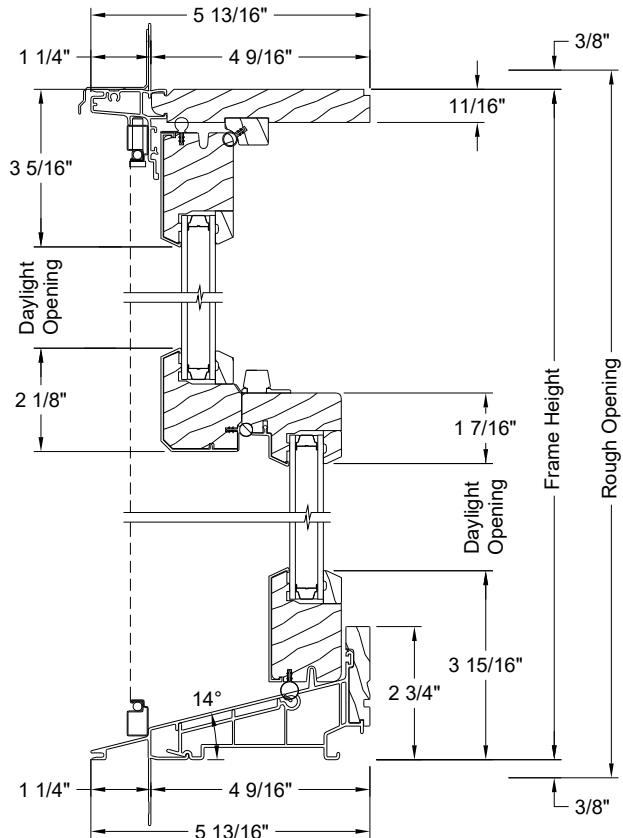


**Transom  
Operator  
with 4" Solid Spread Mull**

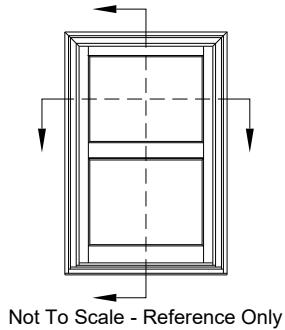
### OPERATOR SECTIONS



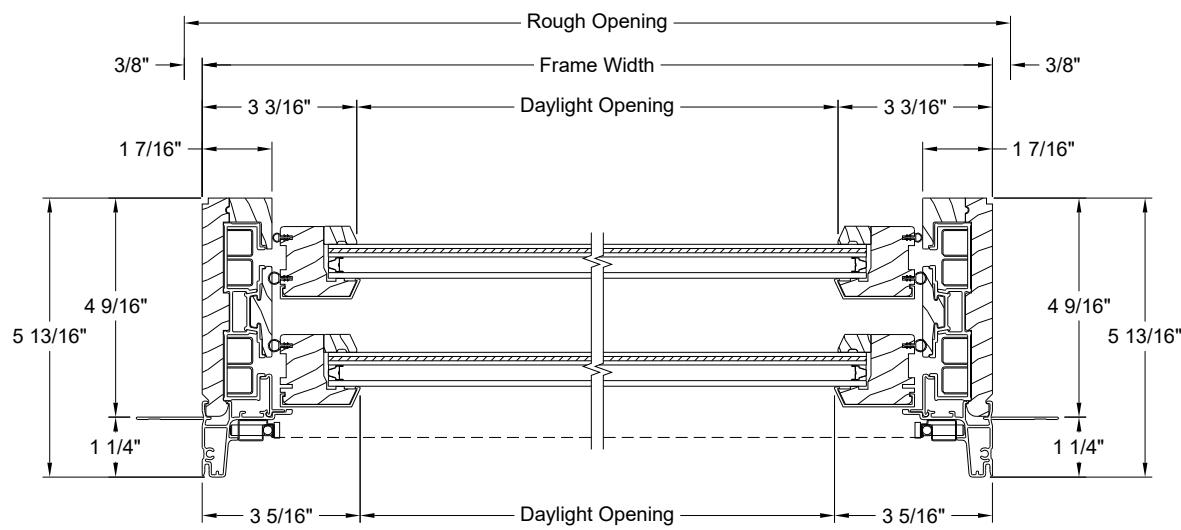
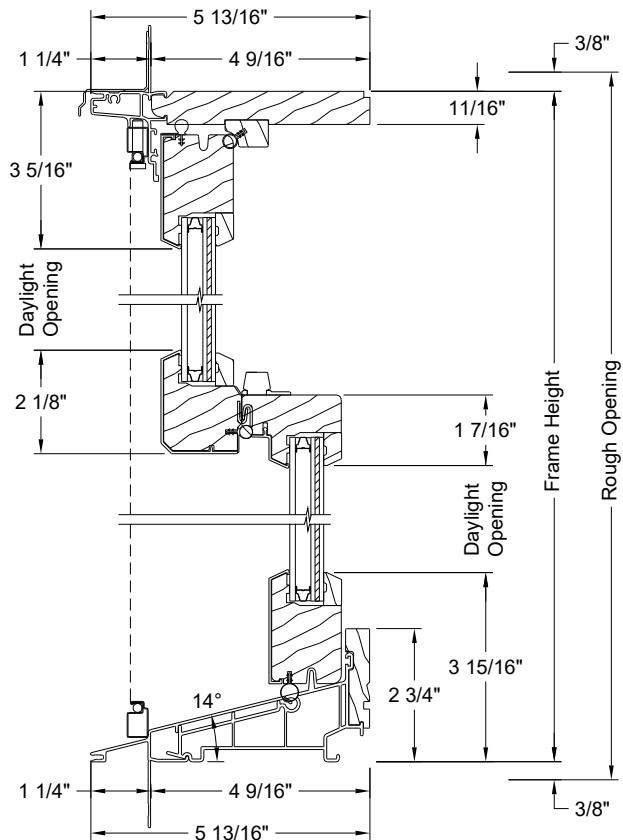
Not To Scale - Reference Only



## OPERATOR IMPACT SECTIONS

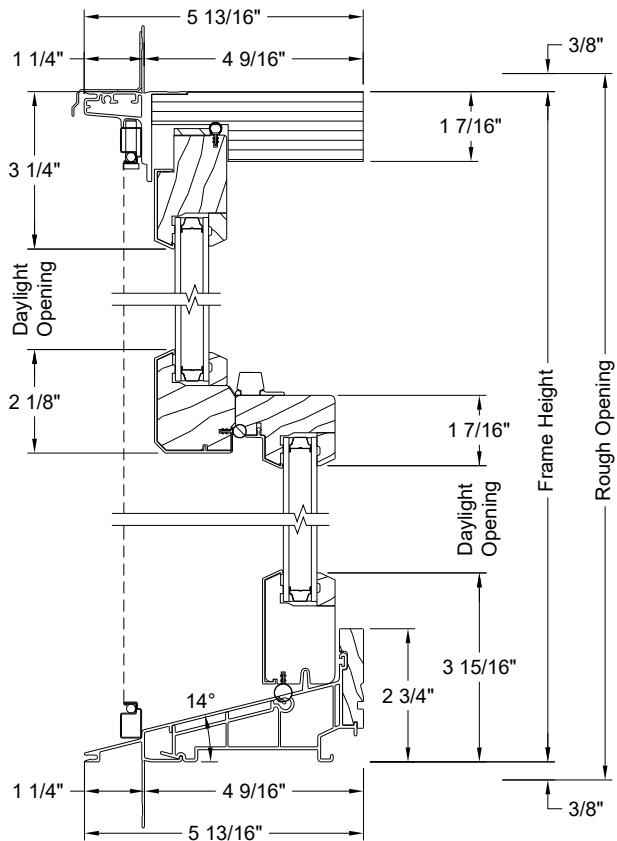


Not To Scale - Reference Only

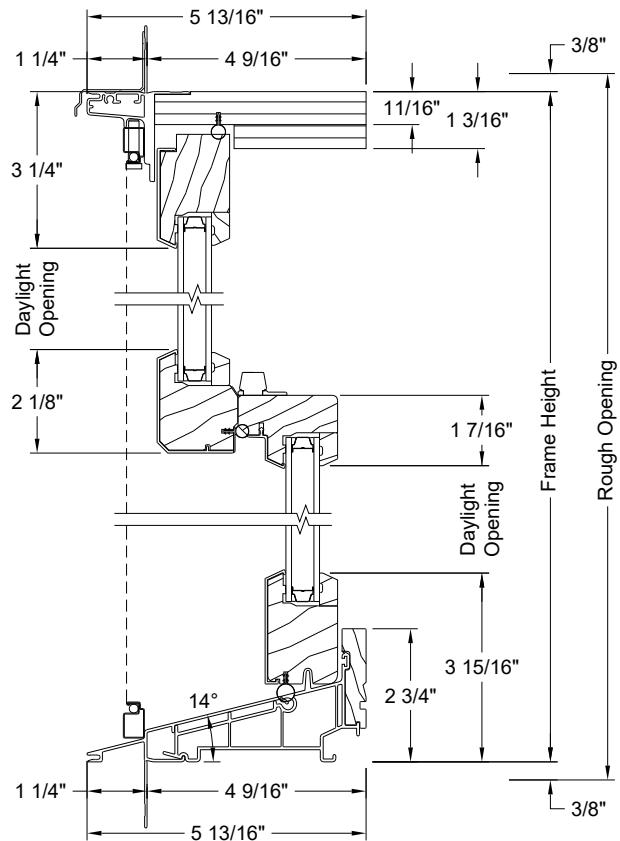


## OPERATOR RADIUS TOP & SEGMENT HEAD VERTICAL SECTIONS

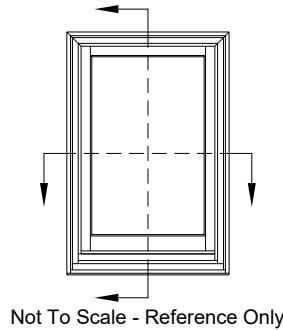
Operator Radius-Top



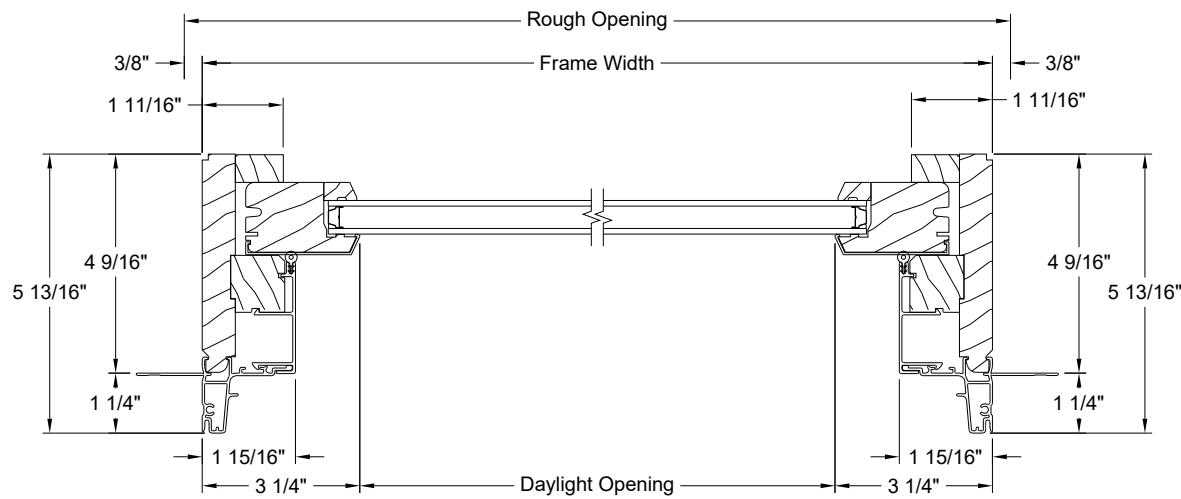
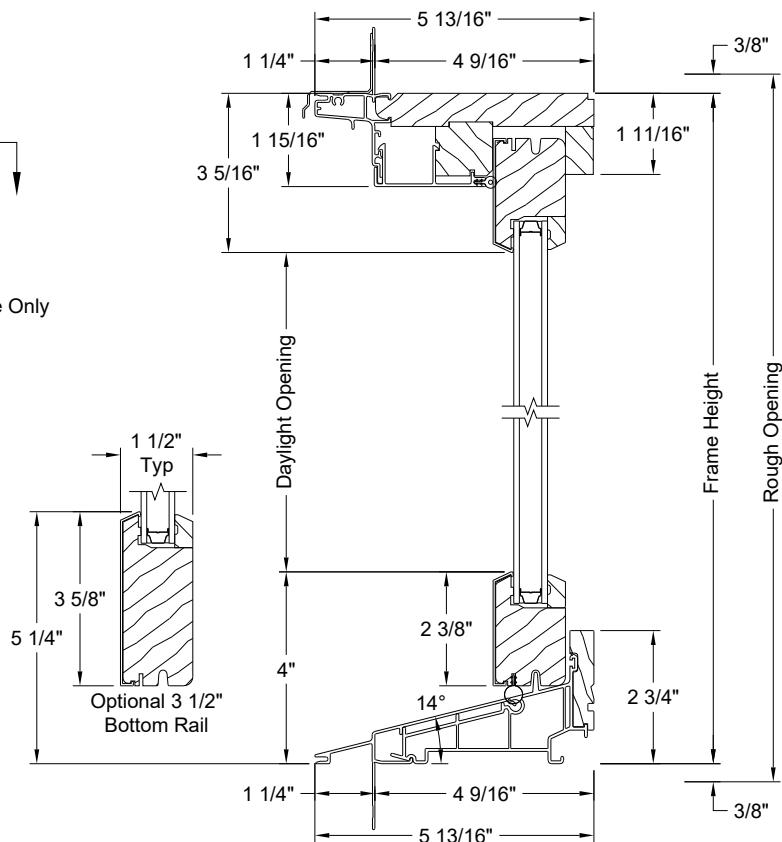
Operator Segment Head



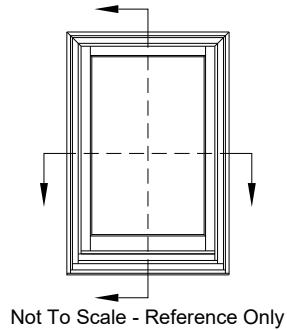
### FIXED SECTIONS - 6/4 SASH



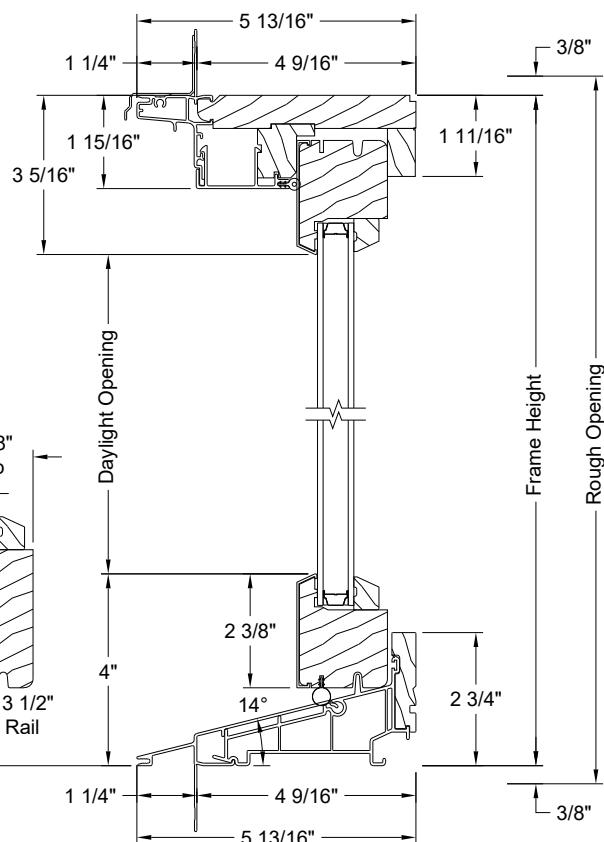
Not To Scale - Reference Only



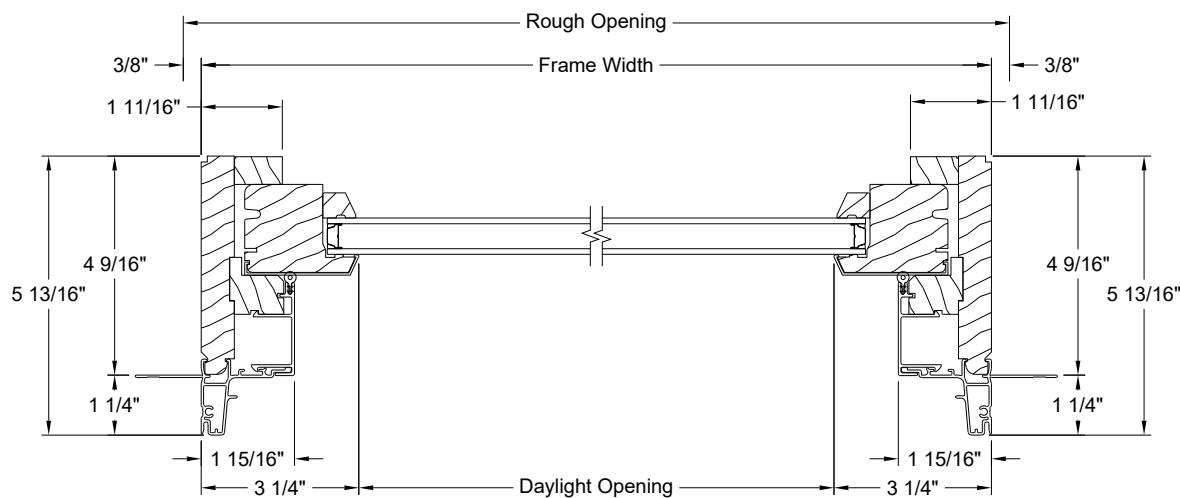
### FIXED SECTIONS - 8/4 SASH



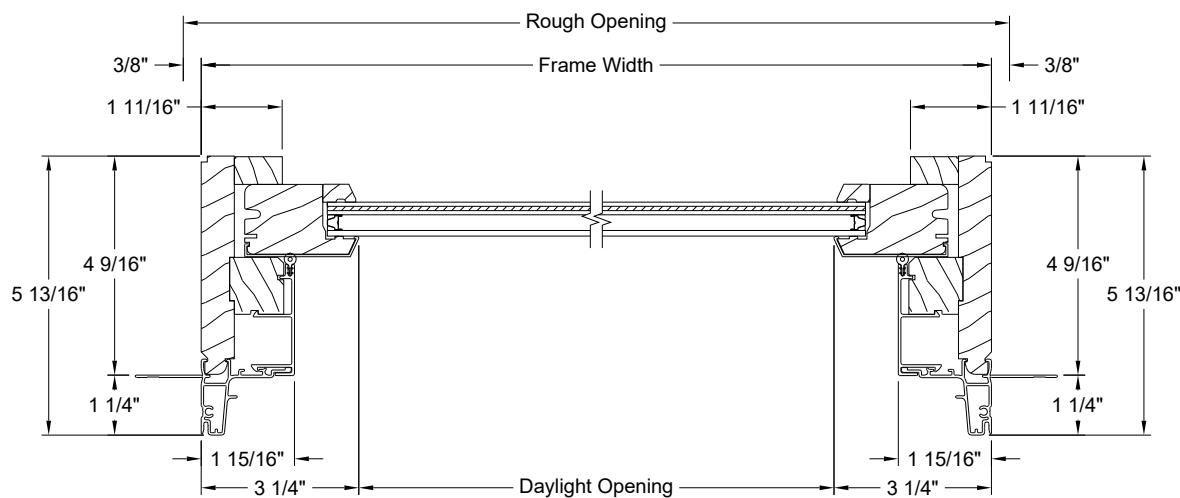
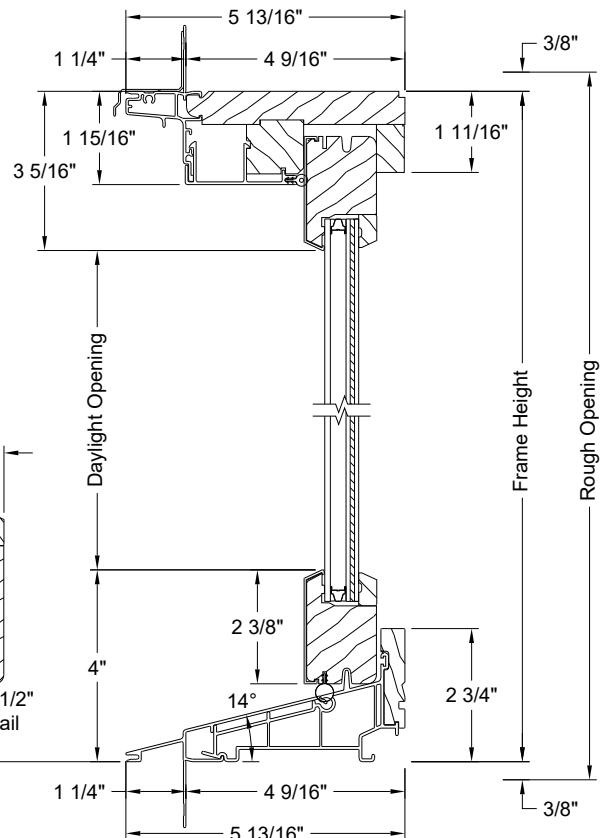
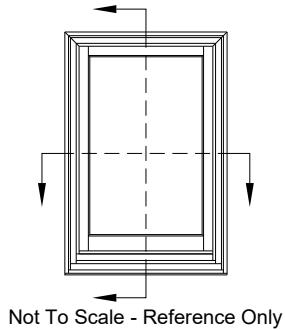
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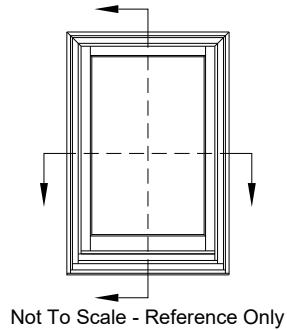
Optional 3 1/2" Bottom Rail



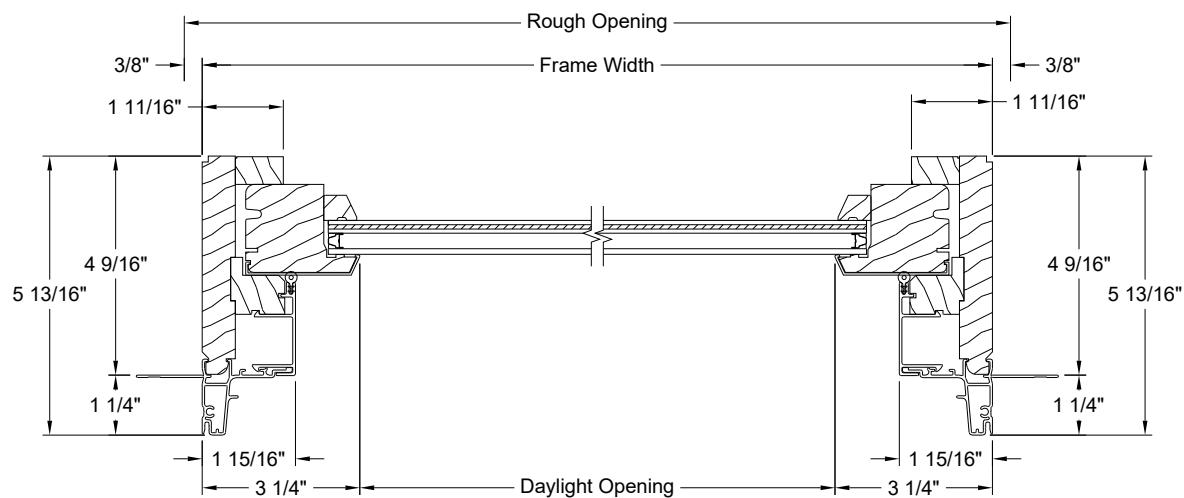
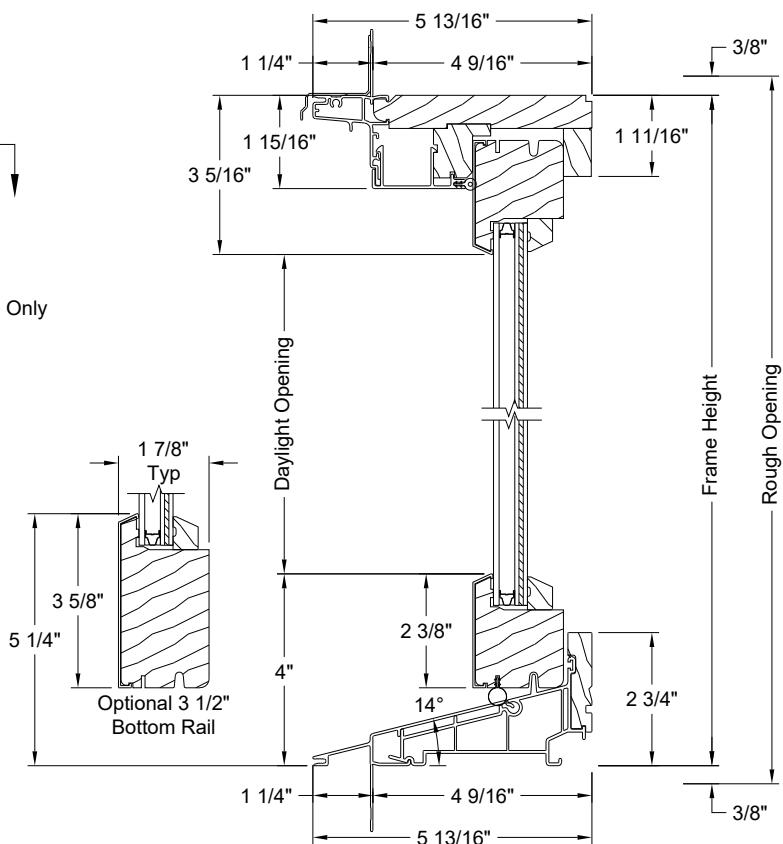
### FIXED IMPACT SECTIONS- 6/4 SASH



### FIXED IMPACT SECTIONS - 8/4 SASH



Not To Scale - Reference Only



### STANDARD RECTANGLE UNITS

	22 1/8"	26 1/8"	30 1/8"	32 1/8"	34 1/8"	36 1/8"	Rough Opening Frame Width Daylight Opening
	21 3/8"	25 3/8"	29 3/8"	31 3/8"	33 3/8"	35 3/8"	
	14 13/16"	18 13/16"	22 13/16"	24 13/16"	26 13/16"	28 13/16"	
	32 3/4"	36 3/4"	40 3/4"	44 3/4"	48 3/4"	52 3/4"	
	32"	36"	40"	44"	48"	52"	
	11 1/8" [2]	13 1/8" [2]	15 1/8" [2]	17 1/8" [2]	19 1/8" [2]	21 1/8" [2]	
	50	50	50	50	50	50	
	I	I	I	I	I	I	
SCD2132	SCD2532	SCD2932	SCD3132	SCD3332	SCD3532		
	50	50	50	50	50	50	
	I	I	I	I	I	I	
SCD2136	SCD2536	SCD2936	SCD3136	SCD3336	SCD3536		
	50	50	50	50	50	50	
	I	I	I	I	I	I	
SCD2140	SCD2540	SCD2940	SCD3140	SCD3340	SCD3540		
	50	50	50	50	50	50	
	I	I	I	I	I	I	
SCD2144	SCD2544	SCD2944	SCD3144	SCD3344	SCD3544		
	50	50	50	50	50	50	
	I	I	I	I	I	I	
SCD2148	SCD2548	SCD2948	SCD3148	SCD3348	SCD3548		
	50	50	50	50	50	50	
	I	I	I	I	I	I	
SCD2152	SCD2552	SCD2952	SCD3152	SCD3352	SCD3552		

#### Elevation Legend:

## = Maximum Performance Grade (PG) rating with standard glazing.

I = Impact rated available.

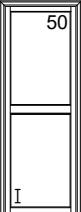
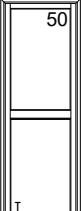
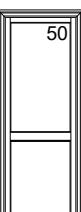
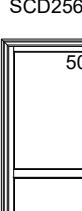
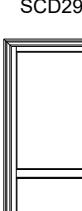
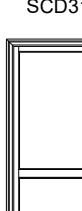
E = Unit meets egress - clear opening ≥ 20" width, 24" height and 5.7 ft<sup>2</sup>.

E\* = Unit meets egress (1st floor) - clear opening ≥ 20" width, 24" height and 5.0 ft<sup>2</sup>.

Segment units leg height = Frame Height - 6"

Rough Opening  
Frame Height  
Daylight Opening

### STANDARD RECTANGLE UNITS

22 1/8"	26 1/8"	30 1/8"	32 1/8"	34 1/8"	36 1/8"	Rough Opening
21 3/8"	25 3/8"	29 3/8"	31 3/8"	33 3/8"	35 3/8"	Frame Width
14 13/16"	18 13/16"	22 13/16"	24 13/16"	26 13/16"	28 13/16"	Daylight Opening
						
50	50	50	50	50	50	
I	I	I	I	I	I	
SCD2156	SCD2556	SCD2956	SCD3156	SCD3356	SCD3556	
						
50	50	50	50	50	50	
I	I	I	I	I	E	
SCD2160	SCD2560	SCD2960	SCD3160	SCD3360	SCD3560	
						
50	50	50	50	50	50	
I	I	I	I	I	E	
SCD2164	SCD2564	SCD2964	SCD3164	SCD3364	SCD3564	
						
50	50	50	50	50	50	
I	I	I	I	E	E	
SCD2168	SCD2568	SCD2968	SCD3168	SCD3368	SCD3568	

Elevation Legend:

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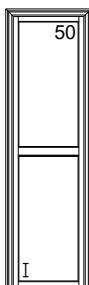
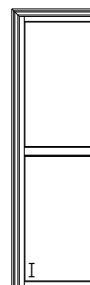
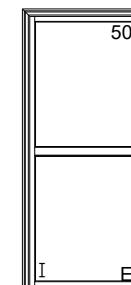
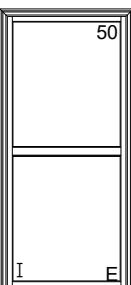
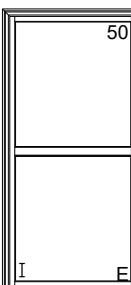
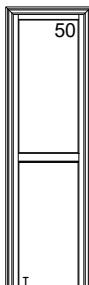
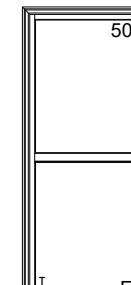
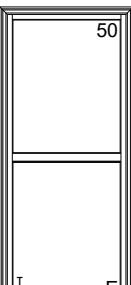
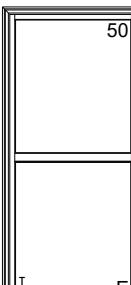
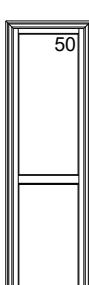
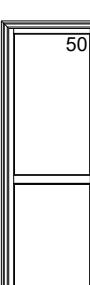
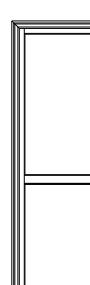
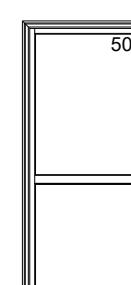
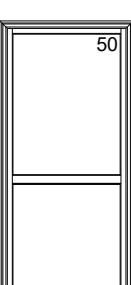
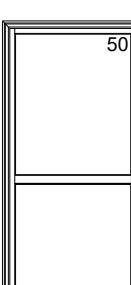
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E\* = Unit meets egress (1st floor) - clear opening ≥ 20" width, 24" height and 5.0 ft<sup>2</sup>.

Segment units leg height = Frame Height - 6"

Rough Opening  
Frame Height  
Daylight Opening

## STANDARD RECTANGLE UNITS

22 1/8"	26 1/8"	30 1/8"	32 1/8"	34 1/8"	36 1/8"	Rough Opening
21 3/8"	25 3/8"	29 3/8"	31 3/8"	33 3/8"	35 3/8"	Frame Width
14 13/16"	18 13/16"	22 13/16"	24 13/16"	26 13/16"	28 13/16"	Daylight Opening
						
72 3/4" 31 1/8" [2]	72"	72"	72"	72"	72"	
I	I	I	I E	I E	I E	
SCD2172	SCD2572	SCD2972	SCD3172	SCD3372	SCD3572	
						
76 3/4" 33 1/8" [2]	76"	76"	76"	76"	76"	
I	I	I	I E	I E	I E	
SCD2176	SCD2576	SCD2976	SCD3176	SCD3376	SCD3576	
						
80 3/4" 35 1/8" [2]	80"	80"	80"	80"	80"	
I	I	I	I E	I E	I E	
SCD2180	SCD2580	SCD2980	SCD3180	SCD3380	SCD3580	

### Elevation Legend:

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- I = Impact rated available.
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- E\* = Unit meets egress (1st floor) - clear opening ≥ 20" width, 24" height and 5.0 ft<sup>2</sup>.
- Segment units leg height = Frame Height - 6"

Rough Opening  
Frame Height  
Daylight Opening